ATRUE

ACCOUNT

OF THE

undergone by those two faithful Servants of God,

KATHERINE EVANS And SARAH CHEEVERS,

In the time of their above three years and a halfs Confinement in the Island MALTA.

Also, How God at last by his Almighty
Power effected their Deliverance, and
brought them back into the Land of
their Nativity.

A short RELATION from George.
Robinson, of the Sufferings that befel him in his Journey to Feruselem; and how God saved him from the hands of Gruelty when the Sentence of Death was passed against him. Les Book

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AN

EPISTLE

READERS

Any there be among the Nations in the World, that in their haste have unjustly condemned the innocent, guilt-less, and harmless People of the Lord of Hosts (scornfully called Quakers) viz. That they are Papists, Jesuites, and what not, adhering to the Whorish false. Church of Rome: I say to such on this wife, which is my advice, as a man to his wife, which is my advice, as a man to his friend, to whom this may come: Be not hasty to judge before the time; as many do to their own hurt, guilt and condemnation; before they have a their will.

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right understanding of the things that differ from Equity and Truth, and fo the Nobility of the Mind which should weigh and passe true Sentence of sound and perfect Judgement, the same being vailed with a hasty dark spirit of prejudice, or evil-furmifing, which gets up into the feat of enmity, and therein paffeth fentence of the pure Way and things of God as Evil, Herefie, and what not? And thus it comes to passe, and indeed it cannot be otherwise with such that have not their minds stayed and fixed in that which is perfect and true, and clear and fingle, as is the clear manifestation of the Grace of Life, which is the Light of the Lord Jesus shining in the heart and conscience of the sons and daughters of men; and the same Light of the Lord which enlightneth the poor and deceitful man's eyes, is the true measure and equal ballance, which all are to try, and prove, and weigh words, thoughts, intents, mayes and actions, whether they be ju-*(tifiable*

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stifiable or condemnable s and hereby with the same measure of the true Spirit of God, who is Light, is true sentence to be paffed accordingly: For if that which is perfectly true be measured with a false measure, or with an unequal ballance, it doth appear so to all that behold the same with an evil eye, or measure that with the same measure s save onely to them that discern the measure, weight, or ballance: As for instance, as to the thing natural; If a deceitful man with a falle measure, being guided by a deceivable fpirit (albeit his eyes be enlightned with the Light of the Lord, - Prov. which is true) if he measure a 29. piece of Cloth to his Customer T with his deceitful measure, though the Cloth be good, yet he not giving it it's true measure, the simple-hearted is thereby deceived, and knoweth it not till it be. brought to a true measure, which doth answer the true Principle, or Light of God in the conscience to Justification, as doth:

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doth not the false, but contrariwise: Wherefore it is needful, and of absolute concernment, for the mind of every man male and female, to be guided and exercifed in the true manifestation of the Light of fesus in the conscience; and so blessed is the man, the people, the family that bring their deeds to the Light, that they may be manifest they are wrought in God who is Light, who is Truth; and so what is here following, written and published, is to be tryed and proved by the Witness of God in every Conscience, which is true, and will answer to the same things or words that spring forth from its own clear nature.

Therefore, when thou hast honestly read this throughout with a meek spirit of subriety and moderation, that's single and pure, then with the same spirit of singleness and of true discerning, judge bonestly, and cease from hastiness in such matters of Eternity, lest a place of Repentance become finally hid from thine eyes,

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eyes, not to Salvation, but contrarinife; which I desire not neither doth the Lord, whose Servant, a living and true Witneß, I am, for Him, his Truth and People, of these things and much more.

Wherefore let the Reader fee hereby, how that the Lord hath chosen the foolish things of this life to confound the wife, and that the living God Eternal hath. chosen the weak things, to confound and bring to nought the things that are mighty, subtil, and potent; yea, base things, which are so deemed despisable and contemptible, yet behold God hath chosen them; and things that are not approvable in the fight of the prudent of this world, even to bring to nought things that are.

But may some say, Wherefore, or why doth the most High, Wise, Invisible, Immortal God do thus?

My Answer is one and the same as: the Apostle saith, viz. That no flesh should glory in His presence, who of God

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God is made in us, Wisdom, Righteousness, Sanctification, and Redemption. And why should it be accounted such a foolish thing in the eyes of the wise men of this world, to see the wisdom of God dispensed through a weak Vessel? as is a free-born woman from above, a weaker Vessel than that of the man.

Now tell me, O man of understanding, What must not the Spirit of Christ, or the same that is begotten of God in the female, as well as in the male, what must not (I say) the same Spirit of Life from God speak, but be limited in the weaker Vessel, in the foolish Vessel, in the Vesfel which is not esteemed, but base, contemptible and despised in the eyes of lofty. man, that must be laid low, who excels in that wisdom and knowledge which is not from above, but otherwise, bruitish, and puffeth up the fleshly mind that's enmity to God, and is therefore to be confounded and moved backward, and flain

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flain upon the Cross, which is the Power of God that crucifieth the lusts and inordinate affections of the flesh, which thereby come to be filent before the Lord, who is that one and felf-same Spirit that is quick and powerful; so that not any other spirit governs or rules over the members of the body, but that which created the body; and every Member which is to have the Supream Authority and Preheminence, as well in the female as in the male; and so He the Spirit of Truth, that's to guide into all Truth's He, the Man, is not he to feak? viz. Christ in the male, the same in the female, where He is risen and manifest as King; Priest and Prophet, a Guide, Leader, and Commander in all equitable and just things which are truly honourable?

But the Woman was in the trans-cocked gression against the Spirit; Flesh lust-13-19 eth against the Spirit, saith the Apostle; 48 and the Woman (that's in the transgression) is to be under obedience, and to

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be in silence, to learn in silence, and to ask her Husband at home: But what if the have a diforderly drunken husband (and not Christ the Man, the true Husband, the true Lord bow can be teach her, feeing the Woman is to learn of her Husband in silence, and to be under obedience (and not to usurp Authority over the Man) as also saith the Law, which hath dominion over all that are under it in the transgression? but the Spirit of Grace and Truth that's poured upon Sons and Daughters, teacheth us to deny the fin , and guideth from the Same, and so maketh free from its Condemnation, and from under the Law, to be under the Grace and Truth that is in the one Seed, Christ, in the Male Christ, in the Female, the quickening. Spirit, the Lord from Heaven: And those who are led and guided by this, are not under the Law, which faith, the woman is not to usurp authority over the man, as also saith the able Minister

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of the Mystery of the glory and riches of Eternity, which is Christ the fulnes in his Saints, their hope of Life and Glory: But the IVoman is to be under obedience. as also saith the Law; yea, but they that are led by the Spirit, are not under the Law, so are the Sons of God manifest; yet under the Grace covered; the fame Grace with which the Man-Child, the boly Child Jesus was covered and filled with; the same, and no other but that which did and doth fave the Saints from fin, and so from under the Law and its condemnation; and not only fo, but also the same Grace which bringeth Salvation, and appeareth to all men; it teacheth them not onely to deny ungodliness and worldly lusts, but also to live soberly and righteously in this present world. And verily this Grace is in them, which faves and justifieth them; and it's not of themselves, it is the gift of God.

And such are the Servants of the living and true God, that have their fruits

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fruits (and possess the same) unto Holiness; and not only so, but the end of the same, which is the pure manifestation of the Eternal Substance, to wit, Everlasting Life, pare clean Power, which is the excellent Treasure in the Earthen Vessels, as said the holy Scripture, 2 Cor. 4.

But O ye Congregations of the dead! ye gathered Churches of so many Names and Heads, to you founds my Voice, Saying, What have ye done? Oh! how guilty do ye appear before mine eye that's fingle (in the Lord's Light) of despising Prophecying, and quenching the tender. Spirit of Glory, which resteth at this o day in and upon many Sons and Daughters; and behold, if ye can see how they eso, and have prophesied in the Name of the Lord; and have fore-warned you of that which is justly come to pass upon you, whilft many of you despised and wondred, in the dayes of haughtiness, and its prosperity among you. But, O

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my foul, how hast thou been wounded in me, whilst I have travelled and mourned over you! And so you have been found despising that, and quenching that Spirit of Grace which teacheth the Saints in Light, and reproves for sin, and testificth against the World and its deeds, because they are evil.

And this same Spirit strived long with you, and in you, and would have arisen up in its Authority, Power and great Glory from on high, had ye not preferred aud exalted the spirit of this World in its proper place in you, above the Just and Long-suffering, which is but one and the same in male and semale.

Oh! what have you done? Can any of you yet smite upon your thigh, and say so yet? if ye can, enquire, enquire ye, the Watchman's voice is the same it was, and not otherwise; viz. Return, come; yea, return and come to the tender Spirit of holiness, and of the gentle-ness

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ness of Christ, and his yoke of Self-denial, and the daily Cross, they are the two great Ordinances which ye have left behind; and so the ail and the Darkness hath covered you; but the true Israelites have Light in their dwellings, and their habitations are in the best of

the Land of the living.

Wherefore my Spirit Saith, Return, come and hearken to the Lamb's Voice, and now see whether ye can follow Him (or a stranger) wheresoever he goeth, that's the true Prophet, raised up like unto Moses, and obey his Voice, which Savoureth not of this World; for so his Kingdom and Servants are not. Therefore beware, lest your souls be cut off from the Land of the Living, and ye perish in the outward observations, (by which the Kingdom cometh not) among the Congregations of the dead, where ye are yet seeking the living; But I, as a Brother (even Joseph) tel you yet again, He is not there, but is arisen from the dead.

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dead, from death to life, who is the quickning Spirit, the Lord from Heaven, over the Earth, over all the Land Ægypt, over the Land of Darkness; the same Lord, the same Spirit which bath done excellent things, is exalted in the new Heaven, and in the new Earth, wherein dwelleth Righteousness; and let the Virgin-Daughter of Sion publish the same, even from hence forth to all generations; yea, and my spirit is ready to say, Amen.

There was one that saw a little Stone cut out of the Mountain without hands, and he well retained his fight so long until (in the Light of the living) he saw the same which was so little, was so great, that it became an exceeding great. Mountain

Verily, the beloved City is manifest, set upon a holy Hill; it cannot be bid from them that see; the Glory of God doth enlightenit, and the Lamb is the Light thereof, and his Light is like unto

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unto a Stone most precious, clear as

Chrystal.

The Fountain is opened free; come down from on high, and thou shalt see if thou dost thirst for Springs of Life. To the Light submit thy mind, and cease from strife, in the same to behold the Bride, the Lamb's Wife, from the false Church.

Dan. Baker.

The

A SALUTATION and IN FOR-MATION to the whole Body of the Elect of God, whether gathered or scattered abroad upon the face of the whole Earth.

Ye Eternal and bleffed Ones whose dwelling, is on high in the fulness of all Beauty and Brightness, Glory, and everlasting Toy, Happiness and Peace for evermore; We who are poor Sufferers for the Seed of God, in the Covenant of Light, Life and Truth, do dearly falute: and imbrace you all, according to our measures, Bleffing, and Honour and Glos. ry be given to our Lord God for ever, of all who know him, who hath counted us worthy, and hath chosen us, among his faithful Ones, to bear his Name, and to witness forth his Truth, before the High and

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and Mighty men of the Earth, and to fight the Lord's Battel with his spiritual Weapons, to the breaking down of strong holds, high lofty looks and vain imaginations, and spiritual wickedness in high places.

The Lord and give us a prosperous Journey hither, and when we came to Legorn, we were refreshed with Friends [who were there before us] and they did get a passage for us (and lodging) but as foon as we heard of the Vessel, we did feel our Service. So we went into the City in the living Power of the Lord, and there were many tender hearts did visit us, to their comfort, and our joy: The little time We staid there, we gave some of our Books and one Paper: fo journying towards Alexundria, the Captain toldyus that Malia Was in the way, and he must put in there a small time. Bur before we came there. our burthen was so heavy, that I was made to eryout (saying) Oh we have a dreadfall Cup to drink at that place! Ob how am I fraithed till it be accomplished!

And when we came there, the Walls of the City were full of people; forne flood on the top of the Walls, as if fomething had t subled them. Before we came there, we we stood upon the Deck of the Ship, and I looked upon them, and said in my heart, Shall ye destroy us? If we give up to the Lord, then he is sufficient to deliver us out of their hands; but if we disobey our God, all those could not deliver us out of his hand. So all fear of man was taken from us.

The English Consul came aboard the Ship (as the Captain faid) but we did not fee him, and invited us to his House, it was the feventh, or last day of the weeks The next morning, being moved of the Lord, we went a-shore, and the Consul met us, and we gave him a Paper, who fent us to his House with his Servant; and when we came there, at the present we were well entertained (like Princes) their Neighbours and Kinsfolk came in , and fome Tesuites, and we gave them Books they read a little, and laid them down. they were too hot : We declared our Melfage to them in the Name of the Lord. and we gave some Books in the Street: so they were all fet on work. Away went the Friars to the King (or Supream in the Island) and he would not meddle with us, but said, we were honest women, we might go about our business; and that

hight we went a-board the Ship again: the Consul was troubled, for their snare was laid, and we felt it: Being moved of the Lord, we went in again the next day, and the Consul having a Sister in the Nunnery, desired us to go thither, that she might see us; and we went to them; and gave them a Book's then to the Consuls we returned again, and sitting to wait to know the mind of the Lord, what he would have us to do, he said we must give in the

great Paper; and if we would go to fave

our life, we should lose it.

Here

The transfer of the state of the state

Here followeth a Copy of some more words which they had written before the former was given forth.

True Declaration concerning the Lord's love to us in all our Voyage. We were at Sea, between London-and Plymouth, many Weeks, and one day we had some tryals; and between Plymouth and Legorn we were 31. days, and we had many tryals and storms within and without ; but the Lord did deliver us out of all. And when we came to Legorn, with the rest of our friends, we went into the Town after we had product, and stayed there made ny dayes, where we had fervice every day; for all forts of People came unto us, but no man did offer to hurt us, yet we gave them Books; and having got passage in a Dutch ship, we sailed towards Cyprus, intending to go to Alexandria; but the Lord had appointed fomething for us to do by the way, as he did make it manifest to us. as I did speak; for the Master of the ship had no business in the place, but being in company with another ship, which had fome

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nome business at the City of Malta, (in aneilland of Malta, where Paul suffered Throwrack) and being in the Harbour, on the first day of the week, we being moved of the Lord, went into the fown, and the English Consul met us on the shore, and asked us concerning our coming, and we told him truth, and gave him fome Books, and a Paper, and he told us there was an Inquifition, and he kindly entreated us to go to his house, and said, All that he had was at our fervice while we were there. And in the fear and dread of the Lord we went, and there came many to fee us, and we called them to repentance, and many of them were tender, but the whole City is given to Idolatry? And we went a thipboard that night, and the next day we beaing moved to go into the City again, dared not to flee the Cross, but in obedience went; defiring the will of God to be done. And when we came to the Governour, he told us that he had a fifter in the Nunnery did defire to fee us if we were free; and in the fear of God we went, and talked with them, and gave them a Book, and one of their Priests was with us (at the Nunnery) and had us into their place of Worthip, and some would have us bow to the high

high Altar, which we did deny; and having a great burthen, we went to the Conful again, and were waiting upon the Lord what to do, that we might know.

And the Inquifitors fent for us, and when we came before them they asked our Names, and the Names of our Husbands. and the Names of our Fathers and Mothers, and how many Children we had and they asked us. Wherefore we came into that Country? And we told them. We were the Servants of the living God, and were moved to come and call them to Repentance; and many other Questions, and they went away, but commanded that we should be stayed there. And the next day they came again, and called for us, and we came; but they would examine us apart. and called Sarah, and they asked, whether The was a true Catholick? She faid, That The was a true Christian that worshippeth God in Spirit and in Truth; and they proffered her the Crucifix, and would have had her swear that she would speak the Truth; and the faid the should speak the Truth, but the would not swear, for Christ commanded her not to frear, faying, Swear not at all: And the English Consul perswaded her with much entreating, to swear, faying,

ing, None should do her any harm .. But the denied; and they took some Books, from her and would have had her swear by them, but she would not : And they asked, Wherefore she brought the Books? And the faid. Because we could not speak their Language, and they might know wherefore we came; and they asked of her, what George Fox was; and she said, he was a Minister. And they asked wherefore The came thither? The faid, To do the Will of God, as she was moved of the Lord. And they asked, How the Lord did appear unto her? And she said, by his Spirit. And they asked, Where the was when the Lord appeared unto her? And she said, upon the Way. And they asked, Whether she did see his Presence, and hear his Voice? And she faid. The did hear his Voice, and faw his Presence. And they asked, What he said to her? And the faid, the Lord told her the must go over the Seas to do his Will. And they asked, How he knew it was the Lord? And the faid, He bid her go, and his living Presence should go with her, and he was faithful that had promised, for she did feel his-living Presence, So they went away. Two dayes after they came again, and called for me, and offered me the Crucifix;

and

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and told me, the Magistrate commanded me to swear that I would speak the Truth. And I told them that I should speak the Truth. for I was a Witness for God; but I should not swear, for a greater than the Magi-Arate faith, Swear not at all; but, let your yea, be yea; and your nay, nay; for what foever is more cometh of evil. But faid they, You must obey the Justice, and he commands you to (wear. I faid, I (hould obey Tustice, but if I should swear, I should do an unjust thing; for (the just) Christ said, Swear not at all. And they asked me, Whether did own that Christ that died at Ferusalem? I answered, We owned the same Christ. and no other, he is the same yesterday, to day and for ever.

And they asked me, What I would do at Jerusalem? I said, I did not know that I should go to Alexandria; and they said, What to do and I said, to do the Will of God; and if the Lord did open my mouth, I should call them to Repentance, and declare to them the day of the Lord, and direct their minds from darkness to Light.

Then they asked me, Whether I did tremble when I did preach? And I told them, I did tremble when the power of God

('or)

God was upon mer And they asked, whether I did fee the Lord? I faid, God was a Spirit, and he was spiritually discerned. That day that we were had from the Enlish Confuls to the Inquisition, the Confuls Wife brought us meat to eat, and as the past by me, I was smote with an Arrow cro the heart, and meard a voice, faying, It is finished, she hath obtained her purpose. I did not tafte of her meat, but went afide and wept bitterly. The Conful did affirm to us the night before, that there was no fuch thing, (as to enfnare us) intended; but it was in us as fire; and our fouls were heavy even unto death; for many dayes before we faw in a Vision of our going there, (to prison) and we said, Pilate would do the Jews a pleasure, and wash me hands in innocency. He required a fign of me, if we were the Mellengers of God; and the Lord gave me a fign for him, that Auck by him while he lived. The fame day it was he called me, and told me, the Inquisition had fent for us, and they had Papers from Rome, and he did hope we mould be fet free, which was a lye; For he knew there was a room prepared for us. And there came a man with a black Rod, and the Chancellor and the Conful, and

had us before their Lord Inquisitor, and he asked us, Whether we had changed our minds yet? We faid, Nay, we should not change from the Truth. He asked, What new Light we talkt of? We said, no new Light, but the same the Prophets and Apostles bare teflimony to. Then he faid. How came this Light to be lost ever since the Primitive times? We said, it was not lost, men had it still (in them) but they did not know it, by reason that the night of Apostacy had, and hath overspread the Nations. Then he said, If we would change our minds, and do as they would have us to do we should say so, or else they would use us as they pleased. We said, the Will of the Lord be done. And he arose up and went his way with the Consul, and left us there. And the man with the black Rod, and the Keeper, took us and pur us info an inner room in the Inquisition, which had but two little holes in it for light or air; but the glory of the Lord did thine round about us.

After the Conful came with tears in his eyes, and said, he was as forry as for his own flesh, but there was some hopes in time; and To he went away, but never had peace while he lived. He would have given up the thirty pieces of filver again, butit would would not be received; the Witness was risen much in him, but flavish fear possest him. This was upon the fixt day of the Week, and our stomacks were taken away from all meat.

The next second day came a Magistrate, two Friars, & the man with the black Rod, and a Scribe, and the Keeper to the Inquifition, to fit upon Judgement, and examined us apart, concerning our faith in Christ. The Magistrate would have had us to swear, and we answered, No : Christ said, Swear not at all; and so said fames the Apostle. He asked, if we would speak Truth? We faid, Yea. He asked, Whether me did bedieve the Creed? We faid, we did believe in God, and in Jesus Christ, which was born of the Virgin Mary, and suffered at Fernsalem under Pilate, and arose again from the dead the third day, and ascended to his Father, and shall come to judgement, to judge both quick and dead. He asked, How we did believe the Resurrection? We answered, we did believe that the just and the unjust should arise, according to the Scriptures. He said, Do you believe in the Saints, and pray to them? We faid, we did believe the Communion of Saints, but we did not pray to them, but to God onely,

in the Name of Jesus Christ. He asked, Whether we did believe in the Catholick Church? We said, we did believe the true Church of Christ; but the word Catholick we have not read in Scripture. He asked, If we believed a Purgatory? We said, No; but a Heaven and a Hell. The Friat said, we were commanded to pray for the dead; for those that were in Heaven had no need, and they that were in Hell, there is no redemption; therefore there must be a Purgatory. He asked, If we believed their holy Sacrament? We said, we never read the Word Sacrament in Scripture. The Friat replyed, where we did read in our Bibles, Sanstification, it was Sacrament in theirs. He said.

they did work Miracles then, for Christ's virtue is the same as it was when he turned Water into Wine, at the Marriage in Canaan. He said, If we did not eat the Fesh, and drink the Blood of the Son of God, we had no Life in us. We said, the Flesh and Blood

Their holy Sacrament was Bread and Wine; which they converted into the Flesh and Blood of Christ, by the virtue of Christ. We said,

of Christ is spiritual, and we do feed upon it daily; for that which is begotten of God in us, can no more live without spi-

ritual food, than our temporal bodies can

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without temporal food. He faid, That me did never hear Mass. We said, we did hear the voice of Christ, he only had the words of eternal Life, and that was sufficient for us. He faid, We were Hereticks and Heathens. We said, they were Hereticks that lived in fin and wickedness, and such were Heathen that knew not God. He asked about our Meetings in England : And we told them the truth to their amazement. And they asked, Who was the Head of our Church? We said, Christ. And they asked, What George Fox is? And we faid, He is a Minister of Christ. They asked. Whether he sent us? We faid, No; The Lord did move us to come. The Friar faid. We were deceived, and had not the faith: but we have all virtues. We faid, that faith was. the ground from whence virtues do proceed. They faid, If we would take their holy Sacrament, we might have our liberty; or else the Pope would not leave us for millions of Gold, but we should lose our fouls and our bodies too. We faid, the Lord had provided for our fouls, and our bodies were freely given up to serve the Lord. They askt us, If we did not believe Marriage was a Sacrament? We said, it was an Ordinance of God. They askt us, If we did believe

men could forgive fins? We said, none could forgive fins but God onely. They brought us that Scripture, Whose sins ye remit in earth, shall be remitted in heaven. We said, all Power was Gods, & he could give it to whom he would that were born of the eternal Spirit, and guided by the same; such have power to do the Fathers Will, as I answered a Friar also in the City of Naples) and they were silent, the Power greatly working. We asked them wherein we had wronged them, that we should be kept Prisoners all days of our lives; and said, Our innocent blood would be required at their hands!

The Friar said, He would take our blood upon him, and our journey into Turky too. We told him, the time would come he would find he had enough upon him without it. They said, The Pope was Christ's Vicar, and we were of his Church, and what he did, was for the good of our Souls. We answered, The Lord had not committed the charge of our souls to the Pope, nor to them; for he had taken them into his own possession, glory was to his Name for ever. They said, We must be obedient. We said, we were obedient to the government of Christs Spirit. The Friar said, None had the true Light.

but the Catholicks; the Light that we had;

- We faid, Wo to him that calleth Fefus accurled: Can the Devil give power over fin and iniquity? then he would deffroy his own kingdom. He said, We were laught at, and mockt at Fevery one. Werfaid, What did become of the mockers? It was no matter. He faid, We did run about: to preach, and had not the true Faith. We faid the true Faith is held in a pure Conscience void of offence towards God and man; and we had the true Faith. And he faid, There was but one Faith, either theirs, or ours; and ask'd us which it was? We said, Every one had the true Faith, that did believe in God, and in Jesus whom he had fent ; but they that fay they do believe, and do not keep his Commandments, are lyars, hand the truth is not in them. He faid it was erne : but he did thirst daily for our blood, because we would not turn, and urged us much about our Faith and Sacrament, to bring us under their Law; but the Lord preserved us.

They said, It was impossible we could live long in that hot room. So the next week-day they sate in Council; but, Oh how the swelling Sea did rage, and the proud waves

did

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did foam, even unto the clouds of Heaven! and Proclamation was made at the Prison-Gate, we did not know the words; but the fire of the Lord flamed against it, [K.] my life was smitten, and I was in a very great agony, fo that sweat was as drops of blood. and the Righteous One was laid into a Sepulcher, and a great stone was toll'd to the door; but the Prophecy was, that he should rife again the third day, which was fulfilled. But the next day they came to fit upon Judgement again, [but I fay, in the true Judgment they fate not, but upon it they got up unjustly above the Righteous, and upon the same they sate; a Child of Wisdom may understand and they Brought many Propositions written in a Paper, but the Friar would suffer the Magistrate to propound but few to us, for fear the Light would break forth: But they ask'd, how many Friends of ours were gone forth in the Ministry, and into what parts? We told them what we did know. They faid, All that came where the Pope had any thing to do. should never go back again. We said, the Lord was as sufficient for us, as he was for the Children in the fiery Furnace, and our trust was in God. They said, we were but few, and had been but a little while, but they were:

were many Countries, and had flood many hundred years, and wrought many Miracles? and me had none. We faid, we had thoufands at our Meetings, but none of us dare speak a word, but as they are eternally mowed of the Lord: and we had Miracles: The Blind receive their fight, the Deaf do hear, and the Dumb de speak, the Poor do receive the Gospel, the Lame do walk; and the Dead are raifed. He asked, Why I look d' fo; whether my Spirit was weak? 1 faid, Nay, my body was weak, because I eat no meat, [it was in their Lent] He offered me a Licence to eat flesh. I faid I could not eat any, thing at all, the terfors of death were ftrongly upon me. But three nights after the Lord faid unto me, about the eleventh hour, Arife, and put on your clothes. I faid, When wilt thou come. Lord? He faid, Mahether at midnight, or at Cock-crow, do thou watch. My Friend and I arose, and the Lord laid, Bo, stand at the Dooz. And we flood at the door in the Power of the Lord, I did scarce know whether I was

the twelfth hour there came many to the Prison-Gate: We heard the Keyes, and looked when they would come in. They

rian to and fro till the fourth hours dand the Lord Vaid; he had Amote them with blindnels, they could not find the way do And we went to bed, where I lay hight and day for twelve dayes together fafting and sweating, that my bed was were and great was our affliction. was whit see bus

The tenth day of my fast there came two Fryars, the Chancellor, the man with the black Rod, and in Physician, and the Keeper and the Friar commanded my dear Friend to go out of the room, and he came and pull'd my hand out of the bed, and faid, Is the Devil fo great in you, that you cannot (peak? I faid, Depart from me thou worker of iniquity, I know thee not : the Power of the Lord is upon me, and thou callest him Devil. He took his Crucifix to strike me in the mouth; and I faid. Look here! and I asked him, Whether it were that Cross which crucified Paul to the World, and the World unto him? And he faid, it was. I denied him, and faid, the Lord had made me a Witness for himself against all workers of iniquity. He bid me be obedient, and went to frike me. Laid, Wilt thou ftrike me? He laid, the would I faid, Thou art out of the Apo-Ries Doctrine, they were no frikers I DAG

deny thee to be any of them who went in the Name of the Lord. He faid, he had brought me a Physician in charity. I faid, the Lord was my Physician, and my faving-health. He faid, I should be whipt, and quartered, and burnt that night in Malta. and my Mate too : wherefore did we come to teach them? I told him I did not fear, the Lord was on our fide, and he had no Bower but what he had received and if he did not use it to the same end the Lord gave it him, the Lord would judge him. And they were all smitten as dead men, and went away. A the day of the

And as toon as they were gone, the Lord faid unto me, The laft Enemp that Mall be destroped, is Death; and the Life arose over Death, and I glorified God. The Friar went to my Friend, and told her, I called him worker of iniquity. Did she, said. Sarah? Art thou without fin? He faid he was; Then the hath wronged thee. But I say, the wife Reader may judge:] For between the eighth and ninth hour in the evening, he fent a Drum to proclaim at the Prison-Gate; We know not what it was, but the Fire of the Lord confumed it. And about the fourth hour in the morning they were coming with a Drum and Guns; and

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and the Lord faid unto me, Arife out of the Brave-clothes : And we arofe, and they came up to the Gate to devour us ina moment. But the Lord lifted up his Standard with his own Spirit of Might, and made them to retreat, and they fled as dust before the wind, praises and honour be given to our God for ever. I went to bed again, and the Lord faid unto me, Derod will feek the poung Child's tife, to beltrop it pet again ; and great was my affliction, fo that my dear Fellow-Labourer in the Work of God, did look every hour when I should depart the body for many dayes together; and we did look every hour when we should be brought to the fake day and night for several weeks, and Ifaac was freely offered up: but the Lord faid, he had provided a Ram in the bufh.

Afterwards the Friar came again with his Physician; I told him, that I could not take any thing, unless I was moved of the Lord. He said, we must never come forth of that Room while we lived, and we might thank God and him it was no worse, for it was like to be worse. We said, if we had died, we had died as innocent as ever did Servants of the Lord. He said it was well we were innocent. They did (also) look

fill when I would die The Friar bid my Friend take notice what torment I would be in at the hour of death; thousands of Devils (the faid) would fetch my foul to Hell. She faid, the did not fear any fuch thing.

And he asked if I did not think in expedient for the Elders of the Church to pray over the fick ? I said, Yea, such as were eternally moved of the Spirit of Lord. He fell down on his knees and did howl, and wish bitter wishes upon himself if he had not the true Faith; but we denyed him. The Physician was in a great rage at Sarah, because she could not bow to him, but.

to God only.

The last day of my Fast I began to be an hungry, but was afraid to eat, the Enemy was softrong; but the Lord said unto me, If thine Gnemy hunger, fied him; if he thirst, give him drinkt in so doing thou malt heap coals of five upon his head. We not overcome of evil, but overcome evil with and . I did eat, and was refreshed, and glorified God; and in the midit of our extremity the Lord lent his: holy Angels to comfort us, fo that we'rejoyced and magnified God ; and anothe time of our great tryal, the Sun and Earth did mourn visibly three dayes, and the horror

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horror of Death and pains of Hell was upon me : ithe :Sun was darkned, the Moon was turned into blood, and the Stars did fall from Heaven, and there was great tribulation ten dayes, fuch as never was from the beginning of the world; and then I did fee the Son of man coming in the Clouds with Power and great Glory, triumphing over his Enemies; the Hear vens were on fire, and the Elements did melt with fervent heat, and the Trumpet founded out of Sion, and an Allarm was Aruck up in Ferusalem, and all the Enemies of God were called to the great Day of Battel of the Lord. And I saw a great Wonder in Heaven, the Woman cloathed with the Sun, and had the Moon under her. feet, and a Crown of twelve Stars upon her head, and she travelled in pain ready. to be delivered of a Man-child; and there was a great Dragon stood ready to devour the Man-child as foon as it was born : and there was given to the Woman two wings of a great Eagle to carry her into the Defert, where the should be nourished for a time, times, and half a time; and the Dragon caft a Flood out of his mouth; 800: And I saw War in Heaven, Michael and his Angels against the Dragon and his Angels, and the Lamb and his Army did overcome them. And there was a Trumpet. founded in Heaven, and I heard a Voice faying to me, The City is divided into thee parts. And I heard another Trumpet founding, and I looked and faw an Angel go down into a great Pool of water. and I heard a Voice faying unto me; Muhosoever goeth dolpnmert after the troubling of the waters, shall be healed of whatsoever Disease he hath. And I heard another Trumpet Tounding, and I heard a Voice faying, Babplon is fallen, is fallen; Babylon the great is fallen. And I looked and faw the smoak of her corment how it did ascend; and I heard another Trumpet founding, and I heard a Voice faying, Reforce and be erceeding alad, for great is pour Reward in Beaben: for he that is mighty bath magnified you, and Holp is his Rame: And from henceforth all generations thall call pou bleffed. And I heard another Trumpet founding in Heaven, and I heard a Voice faying unto me, Behold! and I looked, and I saw Pharaoh and his Host pursuing the Children of Ilrael, and he and his Host were drowned in the Sea.

Dear Friends and People, whatfoever I have written, it is not because it is recorded in the Scripture, or that I have heard of such things; but in obedience to the Lord I have written the things which I did hear, see, tasted and handled of the good Word of God, to the praise of his Name for ever.

And all this time my dear Sifter in Christ Jesus, was in as great affliction as I (in a manner) to fee my firong Travel night and day; yet she was kept in the patience, and would willingly have given me up to death, that I might have been at rest; yet the would have been left in as great danger, wo and mifery, as ever was any poor captive for the Lord's truth ; for they did work night and day with their Divinatia ons, Inchantments and Temptations, thinking thereby to bring us under their power; but the Lord prevented them every way, so that great was their rage; and they! came often with their Physician, and faid. it was in charity : I askt them whether they did keep us in that hot room to kill us, and bring us a Physitian to make us alive

The Fryar said, The Inquisitor would lose his Head if he should take us thence; and it was better to keep us there, than to kill us.

The Room was fo horiand fo close; that we wereifain to rife often out of our bed. and lieidown at a chink; of their door for Air to fetch breath; and with the fire within, and the heat without, our skin was like Theeps Leather, and the Hair did fall off our heads, and we did fail often. Our Afflictions and Burthens were fo deat, that when it was day we wished for hight; and when it was night we, wished for day, we fought death, but could not find it; we defired to die, but death fled from us We did eat our bread weeping, and mingled our drink with our Tears. We did write to the Inquisitor, and laid before him our Innocency, and our Faithfulness, in giving our, Testimony for the Lord amongst them : And I told him, if it were our Blood they did thurst after, they might take it any other way, as well-as to imother us up in. that hot room. So he sent the Fryar, and he took away our Ine-horns (they had our Bibles before). We asked why they took away four goods? They faid, It was all theirs; and our Lives too, if they would. We asked how we had forfeited our lives unto them sethey faid, For bringing Books and Papers: We faid, if there were any thing in them that was not true, they might write

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write against it. They faid, They did forn to write to Fools and Affes that did not know true Latine. And they told us, the Inquisitor would have us separated, because I was weak, and I should go into a cooler room ; but Sarah should abide there; I took her by the arm, and said, The Lord hath joyned us together, and we be to them that (kould part m. I said. I tather chuse to dye there with my Friend, than to part from her. He was smitten, and went away, and came no more in five weeks; and the door was not opened in that time. Then they came again to part us, but I was fick, and broken out from head to foot. They fent for a Doctor, and he faid, We must have air; or effe we must dye. So the Lard compelled them to go to the Inquisitor, and he gave order for the door to be set open fix hours in a day's they did not part us till Ten weeks after: But oh the dark clouds and the sharp showers the Lord did carry us through ! Death it self had been better than to have parted in that place. They said, we corrupted each other, and that they thought when we were parted, we would have bowed to them. Butthey found we were more stronger afterwards than we were before; the Lord our God did fit us for every condition. They came

came and brought a Scourge of small Hemp, and asked us, If we would have any of it. They faid, They did whip them felves till the blood did come. We faid, that could not reach the Devil, he sate upon the heart. They said, All the men and women of Malta were for us, if we would be Catholicks, for there would be none like unto us. We faid, the Lord had changed us into that which changed not. They faid, All their holy Women did pray for us, and we should be honoured of all the World if we would turn. We said. we were of God, and the whole world did lye in wickedness, and we denied the honor of the World, and the glory too. They faid, We should be honoured of God too, but now we were hated of all. We said, it is an evident token whose Servants we are : the servant is not greater than the Lord; and that Scrpture was fulfilled which faith, All this will I give thee, if thou wilt fall down and wor hip me.

Upon a First day of the week, we were fasting and waiting upon the Lord till the fecond hour (after mid-day) and the Fryars came and commanded us, In the Name of the Lord to kneel down with them to prayer. We faid, we could not pray but as we were moved of the Lord. They commanded

us the second time. Then they kneeled down by our bed fide, and prayed, and when they had done, they faid, They had tryed our Spirits, now they knew what Spirit we were of .: We told them, they could not know our Spirits, unless their minds were turned to the Light of the Lord Jesus in their Consciences. The English Fryar, was wroth, and shewed us his Crucifix, and bid us look ithere. We faid, the Lord faith, Thou shalt not make to the self the Likeness of anything that is in heaven above, or in the earth beneath, nor in the water under the earth: thou halt not bow to them, nor wor hip them, but I the Lord thy God only. He was so mad. he called for the Irons to chain Sarah, because she spake so boldly to him: She bowed her head, and said to him, Not only my feet, but my hands and my neck also for the Testimony of Jesus. His wrath was soon appealed, and he said, He would do us any good he could; he did fee what we did was not in malice: the power had broken him down for that present. They came to as often, faying, If you would do but a little, you should be fet at liberty; but you will do nothing at all, but are against every thing. We said, we are against nothing that is of God, but would do any thing that might make for God's glory. Many

Many did think we should not have been heard not feen after we were in the Inquifiring but the Lord did work wonderfully for us, and his Truch For they new built the Inquisition, and there were many Labourers for a year and a half, and the great Men came to fee the building; land we were carried forth with great lower to declate in the Name of the Lord Jefus, not fearing the face of man ; the Lord was our frength: Bur behold they threatned us with Irons and Halters, for preaching the Light to boldly; and they faid, None with to preach but Prelates to a Bishop (as they use to say in England.) Now their Lord Inquificor (so called) and the Magi-Braies were kept moderate towards us, and Bave order, we should have Ink and Paper to write to England; "But we were hindered Atill Hand we do believe they would have fee us at liberty, had it not been for the Fryars; it was they that wrote against us Hill to the Pope, and to the Inquisitor; and we told them for y They fought three quarters of a year to part us, before they could bring the to pais; and when they did part us, they prepared a Bed for Sarah, and their own Carbolicks lay upon the Boards, that had not beds of their own! When we were 111111 parted,

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parted, the Lord would not fuffer me to keep any money; I knew not the mind of God in it. Their Fryars came and faid, We should never see one anothers faces again, but the Inquisitor should send me my food. But the Lord would not fuffer him to fend it. Surah did fend me such as the could get, near three weeks time. Then the Fryar came and askt me, what I did want? I faid, one to wash my Linnen, and some thing hot to eat : I was weak. He fent to Sarab to know if the would do it for me. She faid she would. And by that means we did hear of each other every day. The Fryar Taid, You may free your felf of misery when you will; you may make your felf a Catholick,. and have your freedom to go where you will. I told him, I might make my felf a Catholick, and have a name that I didlive, when I was dead ; and faid, he had Catholicks enough already; he should bring some of them to the Light in their Consciences, that they might stand in awe, and fin not; He faid, He would lose one of his fingers if we would be Catholicks. I said, it was Bubylon that was built with Blood ; Sion was redeemed through Judgment. They would have had me to fer a Picture at my beds head, for a representation. I askt them if

(32.) they did think I did lack a Calf to wor-Thip? And whether they did not walk by the Rule of Scripture? The Fryar said, They did, but they had Traditions too. I faid, if their traditions did derogate or dissent from the fundamentals of Christ's Do-Etrine, the Prophers and Apostles, I denied them in the Name of the Lord. He faid. They did not. I askr. In where they had their Rule to burn them that could not joyn with them for Conscience? He said, St. Paul did worfe, he gave them to the Devil, and that they did judge all damned that were not of their Faith. And he askt whether we did judge them fo? I said, No we had otherwise learned Christ. I askt him. why they did bind that which the Lord did not bind? and fertyes, chains and limits, where the Lord did not? as in means and drinks, or in respect of dayes or times, which the Apostle called beggarly Elements, and Rudiments of the world, and forbidding to marry (a Doctrine of Devils said I.) He could no tell what to fay, but told me, That St. Peter was the Pope of Rome, and did build an Altar there, and the Pope was his Successor, and he could do what he would. I denied that, and said, We never read any fuch thing in Scripture; for Peter, Christ's Apostle

(.33.)

Apolle, had no money to build Altars; he himlest did offer Sacrifice upon the Altars made without hands. And he faid, We were but a few, and rifen up but late, and they were many, and had flood Fourteen hundred years: and God was a lyar if they had not the true Faith; for he had confirmed it to them by a thousand miracles. I faid the few number, and the little Flock is Christ's Flock. He askt if we were? then all the World, said he. I said, Our Faith was from the beginning. Abel was of our Church; and the World by Wildom did not know God. He went to Sarah with the same Temptation, and the told him also, that Abel was of our Church. He faid, Abel was a Catholick, and Cain and Judas were fo. She faid, Then the Devil was a Catholick, and the would not be one. He threatned her, and told her, how many they were.

She faid, Daniel was but one; and if there were no more but the her felf, the would not turn; but took her fingers and thewed them, if they would tear her joint-meal, the did believe the Lord would enable her to endure it for the Truth.

So they went from one to another, thinking to entangle us in our talk; but we were guided by one Spirit, and spake one and the same thing in effect, so that they had not a jot nor tittle against us, but for righteourness sake: Our God did keep us by his own Power & Holiness out of their hands; honor and praises be given to his powerful Name for ever.

Ha (the faid Fryar) came to me another time like a Bear robbed of her Whelps, and told me, If I would be a Catholick, I (hould say so; otherwise they word use me badly, and I should never see the face of Sarah again, but hould dye by my felf, and a thouland Devils (hould carry my Soul to Hell. I asked him if he were the Messenger of God to me. He faid he was. I faid, What is my fin, or wherein have I provoked the Lord, that he doth fend me such a strait Message? He said, Because I would not be a Catholick, I laid, I deny thee and thy Melfage too, and the Spirit which spake in thee; the Lord never spake it. He said, that he would lay me in a whole pile of Chains, where I should see neither Sun nor Moon. I faid. He could not separate me from the Love of God in Christ Jesus, lay me where he would. He said, He would give me to the Devil. I said, I did not fear all the Devils in Hell, the Lord was my Keeper; though he had the Inquisition, with all the Coun-

tries

of his pile Chains (350)

tries round about on his fide, and was alone by my felf, I did not fear them; if there were thousands more, the Lord was on my right hand, and the worst they could do. was but to kill the body; they could not touch my life no more than the Devil could Fob's. He faid, That I should never go our of that Room alive, I said, the Lord was sussicient to deliver me : But whether he would or would not, I would not forfake a living Fountain to drink at a broken Cistern: And they had no Law to keep us there, but such a Law as Ahab had for Na, both's Vineyard. He curst himself, and called upon his gods, and went forth; and as he was making fast the door, he put in his hand at the hole of the door, and faid, Abide there Member of the Devil. I faid. The Devil's Members did the Devil's Works: the Woes and Plagues of the Lord would be upon them for it. He went ma and told the Inquisitor of it, and he laught vision athim : I faw it, and felt it in that which: is Eternal. I was moved out of that Room before he came again; and when he came, he brought one of the Inquisitors men with him, and two very good Hens, and faid, The Lord Inquisitor had fent them in love to me I faid, his love I did teceive but I could Lichic.

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could not take his Hens, for it was not the practice of the Servants of the Lord to be chargeable to any while they have of their bwn. He faid, We must not count any thing our own; for in the Primitive times they did fell their Possessions, and laid them down at the Apostles feet. He said, Werhould not want any thing if they did fpend a thoufand Crowns. I believe he would have had us laid down our money at his feet. He faid. I was proud, because I would not take the Inquisitors Hens when he fent them me in charity. I asked whether he kept me in Prison, and tent me his Charity. He said, It was for the good of our Souls he kept us in prison. I told him, our Souls were out of the Inquisiors reach, or his either: He told me before, If we had not been going to preach, we might have gone where we would. I askt thim, What should our fouls have done then? and why their love should extend more to us, than to their ownFamily? They could not charge us with Sin, and they did commit all-manner of Sin; they might put them into the Inquisition, and bid turn.

He said again, We had not the true Faith, and shewed me his Crucifix, and askt me, If I thought he did worship that? I askt him what he did do with it? He said, It was a Repre-

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Representation. I said, it did not represent Christ for he was the express Image of his Father's Glory, which is Light and Life. I faid, if he could put any life in any of his images, he might bring them to me. And I askt him what Representation Daniel had in the Lyons Den ; or Jonas in the Whales belly; they cryed unto the Lord, and he delivered them. He said, I talkt like a mad woman, I talkt so much against their Idols. He was in a rage, and faid, He would give me to the Devil. I bid him give his own, I am the Lord's. He flood up, and faid, He would do by me as the Apostles did by, Ananias and Saphira. He flood up and opened his mouth; and I food up to him; and denied him in the Name of the Lord, the living God, and faid, he had no power over me. And away he went to Sarab with the Hens, and told her, that I was fick. and the Lord Inquisitor had fent two Hens, and I would be glad to eat a piece of one if he would dress one of them presently, and the other to morrow. [Mark this Deceiver, this Lyar!] But the standing in the Counsel of the Lord, answered him accordingly as I did; and he carried them away again, We did not dare to take them, the Lord did forbid us. He said, You would fain be burned. ((38)

but wed because you would make the World believe you did love God formell as to suffer in that kind I faid, I did not defire to be burnt but if the Lord did call me to it, I did believe he would give me power to undergo it for his Truth; and if every hair of my head was a body, I could offer them up all for the Tellimony of Jesus. He came twice to know whether I had not been inspired of the Holy Ghoft to be a Catholick, fince I came into the Inquisition. I faid, No; he faid, We were; he faid, We called the Spirit of the Holy Ghoft, the Spirit of the Devil. We faid, the Spirit of the Holy Choft in us will refift the Devil. We told him, the Inspiration of the Holy Ghost was never wrought in the Will of man, nor in man's time, but in the Will of God, and in God's time. He asked, How we did know a clean from an unclean Spirit? We faid, An unclean spirit did burden the Seed of God, and dam up the Springs of Life; and a clean Spirit would open the Spring of Life, and refresh the Seed; it was a Riddle to him, but he faid it was true : he would affent to pure Truth some times.

We asked him, Whether every man and woman did not stand guilty before God of

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all the Sins they ever committed before Regeneration? He said, Yea. And he did confessall their Learning and Languages (in their places) was but to ferve the Lord. We told him, all their Praying, Preaching and Crouding, was no more accepted than Cain's Sacrifice, unless they were moved of the eternal Spirit of the Lord. We askt him, If he that was in them, was greater than he that was in us; and why they had not overcome us all that time? We were very sensible of their workings day and night: He said, Because we resisted still. We askt him for our Bibles. He faid, We should never fee them again, they were falle. We faid, if they were conjuring Books, they had no warrant from the Lord to take them from us.

They alwayes came two Fryars at a time, and they would fall down and howl, and wish bitter wishes upon themselves if they were not in the Truth. We would deny them, and preach Truth to them, the Light of the Lord Jesus in the Consciences of every one, to lead them to a pure life; and did ask them where the pure and holy Life was, and what all of them did do, that the People did live in sin and all manner of wickedness? and whether Words and D 4

Forms would ferve without Life and Power? He was as bloody a fiery Serpent, as ever was born of a woman, and did frike as hard at our Lives, and would hold up his hand often to firike us, but had never the power, he would quickly be cut down, that he would say, we were good women; and he would do us any good. He was compelled to work for us tometimes, and would fay it was for God's fake, and would have us thank him for it. We would tell him, those that did any thing for God, did not look for a reward from man. He laid, We were the worst of all creatures and we should be used worfe than any: the Turk's Arminians, Protestants and Lutherans should be used better than we. We faid, the pure Life was ever counted the worst, and we must suffer; we were the Lord's, and could trust him; let we were him do what he would with us, we did not separatifear any evil tydings; we were setled and one your grounded in the Truth, and the more they did per cute us, the more fronger we Whad not did grow; We were bold and valiant for fire nor God's Trach, that what loever we did fuffer, we could not fear : We were feparabut 2 hours andle in that time above two hours, none did bring me any, nor I had not freedom so call for any. The

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The Fryars went to Sarah, and told her, if the would, the should go forth of the Prison, and say nothing nor do nothing. She said, The would upon that account. He faid, they would come in the morning, and fo, they the lend did; but the Lord faw their deceit, and fore-warned Sarah, and bid her mind Elan, hor of who fold his Birth-right for a morfel of meat; and Judas, that betrayed his Master for thirty pieces of Silver: That when they came, The (was strengthned against them, and) faid, the flood in the Counfel of God; and could take up nothing in her own will; they had not power to have her forth. They said the Inquisitor said If we did want Linz. nen, Woollen, Stockens, Shooes or Money, we should have it.

But there was a poor English Man, heard that Sarah was in a Room with a window next the Street, it was high; he got up, and spake a few words to her, and they came violently and hall'd him down, and cast him into Prison upon Life and Death. And the Friars came to know of us whether he had brought any Letters. We said, No; I did not see him. They said, they did think he would be hang'd for it. He was one that they had taken from the Tarks, and made a Catholick of him. Saids

rah wrote a few lines to me of it, and faid, She did think the English Friars were the chief actors of it (we had a private way to fend to each other.) I wrote to her again, and after my Salutation, I faid, Whereas the faid the Friars were the chief actors, the might be fure of that, for they did hasten to fill up their measures; but I believe the Lord will preferve the poor man for his love; I am made to feek the Lord for him with tears : and I defired the would fend him fomething once a day, if the Keeper would carry it; and I told her of the glorious Manifestations of God to my Soul, for her comfort, so that I was ravished with Love, and my Beloved was the chiefest of ten thousands; and how I did not fear the face of any man, though I did feel their arrows, for my Phylician is nigh me; and how I was waiting upon the Lord; and faw our fafe return into England, and I was talking with G. F. to my great refreshment: The Name of G. F. did prick them to the heart. I faid, it was much they did not tempt us with Money. I bid her take heed, the Light would discover it; and many more things, let it come under what cover it would.

And this Paper came to the Friars hands,

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by what means we could never tell, but as" the Light did shew us, the Lord would have it fo ; it smote the Friar, that he was tormented many dayes; and he translated it into Italian, and laid it before their Lord Inquisitor, and got the Inquisitor's Lieutenant, and came to me with both the Papers in his hand, and askt me, If I could. read it? I said, yea, I writ it. O! did you indeed (faid he.) And what is it you fay of me here? That which is truth, said I. Then he faid Where is the Paper Sarah fent? bring it, or elfe I will fearch the Trunk, and every where elfe I bid him fearch where he would. He faids I must tell what man it was that brought me the Ink, or elfe I should be tred with Chains prefently. I told him I had done nothing but what was just and right in the fight of God, and what I did fuffer would! be for Truth's fake; and I did not care, I would not meddle not make with he poor Workmen. He faid, For God's fake tell me what Sarah did write ? I told him, a few words, and faid it was truth. Said he. You (ay it is much me do not tempt you with) Money. And in a few hours they came and tempted us with Money often. So the Lieutenant took my Ink and threw it away and they were smitten as if they would

would have fallen to the ground, and went their way: I saw them no more in three Weeks; but the poor man was set free

the next morning.

They went to Sarah, and told her, that I had honeftly confest all, and that she was best to confest too; and threatned her with a Halter, and to take away a Bed and Trunk, and her Money, to have half of it for me. She answered, she might not send to me any more. She askt him, Whether he was a Minister of Christ, or a Magistrate? if he were a Magistrate, he might take her money, but she would not give it him: And they that were with him, said, No, he should not meddle with any thing. He was a bitter wicked man. He told her, She was posses. She answered and said, She was with the power of an endless Life.

The Lord was not wanting to us at any time, for Power nor Words to stop the months of gain-sayers of his Truth, neither in Revelations nor Visions; Praises be to his Name for ever: He kept us in our weakest condition, bold for his Truth, declaring against all sin and wickedness, so that many were convinced, but did not date to own it, for fear of Faggot and Fire. There were none that had any thing to say

against

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against what we spake, but the Friars, but would have us to joyn with them. There were none did come into the Inquisition. but the ludgments of the Lord would be upon them, so that they would cry and foam, and fend for a Physician many of them. The unclean spirits would cry out as much as ever they did against Jesus, and would gnash with their teeth when we vvere at prayer: there vvas a Friar, and other great Men, the Friar vvould run as if he had been at his wits end, and call to the Keeper, and he would run for the English Frier, and he would go to the Inquifitor for counfel, and fometimes they would fend him word they should have a remedy, I should be sent to Rome; and fometimes the Friars would come, but had not power to fay any thing to me of it. The Lord did say unto us, Lift up pour Moice like the noise of a Trumpet, and found forth my Truth like the thout of a King. There was one that Life was rifen in him, but they were upon him as Eagles, till they had destroyed him; he did undergo terrible Judgments all the time he vvas in the Inquisition.

Our Money served us a year and seven weeks; and when it was almost gone,

the Friars brought the Inquisitors Chamberlain to buy our Hats. We said, vve came not there to sel our clothes, nor any thing vve had. Then the Friar did commend us for that, and told us, we might have kept our money to serve us otherwise. We said, no, we could not keep any money, and be chargeable to any; vve could trust God. He said, He did see we could; but they should have maintained us vvhile they kept us Prisoners.

And then the Lord did take away our Stomacks: vve did eat but little for three orfour Weeks, and then the Lord called us to fasting for eleven dayes together, but it was so little, that the Friars came and faid, That it was impossible that Creatures could live with fo little meat, as they did fee vve did for so long time together; and asked, what we would do? And faid, their Lord Inquisitor faid We might have any thing me mould. We faid, we must vvait to know the mind of God, what he would have us to do. We did not fast in our own wills, but in obedience to the Lord. They were much troubled, and fent us meat, and faid The English Connsul sent, it. We could not take any thing till the Lord's time was come : We vvere vveak, so that Sarah didas dress

dress her head as the would lye in her Grave (poor Lamb) I lay looking for the Lord to put an end to the fad Tryal, which way it seemed good in his fight : Then I heard a voice, faying, De thall not ope. I believed the Lord, and his glory did appear much in our fast; he was very gracious to us, and did refresh us with his living Prefence continually, and we did behold his beauty to our great joy and comfort : and he was large to us in his Promifes, fo that we were keept quiet and still (the sting of Death being taken away) our fouls, hearts. and minds were at peace with the Lord. so that they could not tell whether we were dead or alive, but as they did call to us once a day, till the time the Lord had appointed we should eat; and they were made to bring many good things, and laid them down by us; so that Scripture we witnessed fulfilled, Our Enemies treated us kindly in a strange Land, said I. But We were afraid to eat, and cryed to the Lord, and faid, We had rather dye, than eat any thing that is polluted and unclean. The Lord said unto me, Thou mayest anfreely eat as if thou hadst wrought for it with thy hands; I will fantlifie it to thee through the Crois. And he faid to Sarah, Thou shalt eat the Fruit

Fruit of thy hands, and be bleffed. We did eat, and were refreshed, to the praise and glory of our God for ever. We did eat but little in two Months; and they did bring us what ever we did speak for, for eight or ten dayes; and afterward we were so straitned for want of Food, it did us more hurt than our Fast: Yet the Lord did work as great a Miracle by our preservation, as he did by raising Laxarus out of the Grave. The Friars did say, The Lord did keep us. alive by his mighty Power, because we should be Catholicks. We said, the Lord would make it manifest to us then; they should

But still they said, There was no Redemption for us. We said, with the Lord there was Mercy and plenteous Redemption. We bid them, Take heed ye be not found sighters against God. They said, We were foolish Women. We said, we were the Lord's Fools, and the Lord's Fools were right dear, and precious in his sight, and wo to them that do offend them. He said, They were the Lord's Fools, and shewed us their deceitful Gowns, and their shaven Crowns, and said, They did wear it for God's sake, to be laught at by the World. We said, they did not

know the Lord had another end in it, one

day.

not wear it for God's fake, unless they were moved of the holy Spirit of God to Wear it. He said, It was no matter, they did mear it because of their Superiours. [Mark, and before it was for God's fake, as he faid] He thought to bring us under him for our food, and did make us suffer a while though the Inquisitor and the Magistrates had taken a course we should want for nothing. But the Lord did torment him and all the rest, till they did bring us such things as were fitting. Then he did work all that he could to fend me to Rome, and was coming two or three times (for what I know) to fetch me forth, but the Lord would not suffer them; and when they saw they could not prevail that way, they said we should go both; but the Friar should go first, because he was not well; he got leave to go, he was so weary of comming to us, that he did befeech the Lord Inquisitor he might come no more to us. He told Sarah, I was a Witch, and that I knew what was done at London, and he would come to me no more, he faid, because when he did tell me a company of lyes, I said, I had a Witness for God in me, which was faithful and true, and I did believe God's Witness -The

The Diviners did wax mad, and did run as at their wits end, from Mountain to Hill, and from Hill to Mountain, to cover them: They ran to the Inquisitor, & writ to the Pope, and went to him; their King did not hide them at all; some of them did gnash with their teeth, and even gnaw their tongues for pain: Yet the rest would not repent of their blasphemy, sorcery nor enchantments, but did post on to fill up their measures. Oh! the Lord reward them according to their works.

A little before the Fryar went to Rome, he came to the Inquisition Chamber with a Scribe, to write concerning us, to carry it with him; I saw him, as God would have it; the Lord faid, There is thy deadly for They were writing part of three days; and when they had ended in; the Lord would not let me eat till the Scribe did come where I was that I might pronounce wo against it, and defie it, which I did do in the Name of the Lord, and it did wither with all the rest. After it was gone, the English Consul came to us with a Scribe, and he brought us a Doller from a Malter of a thip, that came from Plymouth; I told him I did receive my Country-mans Love, but could not receive his Money?

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He askt me, What I would do if I would take no money ? I faid, the Lord was my portion, and I could not lack any good thing. I faid to him, We were in thy house near 15: Weeks, didst thou fee any cause of Death or Bonds in us? He said, No. I askt him, how he would dispence with his Conscience for telling us, He would have us before the Inquisitor, when he knew that Room was provided for us; and had not we been kept alive by the mighty Power of God, we might have been dead long fince. He faid, How could I help it ? I said, we are the Servants of the living God, and were brought here by permission, and in the spirit of Meekness gave in our Testimony for the Lord in faithful ness, and told you the Truth as it is in Jesus, and called you all to Repentance, and forewarned you in love to your fouls, of the evil the Lord is bringing upon you, if you do not repent. He faid, How ever it be, it will go well with you. [Mark that A told Who ke him, he required a fign of me when we quies q were at his house, if we were the Servants Citte of the Lord God; I gave him a fign from the living God, and my Friend gave and destruction for ever. Traskr him, whe

ther

ther that was not true we spake to him? he faid it was, but how (hould be help it ? I faid. Thou art a condemned person, and standest guilty before God; yet nevertheless repent, if thou canst find a place. He fmiled upon the Scribe in deceit, but his lips did quiver, and his belly trembled, and he could scarce stand upon his legs. He was as proper a man as most was in the City, and full, and in his prime age. Oh! he was confumed as a finail in a shel, which. was a sufficient sign for the whole Cicode ludyty, if their hearts were not harder than word on Adamants. He said, How should be help it?

Pend

Sim for he might have helpt it, but he was as wilis simuling to prove us, as any of them all. He was sworn upon his Oath to protect the English; and their Ruler bid him let us go, about our business, and said, we were honest, Women; and then he might have let us go before we were under the black Rod.

Then he went to Sarah with the Dollar; The told him the could not take the Money, but if he had a Letter for us, she should be free to receive that. He said, he had not any. He askt her, What she did want? She said, the Lord was her Shepherd, she could not want any good thing; but she did long for her freedom. He said, That,

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you may have in time. He told us, We should have Ink and Paper to write, but when he was gone, they would not let us. The next time we heard of him, he was dead. We could have rejoyced if he had died for Righteousness sake; for the Lord delighter not in the death of a sinner.

The Friar was gone to Rome, and they faid, he must stay there till we came. There was great working to fend us thither, but the Lord did prevent them, that they could not fend us thither. Then the Lord did work to bring us together again after fo long time we had been parted. There were five doors between us with Locks and Bolts, but the Keeper had not power to make them fast, but as Sarah could undo them to come where I could fee her, but could not speak to her, for there were them that did watch us night and day; yet fhe being moved of the Lord, did come to my door by night; the must come by the Friars door, he and the Doctor of Law were together, and they did fet a trap to take her in; many did warch about the Prison, and would complain. Then she was lockt up again but they had no peace in that, till the doors' were open again; then we did firm the fight of each other, to wait upon

the Lord, so that our voices were heard far; the Magistrates would hear and bow to it sometime; then the complainers were weary, and did work to have us brought together, and we did wait and pray, and the Magistrates would come in and look upon us many times, but would say nothing to us.

There were of divers Nations brought into the Inquisition, Prisoners; and the Friars, and the rest that were great, would go in their way to make Christians of them. and we were made to stand up against them and their ways, and deny them in the Name of the Lord, and to declare the Truth to the simple-hearted continually, if we did suffer death for it. We could not endure to hear the Name of the Lord blasphemed, nor his pure way of Truth perverted, nor the ignorant deceived. They did write all they understood of what we spake, and sent it to the Court-Chamber before the Inquisitor and Magistrates, but the Lord did blast it with the mildews of his wrathful indignation, and burnt it up with the brightness of his Son, and we rejoyced in our God; but still our burdens continued very heavy, and our righteous. fouls were vexed with the filthy conversation of the wicked, and the pure Seed of God

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God was prest from day to day, that our spirits did mourn, and our hearts were grieved because of the hardness of their hearts, and their rebellion against their Maker, who was fo gracious to them; to fuffer them so long in all their abominations, and waited to be gracious to them, and knockt at the door of their hearts, calling for Justice, Mercy and Humility; but behold Oppression, Cruelty, and Self-examation, notwithstanding the Lord did strive so much with them, and fent so many undeniable Truths, and infallible Testimonies of the coming of his Son to Judgement, and so clear a manifestation of the way to eternal Salvation, given forth of his own mouth, by his eternal Spirit, and having us for an example, who were kept by his Power and Holiness; they had not a jor nor tittle against us, but for righteousnels fake, though they had winnowed and fanned us to long : glory, honour and praffes be given to our God for ever.

O they would not let us know of any English Ship that came into the Harbour, as near as they could, but the Lord would make it manifest to us; we had a great working and striving in our Bodies, but we knew not what it meants the arrows of

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the Wicked did fly, so that my soul was plunged and overwhelmed from head to feet, and the terrors of the unrighteous had taken hold of us, and the slames of Hell compassed us about; then the Lord appeared unto me in a dream, and said, There were two English Friends in the City, which did plead for our Liberty in our behalf, and he had taken allesear away from them, and made them bold.

And in a little while after the Magistrates sent for us forth, and askt us, whether we were fick? or, whether we did want any thing? and were very tender to us, and said, we should write to England, and bid the Scribe give us Ink and Paper; he said he would, but he was fo wicked he did not. They did not tell us of any English that were there; but there was one Francis Steward of London, a Captain of a Ship, and a Friar of Ireland, which came to the City together, (for what we know) and they did take great paines for us, and went to their Ruler, and the Inquisitor, and to several Magistrates and Friars, and the new English Consul with them, and wrought much amongst them, that all were willing to let us go, save the Inquisitor, they said; and he said, He could not free us without an Order

Order from the Pope. But we had many heavy enemies besides, which would not be seen; but they obtained the favour to come and speak with us, which was a great

thing in such a place.

They fent for us to the Court-Chamber, and the English Consul askt us, If we were willing to go back to England? We said, if it were the will of God we might. The Captain spake to us with tears in his eyes; and told us what they had done for us, but could not prevail; It is this Inquisitor (said he) the rest were made free; you have preached among these people hesaid. We told him, we were called upon the Testimony of our Conscience and the Truth that we have witnessed forth among them, we should stand to maintain with our blood. He said, If they could get us off, he would freely give us our passage, and provide for us, and the Vessel was his own: We told him, his love was as well accepted of the Lord, as if he did carry us. He offered us money; he faw the Lord would. not suffer us to take any. He took our Names. We told them they took us out of our way, and put us into the Inquisition, and bid us change our minds; and we could not, the Lord had changed us into

that which changed not, if they would burn us to ashes, or chop us as Herbs to the Pot. The Friar said, We did not work; which was false, we had Work of our own, and did work as we were able. We told him, our Work and Maintenance was in England. And they said, It was true. He said, We would not accept of the Inquisitors Diet. We did not know who did prepare for us; we did receive our mearas we had freedom in the Lord. Then he said, We had suffered long enough, and too long, but we should have our freedom in few days, and that they would: send to the Pope for an Order. And there were many English Ships that way; but the Captain faw it was a very hard thing, so that it grieved him to the heart: He prayed God to comfort us, and he went away, and we do befeech God to bless and preserve him, unto everlasting Life, and never to let him nor his go without a bleffing from him, for his love : he did venture himself exceedingly in that place. But aftetihe was gone, they arose up against us with one accord: The Inquisitor came up into a Tower, and lookt down upon us as if he would have eaten us, and they did try us for our lives again, and did shut up our doors many Weeks, we could not

tell for what; at length the Inquisitor came into the Tower again, and Sarah was moved to call to him, to have the door opened for us to go down into the Court to wash our clothes. Then he gave command for the door to be opened once a week; and in a little while 'twas open ever day. But great was our affliction indeed; and The told him if we were the Popes Prisoners, we would appeal to the Pope, and he should send us to him. But them in the Prison with us, especially the Friar, were mortal Enemies to us, but yet they would have fed us with the choicest of their meat, and would gladly give us whole Bottels of wine, if we would receive it, and were greatly troubled because we did refuse to eat and drink with them, and did persecute us exceedingly; but the Lord did visit, them with his dreadful Judgements, the Friar was tormented night and day, his body did perish, the Doctors and Chyrurgeons did follow him a long time.

And there were two or three English Ships there, came into harbour, and Sarah saw the coming of them in a Vision of the night, and there was great pleading for us, that we saw; but she heard a Voice, saying, The could not go now. So we were made

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willing to wait the Lords time!

Then they fent for us forth when the Ships were gone, and askt us, If we would be Catholicks? And we faid, we were true Christians, and had received the Spirit of Christ, and he that had not the Spirit of Christ was none of his. The English Conful told us of the Ships, and faid, They would not let us go unless me would be Catholicks; and that we must suffer more imprisonment yet, and said, he did what he could for us. One of the Magistrates shewed us Se whathe Crofs; We told them, and faid, We did take up the Cross of Christ daily, which is the great Power of God to crucifie fin Cross and iniquity : so we told them that one of their Fathers did promise us our liberty. We did think that Friar was too tenderhearted to stay among them; he did take a great deal of pains for us (the Captain faid) We told him, he would never have cause to repent it; the blessing of God would be upon him for any thing he should do for us; for we were the Servants of the living God; and he promised us our freedoms in a little time.

By of inouth of

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This following, I D. B. received from them in other Papers to Friends.

Dearly beloved Friends, Fathers, and Dearly beloved I former, Gods Spirituall House, and Brethren and Sisters in the Lord Fesus Christ, in the measure of Love and Life of our God, do we falute you all, and do embrace you in that which is Eternal, and we do greatly rejoyce, and glorify the Name of our Heavenly Father; that he hath counted in worthy to be partakers of the death and sufferings of his bleffed Son, with you; though we be the least of God's Flock, yet we are of the true Fold, whereof Christ Fesus is shepherd; and he hath had as tender a care over us; as he hath had of any of his Lambs which he hath called forth in this the day of his Power: and hath carried us through and over as great afflictions as most of our Brethren and Sufferers for his Name, both in mockings, scoffings, scornings, reproaches, stripes, contradictions, perils at Land, and perils at Sea, fiery tryals, cruel threatnings;

grief of heart, forrow of foul, heats and colds, fastings and watchings, fears within, and frightings without, terrible temptations and persecutions, and dreadful imprisonments and buffettings of Satan; yet in all these our tryals the Lord was very gracious unto in, and not absent himself from us, neither suffered his faithfulness to fail us, but did bear us up, and keep is from fainting in the midst of our extremity; we had not another to make our moan to, but the Lord alone, neither could we expect a drop of mercy, favour or refreshment, but what he did distil from his living Presence, and work by his own strength; for we fat one in one room, and the other in the another, near a year; as Owls in deferts, and as People for saken in solitary places; then did we enjoy the presence of the Lord, and did behold the brightness of his glory, and we did see you our dear Friends, in the Light of Jesus, and did behold your order; and fled fastness of your Faith and Love to all Saints, and were refreshed in all the faithful hearted, and felt the ifsues of Love and Life which did stream from the hearts of those that mere wholly joyned to the Fountain; and were made sensible of the benefit of your Prayers.

Othe forrows, the mournings, the tears! but those that sow in tears, shall reap in joy.

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A true sorrow begets a true joy, and a true Cross, a true Crown: For when our sorrows did abound the Love of God did abound much more; the deeper the sorrows, the greater the joyes; the greater the Cross, the weightier the Crown.

Dear Friends and Brethren, marvel not that Israel is not gathered, our Judgement remains with the Lord, and so do our Labours; for it was not for want of travel, nor pain, nor love to their souls; for we could have been contented to have fed upon the Grass on the ground, so we might have had our freedom amongst them: For, had it not been for the great opposition, they would have followed after us as Chickens after a Hen, both great and Small. But oh the swelling Seas, the raging and Chi foaming Waves, Stormy Winds and Floods, and deep Waters, and high Mountains and Hills; hard Rocks, rough Ways, and crooked Paths; tall Cedars, firong Oaks, fruitless Trees, and corrupted ones, that cumber the ground, and binder the righteous Seed to be form, and the noble Plants from being planted! Oh! they shut up the Kingdom against the simple hearted, and hide the key of Knowledge from the innocent Ones, and will not enter into the Kingdom themselves inor suffer them that would enter, but fir up the Magistrates to forms

form carnal Weapons, thinking to prevent the Lord of taking to him his Inheritance, and to disposses bis Son, who is Heir of all, that he might not have a dwelling-place among them, nor a habitation nigh them; because that his Light will discover their darkness, and his brightness will burn up all their abominations, and mar their beauty, and stain their glory, their pomp and their pride, that it may perish as the untimely Figs, and fall as the Flower of the Field, and wither as the Grass upon the house-top. Oh! the Belly of Hell, the Jaws of Satan, the whole Mystery of Iniquity is at the height, and all manner of Abominations that make desolate, stands where it ought not, and is upholden by a Law; That upon pain of death none must speak against it, nor walk contrary to it. But praises to our God, he carried us forth to declare against it daily. Oh! the blind guides, the seducing spirits, that do cause the people to erre, and compel them to worship the Beast and his Image, and have his mark in their fore-heads, and in their hands, and to bow to Pictures and painted Walls, and to worship the things of their own hands, and to fall down to that which their own fingers have. fashioned, and will not suffer them to look towards Sion upon pain of death, nor to walk towards Jerusalem soon pain of Faggot and Fire, (85.)

Fire but must abide in Babel, and believe what foever they (peak or do, to be truth. But oh the wayes, the worships, the fashions, forms, customs, traditions, observations and imaginations which they have drawn in by their dark Divinations, to keep the poor people in blindness and ignorance; so that they perish for want of knowledge, and are corrupt ed, because the way of Truth is not made known among them; they are all in the many wayes, out of the one true and living way, and their wayes be so many and so monstrous, that they are unrehearsible; but the Lord our God hath kindled a fire in the midft of them. that will consume all forms, fastions, customs and traditions of men; and will burn up the briars, thorns and tares, stubble and fruitles Trees, and corrupted ones, and will blast all the fruits, works and labours of wicked and ungodly men, with the milders of his wrathfull indignation, and will fcatter all his enemies with the whirl-winds of his displeasure. They do not know the Scriptures. Their Bibles would grieve any honest heart to behold them, because of the corruptions They faid, our Biz bles were false. I asked wherein? The Friar said, Maccabees was not in them. I said, if any were taken from them, yet the rest might be pure; but if any were added to them, then

then they were corrupted, He askt me, Whether I did not think it meet for every one to bow at the Name of Jesus. I said, Yea. He [aid, Jelus, and bid me fall down, or bow my body. I told him, My heart and whole body was bowed under the Name of Fesus; but I (hould not floop to his will, nor any man's elfe : He that departeth from Iniquity, boweth to the Name of Jesus; but those that live in Sin and Wickedness, do not stoop to the Son of God. And he told me, they flood in the same Power the Apostles did, and were guided by the same Spirit as they were. I asked why they did abuse their Power then, and make use of Carnal Weapons? He faid they did not, they were all spiritual their Inquisition, & their Chains and Irons, and all is spiritual [the Wise may judge. I And he asked, Whether we judged them all demn'd that were not of our Judgement. Ifaid, Nay, we had otherwise learned (brift : "hofe that were in a reprobate Condition to day, the Lord may call them out of it to morrow, for what I know. He said, They did judge us damn'd, and all that were not of their Faith. I told him, Man's Judgement we did not matter.

A Vision.

IN a Vision of the night, I saw in the Firmament six Suns; one at a distance from the rest, that did appear to be but half an hour high; the other sive stood sour-square, one in the middle; and they did cross over each other; the highest did not seem to be above an hour high. And when I did awake, I was troubled in my spirit to know the Vision; and I waited upon the Lord, and he signified to me in the Light, The six Suns were six Nations, whose Lights were near out; and the five which crossed each other, signified to me some rising amongst them.

And the Friar came to me, and said, It was God's will me should be kept there, or else they could not keep m. I told him, the Lord did suffer wicked men to do wicked ly, but did not will them to do it. He did suffer Herod to take off John Baptist's head, but he did not will him to do it: and did suffer Stephen to be stoned, and Judas to betray Christ, but he did not will them to

do it; for if he had, he would not have condemned them for it. He laid, Then we are wicked men. I faid, They are wicked men that work wickedness.

The Friar would fay still, We had not the tria Eaith. Wie faid, By Faith we standy and by the Power of God we are upholdent dolt thou think it is by our own power and holinels we are kept from a vain converd fation, from fin and wickedness? He faid That was our spride: We said, No, We could glory in the Lord, we were children of wrath once as well as others; but the L'ord hath quickned us that were dead, by the living Word of his Grace, and hath walled, cleanied and fanctified us through foul and spirit, in part, according to our meatures, and we do prefs forward towards that which is perfect. Heithen faid, We were good Women, but yet there was no redemption for us except we would be Cathlick's.

Now the Lord said, Fear not Daughters of Sion, if will carry you forth as Bald tryib in the fire. And many precious Promises did the Lord refresh us with in out greatest extremity, and would appear in his presence. I had the Spirit of Prayer up on me ibility afraid to speak to the Lord of for

(69)

for fear I should speak one word that would not please him. And the Lord faid, Fear not Daughter of Sion, ask what thou wilt, and I will grant it the what loever the heart can with. I defined nothing of the Lord abut what would make for his Glory, whether it were my liberty of Bondage, dife or death ; wherein I was high's ly accepted of the Lord, mid ni berisiter The Room wherein I was leparated was near the Chancery, where all the Bishops Courtiers did resort, and would come into the Inquisition Courts, and I had work amongst them daily they would come on purpole to their condemnation in some would be imitten, and runas if they bunt? ed; and some would be detion fire land cry, Caldere, caldere, and fuoco, fuocos and many would pitty us, because we were not Catholicks: the Friars would lay we might be Catholicks and keep bar own Religion Abo : and we should not be known me were Cathon licks, except me were broughi before is fuffice of Peaced Weaskt if we frould profess a Christ we should be asham'd of ?sdr 30-100

But as for the poor Workmen, they were willing to do any thing for us, and were diligent to hear us, the Withels of God in them did answer to the Truth. There were F 3 many

many eyes over them; had it not been for the great opposition, there were hundreds would have flown to the Truthon

And because I said, I did talk with G.F. he (the Friar) asked, Whether G. F. did bring me money to maint ain me in prison ? I faid, No; but though I was abient in body, yet I was present in spirit; and was refreshed in him, and in hundreds more besides. They said, I had feen Revelations, and bad talk'd with G. F. and he sous God's Revelation, Sarah faid, Christ was God's Revelationa He faid, ifhe bame under the Haltar for Saying Christ was God's Revelation. She answered, Paul said, Ar foon as it pleafed God to reveal his Son in me, I did not consult with flish and blood, but im+ mediarely I went and preached him; and is not Christ God's Revelation then? He faid Who denied that ? ... on : william

What they would have done to Sarab if they had taken her forth, we know not; but the Lord did work so wonderfully that night for the preservation of her poor soul out of their net, that he is worthy to be glorified for ever.

in Sheeps clothing, but he had a Wolf under his Gown; he gave me words as foft (71)

as Butter, and as smooth as Oyl; when he had a Sword in his heart, and a Spear in his hand; when they speak most fairest, then beware of them.

He defired us we would not think so hardly of him, as if he were the Author of all our. wrongs and troubles; he was not (he said) but would do any good he could for us, were it with his blood. But we thought he had been the chiefest that cast the poor manan Prifon, but he was the man that hope him out: without any punishment at all, though the Inquifitor did fay he should be severely: punished. I told him he did well; he would have peace in it, and would never have cause to repent it. He did entreat us, he might not bear all the burthen. We told him of many wicked things he did act against us, and of his lying and cruet words. He bid us, take no notice what he did speak, But we did feel his spirit, that what he spake he would do, if he had not been chained. I did use to tell him, My conscience was not seared with a hot iron? I was not past feeling. At last he was for weary of coming to us, he did entrear the Inquisitor he might not come to us any more; the Judgment of the Lord did follow him fo, it was like to kill him.

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When

When we were parated, the Lord did. work mightily for us, and we were kept by the Power of the Lord over our Enemies. and were bold for God's Truth, and did make, war with them in Righteoufnels, fo they could not gain-lay us in the Truth: So that Scripture was fulfilled, The wicked mouthes must be stopped; and they were put to filence; praises be to our God, and were made to confess, or say Of a truth God was in mainour God was a confuming fire to them; they were not able to frand in his presence, but they would how hand mike a noise like dogs, and cay, Jesu, Maria, and flie as people driven by a mighty ruthing. wind; the Power of the Lord did pursue after them like a sword; that Scripture was fulfilled, which taith, Christ came not to fend; peace on earth, but a sword, to cut down his: Enemies; the Lord was on our fide, and did take our part, and did fight for us, and did tread down our Enemies under our feet, that they could not hurt us. Mighty was the Work of God daily, our tongues. cannot express it; they did work day and night with their Inchantments and Divinations, Sorceries, unclean spirits crying and foaming, infomuch that we could take little rest day of night sometimes; but the Lord

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Lord was with us, and did work mightily. by his Power, and kept us over them in the Life of the Son of God. My Piison was nigh to the Palace, and to their Worship, that I could be heard of both; and it was laid upon me of the Lord to call them to Repentance, and to turn to the Light, wherewith they were enlightned, which vvould lead them out of all their wicked Wayes, Works and Worships, to serve the true and living God in Spirit and in Truth; the Power did raise the Witnessin many, and troubled them ; they did ligh and groan, and fome did flay to hear me follong as they durst; for there were many did watch; land it was upon pain of death, or at least to be imprisoned: As was the poor English-man that did come and ipeak to me; whom they hall'd down violently, and pub him in prison; but the Lord delivered him for his Love.shi ... or yvish of And we were parted Qne Year, but

great was the Work of the Lord, and great was the Power to carry it on the was not wanting to us, glory be to his Name, but did give us Words & Wildom according to our Work: So that Scripture was fulfilled which faith on this vvile, Te need not premeditate afore-hand what to speak, or what

Spirito

to fay for it Shall be given you of my beavenly Father what ye ought to freak, that the Enemies shall not gain-say: they were fo tormented, that they did run to the Hills and to the Mountains, to cover them from the Presence of the Lord, and from the Wrath of the Lamb, which fits upon the Throne, to judge them righteously, and to condemn them for all their wicked deeds. which they so ungodily had committed against him.

Oh! the goodness of the Lord, and his long-fuffering and forbearance, which would lead them to Repentance; but they would not hearken to his Counsel, but turned his Laws behind their backs, and hared to be instructed by them; therefore the Lord did laugh at their destruction, and did mock when their fear came: Their wickedness was so great, and my burthen so heavy to bear it, that I cryed to the Lord, and faid, It is better for me to die, than to live; and would gladly have given up my life in restimony against them all; I was (as 'twere) compelled to declare against all their Wayes, Works and Wor-Thips, infomuch that they ran to the Inquifitor to have me chained, or punish'd some other way but the Power of the Lord chained

(750) chained them, that they could not diminish. a hair of my head; the Lord was my fafety, praises be to his Name for ever. Now some, as they passed to their Worship-houses, would figh, and some pray, and some did throw stones at my Window; they did work night and day about the Prisi fon, as though they would have broke through to flay me; but the Lord was with me, and did fight for me, and did scatter his Enemies as the dust before the Wind Glory be to his Name for evermore. W. D. c. I I cannot express the large Love of our God how he did preferve us from so many Deaths and Threatnings, as they did come to me with, falling down upon their knees, faying Mais, and would have me to fay afu ter them; but in the Name of the Lord I denyed them: They would how! like Dogs, because they could not beguile the Innocent, and flay my righteous life; but praises be to the Lord our God, who did preserve me from the Wolf and the Dou vourers, denying them & their Sacrifices! And when they faw they could not prevail to betray us from the Truth, then?

And when they saw they could not please vail to betray us from the Truth, then they said, they would give us to the Devil to be tormented, and deliver us over to their bad Catholicks, to do by us as they pleased; for they

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they would afé lus badly, and fol they did. feek to doz. Oh the curfed noises and cryds the Sodomines did make, crying, Quake, quakes running about the Pitton raging, and fome finging, and crouding round the Prison wight and day as if they would have broke through no flay me grand the: fons of Belial did run tomestalle winners fo that I dooked levery hour when they would fetch me out, and flay me as Thou Enemy didiso work to perswade, that they ! had prestany dear yokesfellow with stones, which was a great trouble to me, because I Louid nos fuffer death with hersd Idid yeeld she had been flainns And afrerwards! this great tribulation being lendedy then; they faid; my (dear and faithful) yoke-fel-i low (hould be fent to Rome; and Inshbuld: tarty at Malia, which did forencreafe my forrow and wrought uponimy spirit, to try and examine wherefore when Lord should deal fo hardly with me, as to leave me behind : for whether he did not count me worthy togo and give in my Testimony with her, to Rome, and offer up my Life for the Testimony of Tesus, than to have my liberty to return to England with her? and I cryed day and night to the Lord, and would not give my foul reft, nor my eyes) fleep, they

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fleep, till the Lord did answen mey glory and Brailes be to his Name for eyer. But we saw Jacob must pare with all, Benjamin multigo too. So we were willing to give up in obediencel to the Lord; our tryals were unspeakable! Oh the unclean spirits! they would fpeak to us at noon-day; but the Lord did give us power over them; that we did not feat the wild Boars out of the Wood; nor the wild Beafts out of the Field: gaingno stir viepini do yad .m. Then there was one came and faid, that Katherine and I must be both fent vo Rome. Which did rejoyce my foul; and renewed mystrength, because the Lord did count me worthy to go and give in my Testimony for his Truth, the Word of his Prophefie, before the great and mighty ones of the Earrh. The Lord faid, 3 thould not be a= fraid; and he shewed me in the Light how he had bowed them down before us, and I saw them in the Light of Christ, how the Pope, the Friars and Sorcerers flood in ranks, bowing down before us. So we faw our Dominion in Spirit. They did work to fend us to Rome, but the Lord did blaft it, and fought against them, that they could not fend us.

Now

Now our Testimony was as largely given in at Rome, as at Malta. The Friars came to me, and shewed me Mary and her Babe pictured against a Wall, and would have me look upon it. I stampt with my foot, and faid; Curfed be all Images and Image-makers, and all that fall down to worship them; Christ Jesus is the express Image of his Fathers Brightness, which is Light and Life; who doth reveal the Mystery of Iniquity, the cunning working of Satan, to draw out the mind to follow him, from the pure Life, and to vail over the Just One from beholding the Presence of the Lord. But glory be to the Lord, who hath made him manifest in thousands of his, in this Day of his Power. When we were separated, we spake one and the same thing, being guided by one Spirit. They would go from me to Katherine, and they would bid her speak as Sarah did, and so The did, to their condemnation: Praises to the Lord, Amen,

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A PAPER sent from them, to the Pope's Lord Inquisitor in Malca.

For the Lord Inquisitor and his Council, &c.

MEns persons I cannot admire; they that do admire and respect any man's person, do it because of advantage; and such are transgressors, the Apostles (James and Jude) say.

In obedience to the Lord, in love to your fouls, from the Fountain of Love, and Springs of Life that stream forth to the refreshment of the whole City of God, am I constrained to visit you with these few Lines; and I beseech you to reade it with the Spirit of Moderation and Meekness, and see that nothing arise in you against it, for it is God's Truth.

Christ Jesus who is the Light of the world, that hath enl ghined every one that comes into the world, saich. This is Life evernal, to know thee the only true God, & Jesus Christ whom thou hast sent. Now the knowledge of God is Life evernal; and there is no other way to come to this knowledge, but to have the mind turned

turned from darkness to the Light; out of the visible, to that which is invisible, viz. the Light in the Conscience, which convinceth of sin and iniquity, when no mortal eye can see you: And as you come to love it, and to have your minds staid upon it, you will feel the Incomes of God's Power to administer condemnation upon the transgressor, that keeps the pure Seed in bondage in you; For Sion is redeemed through Judgement, and her

Converts with Righteouinels.

Paul faith, If thou believest in thy heart the Lord Jesus, and confessest with thy mouth that God hath raised him from the dead, thou shalt be saved; for with the heart man believeth unto Salvation: And we do believe, and see, and taste, and handle of the good Word of Life, and have received the Spirit of Truth, to lead us into all Truth, and doth bring all things to our remembrance, without any visible thing. And Paul wrote to, the Galatians, faying, My little Children, of whom. I travel in birth till Christ be formed in you. Where Christ is formed Within, there needs no form without; the outward form is called an Earthen Veffel, or an Earthen Tabernacle, or an Earthen House; but Christ Jesus is the express Image of his Father's Glory (or Substance) which is Light and Life. Now

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Now the Image of Christ is a pure and a holy Image, a meek and a Dove-like Image, an innocent and a Lamb-like Image, a righteous and a glorious Image, Christ in you the hope of Glory, saith the Apostle to the Saints.

The Lord our God hath given to every man a measure of the manifestation of his own Spirit to profit withal, which is the Light in the Conscience, the true Teacher of his People; it is the Grace of God that bringeth Salvation, that appeareth to all men, and it teacheth all that come to believe in it, and to love and to be guided by it, to deny all ungodliness and worldly lusts, and to walk soberly, righteously, holy and godly in this prefent world; and it. will deal plainly with every one; none need to fear being deceived by that in them which doth condemn them for sin and evil: But they that live in Pride, are deceived already; they that live in Covetousness, are deceived already; and they that live in Lusts or Drunkenness, are deceived already; or in Lying, Swearing, Adultery or Idolatry, are deceived or in Hypocrific and Deceit, Hard-heartedness or Cruelty, they are deceived already; for those you know, are fruits which do proceed from a deceived heart, being corrupted for mant of know-

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knowledge, saich God. He that hath not the Spirit of Christ, is none of his; and he that hath the Spirit of Christ, ought himself to walk as Christ walked. Now Christ was no Persecutor, he never imprisoned any, nor ever put any to suffer, but He and the holy Prophets and Apostles were made to suffer as evil doers, this we know.

The Day of the Lord is hot and terrible against all sin and iniquity, and that nature from whence it doth proceed, and We are a WO for all them that are laying up of a Fuel for it.

This is God's Truth, whether you can receive it yea or nay: I am ready to feal it with amy blood, if the Lord shall call me to it.

Whosover shall interpret this Paper before the Lord Inquisitor (so called) I charge thee in the Name of the living God, as thou witt answer before his dreadful prefere, to interpret it word by word, as it is written, without adding or diminishing.

Soft set state Katherine Evans.

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THe Friar then came to me, and askt me, why I did not work? I faid unto him. What work dost thou do? He faid. he did write. I told him I would write too. if he would bring me Pen, Ink and Paper and I would Write Truth! He faid, He would not that we should write : for St. Paul did work at Rome, and we might get nine or ten grains a day if we did knit that is three half-pence. I told him, if we could have that priviledge amongst them, that Paul had at Rome under Cafar, which was a Heathenish King; we would have wrought; and not have been chargeable to any. Paul lived in his own hired house two years with a Souldier to look to him, and had Friends of the same Occupation to work with him, and could fend where he would and wholoever would come to him mights and he taught them in the Name of the Lord Jesus, and no man forbad him Sol aske him, Whether he knew the holy War of God, yea of nave if he did, I rold him he then did know we could not be without exercite day hor night." Then his mouth was stopped, and he spake no more to me of Work. But though our affliction of body

was very great, and our travel of foul was greater, yet we did knit Stockens, and gave to them that were made serviceable to us, and did make Garments for the poor Prifoners, and mended their Clothes which had need, and were made helpful to them all, to their condemnation that did persecute us. But we could not work at the Friar's will, nor any mans else, but as we had freedom in the Lord.

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As I was weak in my bed, the Friar came to me, and faid, We did deny the Scriptures. I told him, they did deny them; we did own them, and hold them forth, thou dost know it. He was in a rage, because I said they denied the Scriptures, and bid me eat my words again, and threatned death upon me. I faid, Christ Jesus was the Light of the World, and had lighted every one that cometh into the World: which Light is our Salvation that do receive it, and the same Light is the Worlds Condemnation that do not believe in it. Then he said, He would lay me in Chains where I should neither see Sun nor Moon. They say, The Father hath almost killed you, said he, but I will kill you quite before I have done. He had a Book in his hand, and he did fludy in it : I told him, he did

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comprehend the words in his carnal mind; and he was wroth, and faid, he would give me to the Devils to be tormented. I faid, I deny the Devil and all his works and workers.

Some would come unto the Prison upon their Saints dayes, and ask us, what day it was? We did answer, We did not know, neither did we observe dayes nor times. months nor years. Then answer would be made, It was St. Joseph's day, or someother Saint; and St. Joseph should punish us that night, because we did not observe his day. We answered, We did know the Saints to be at peace with us, and we did not fear them. We further faid, Paul did call it beggarly Element's and Rudiment's of the World, to observe days, times, months and years; and their mouthes would be stopt for a time. Then came the Friar andther time, and told me, it was seventeen dayes to their Christmas; and faid, the Vira gin Mary conceived with child that day, being the same day he spake to me on; as if The did go with child but seventeen dayes. And he faid, the next day was Lady Ann's day, the Virgin Mary's Mother, a Saint.

Then, as I was crying to the Lord in Prayer because of our long differing, and

our frong travel and labour, and no fruit, as did appear; the Lord faid unto me. 1Be not grieved, though lirael be not gathered : the feed of Malca thall be as the fars of the sky for multitude : That which pehave fown, that not ove, but live : Blo= ry be to the Pame of the Lord for cher. aswins bib o We did not hirow. יול ועם סשובוים לפעים זוור נווחפג mondification, value, Then apply rewalled A Copy of a Writing from their hands fent in purluit after the be that mely beautier; did not change This We did know the MALACHY! Lon Hou faidst thou wouldft try whether we had the true Spirit, yea-or nay; and thou hast tryed day and night, but thou never tryeds the right way; the Seed of God is not tried with decest lying, hypocrific, nor cruelty; But if thou hadft turned in with thy mind to the Light of God in thy Conscience, thou pouldst foon have known us; on had the Love Ven ba of Christ been shed abroad in thy heart, thou might have comprehended us; or hadft then found the Ballance of the Sanctuary of the true Tabernacle, which God hath pitched, and 711 not man, thoum ghtft have weighed us ; or,

Madow laid Judgement to the Lines and Sebteou nels to the Plummet, thou might ft ave fathomed us; or, couldst thou have opened be Book of Life, thou mightst have read us; hadst thou gone into the House of Mach ben might est have had fellowship with us, sc. Contrary to our wills were we cast in awingst you, and have given our Testimony for be Lord, and called you all to Repentance, ind have forewarned you of the evil the Lord bringing upon you; but you have flighted the day of your Visitation, and have done defite to the Spirit of Grace, and have cast mamy bard speeches and false aspersions upon the Truth, and the Messengers thereof, and the Lord will visit for these things ; and jou have. Hinded your eyes that you will not see, and topped your ears that you might not hear, and bardened your hearts that you might not understand; lest you should see with your eyes, and hear with your ears, and understand with your hearts, and turn to the Lord, and be converted, and he should heal you. Oh that you bad known in this your day, what had belonged to your peace! but now it is hid from your eyes. The desire of our souls is, That every one may repent that can find a place; and what ever jou have done to us, we desire it may not be laid to your charge; for we count our selves happy

that me were found worthy to suffer found Name of the Lord was a low long wester Katherine Evan Written in the Inquificion-Prison in the Isle of Sarah Cheevern Ministery to be programately Malta. Behold victorious Hymns and Songs, and Praises, all in Verse; The same sprung from the Seed of life, its perfect Righteousness. H Lord my Life is given up, thy Truth for to declare said O Lord, keep thou me in thine Arms, Ev and guide me in thy Fear. Thy Bow is bent, thy Sword is drawn a M Athine enemies to deface, which was Thy fire's kindled against all those want O wthat will not Truth imbrace. Thine Arrows which are sharp and keen, de August August Arrows which are sharp and keen, de A upon their heads shall fall; Thy double-edged Sword alfore wi H to cut them down withal ... So plague the Heathen, and correct when the People in thy Wrath,

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they may fear and dread thy Name,
and come to know thy Truthib Tow Truthib
Throughout the World fo large and wide,
thy Truth thou dost declare, months
Thy faving health for to enjoy, di sao vaval
by thy Light doth appear. will has had
Thou doft fend forth thy Messengers,
glad-tydings to proclaim, a said library
To call the hungry forth to feed the daily
on thy Lamb, being flain.
Feasts of fat things thou dost prepare
the hungry for to feed, consvir live ed
And cloath the nak'd with garments fair,
that want and stand in need and and
Heaven's Glory is appearing, but hus
its Brightness shineth forth, it heal Bas
Over all Nations it's clearing mid on bgA
the Lord's Eternal Truth Ding vo [of
Every one that's in darkness, and lived and
under its shadow lye, and shaded have come forth into the Brightness, at said
out of obscurity demand and the state of
O Lord teach me thy perfect Wayes,
that I may walk therein, and the lo
And lead me in the Path of Life, Washing
and cleanse me from all fin.
How gracious is the Lord our God, Section
and kind to Ifrael,
With us he doth make his abode,
this Presence doth us fill. So
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and cast in danger deep, short yet yet If that in God they put their truff job work he will them fafely keeps and in the land Right dear and precious to the Lord in of are all his little onesal commel voit no That suffer for his holy Name, with all ships he will avenge their wrongs. And in his: Wrath he will deftroy role in his Enemies to flower bone were sent And fuddenly will make a way, it shows! and lead his Servants out : marriell and And he himself will them restore He 1940 to Joy and Comfortiboth, and said And will preferve them evermore, a visual because they do him tove: ... al mel mi But as for men of corrupt minds, who yell whose wayes defiled are it and ano The Lord will visit with all kinds 110.10 of Judgments, and not spare. I sell He will purfue them with his Sword, in and cut them to the ground, have him That do reject his holy Word, well wolf his Plagues shall them confound: Because that they do not obey Wathering his Mercies and his Grace, Which

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So that we late not defolate; in year and nor yet distress with woes, or the base Because the Lord doth take our part and doth confound our foes. It will yell Every one that is oppress in lead guivery the

(1917) Which he fo free to them doth give, if they would them imbrace. But as their Fathers did, fo they requite the Lord with wrong, And perfecute thy Meffengers, onidi and make them fuffer long : vicinio Because that they the Truth declare, as Scripture telleth plain, if mon That Christ himself, the Lord's own Heir, is come, and he will reign in elier of Both Lord and Prince, and King also, throughout the World that's wide And Antichrift will overthrow point It's not their golden Candlesticks, finishA nor Lamps, that be fo many, or self That can shine through the Clouds so thick to give a Light to any shoul shi or sd To lead to a true resting-place, direct adV? where they may ftill behold de Wald The Beauty of God's glorious Face, more bright than fined Gold: Thou feeft, O Lord, what man hath done afor to exalt himself and and aldition is Against the Lord, thy blessed Son, Williams who is our faving health. and han how They have changed his glorious Form and Image, that's fo bright, was 's well And fashion'd it like finful man, corrupted in thy fight. Arise,

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Arise, O Lord, arise in haste, and punish for these things, These men that have sought thy disgrace. that they might reign as Kings Over thine own Inheritance, contrary to thy Will, To keep them still in ignorance, without knowledge or skill. But now the God of Pow'r is come, to raise up Sion bright. And to build up ferusalem in all the Heathens fight. The Gates of Hell shall not prevail, though they be wide and ftrong, against the gathering in of all that to the Lord belong: -M Glory, Honour, Laud and Praise be to the Lord of Might, Who hath made known in thefe our days, his Way, his Truth, his Light. Concerning the Crofs of Christ, which is not a visible sign, or a piece of Wood, but the invisible and immortal Power of the Lord God, and his Wildom unto Salvation, to and in all them that believe, is the same Christ. the Pawer of God, and the Wisdom of God: But the fame Cross is to the outward Jew (or (or Christian) a stumbling-block, and to the wife Greek (that's exalted and puft up in the knowledge above, and over the Meek Life) foolishness, as saith the Scripture, I Cor. 1. 18, 19.

The Cross of Christ I do imbrace,
Which gives an entrance into Grace;
Both Sin and Death it doth deface,
And makes me run a glorious race.
A Crown of Life I do obtain,
And Sin and Death is daily slain;
And Christ himself alone to reign
Thorow the Cross I do obtain.

The Cross of Christ is more to me, Than all the treasures I can see; It brings me to my resting-place, For to behold God's lovely Face.

The Cross of Christ is Power indeed
Against the Serpent and his feed
And Salvation it doth bring
To all that do believe therein.

The Cross of Christ is my delight,
It doth uphold me day and night:
It keeps me from the power of sin,
Through Christ who is my heav nly king.

Without the Cross I cannot be From Sin and Death at all set free. The Cross alone doth crucific Transgression, Sin, Iniquity:

(92) (94) Ardoth break down the Middle wall And flayes the Enmity withal And makes of twain one perfect many Sorenews Christ for me again. The Cross of Christ-it doth destroy That nature that doth disobey, In those that do themselves deny, And take it up most willingly. And daily bear it after him. Who is our Lord, our Prince, and King; And not at all to let it down; Till they come to enjoy the Crown. The Cross of Christ is Power and Life, It doth destroy all mortal strife; It keepeth from the power of Sin, All those that love to walk therein. All that do own Christ Jesus Cross, Through self-denial they must pass, For to be purged from their fins And no longer live therein. The Cross of Christ doth operate frough every vein and vital part, The heart and reins to cleanse from fin, Octhem that's exercif'd therein! 1000 71 All they that live in wickedness, Are enemies to Christ Jelus Cross; For every fir and uncleanness 3110021 VV Doth percettle Life of Chill Jenis 100

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Perfect Love, and breathings of undefiled Life, to the Seed of God, greet-

The streams of Beauty, pure & bright.

That springeth up both day and night.

My love to Trath doth me constrain

In Prison ever to remain;

If it in truth be so that I

Cannot be set at liberty.

My dear Redeemers face fo bright, Doth thine upon me day and hight;

His Countenance doth exceed all

Captivity and Bondage thrall.

My pure and undefiled Love, "" ""

Which cometh from a harmless Dove."

Within whose brests doth still remain.

I have not time nor place to show.

The Love which from my heart doth flow.

The bleffing of the Almighty be, this crit

On Facebs Seed eternally.

And let it make its fare abode believed Upon the Heritage of God.

the Letter of mould copy than out truly the ager tonte time he contented, and president into my hand, and high thirty

The

Hese Writings following, are Copies of divers Letters which they had written to their Friends and near Relations in the time of my visitation of them: But it came so to pass, that as they were handing the same through the Grate of the Prison, by the hand of another man, to be communicated to my hand, being then prefent in the Room also, that the said Letters were intercepted, and in the first place communicated to the Pope's Lord Inquisitor, and he forthwith fent for the Conful, and charged him to get the same truly copied forth: Then the Consul was wrath with me that he should be exercised with so much trouble: But in the Light and Counsel of my God, I seeing and knowing that there was nothing in them but what came from a good ground of Innocency and Truth, and pure natural Affection, I was moved in bowels of tender Love, left the said Letters should be finally miscarried, or thut up in obscurity, therefore. I propounded to the Conful, If that were fuch a trouble to him, if he would let me have the Letters, I should copy them out truly. And after some time he consented, and gave them into my hand, and laid it upon my

my Conscience to perform as I had said, which I did with gladness of heart, not in submission to his Will, but in obedience to the God of I ove and Peace, which guided me in the same; and so after I had finished them, I gave the fair Copies into the Cousul's hands for his Lord Inquisitor.

And so in the wisdom of the Lord, which is wifer than the Serpents, I obtained the very defire of my heart for his Truth and Peoples fake; and retained the Original Copies; and in the endless Love and Power of the Lord Almighty, which was, and is with me, and accompanied me (bleffed and magnified be the Power of his excellent Majesty and Glory, Amen) over the heads of the lofty Mountains, and barren Hills, I brought the Treasures of a blesfed and good ground away with this body in which I am , fo that they were not only in my hands, but also the precious substance and vertue of the same that accompanied them, even in my heart, within my ofome; and the Words of wisdoms Life did I wear as a Chain of precious Stones and Diamonds about my neck, & as Bracelets and Ornaments of a comely and delicate chaste Bride, about my hands and loins; and behold the Almighty Lord and King

Love: And as I lay upon the deck of the Vessel in which I was a Passenger, and stranger among Men of many and dive Nations, in the morning of the day In and beheld the exceeding Glory of t Lord under the secret shadow of his A mightiness, in a Vision of God; and int same I beheld the Bride, the Lamb's Wife prepared for the Bridegroom's coming and why should not I declare somewhat the felicity that mine eye in the Etem Life of bleffedness saw; albeit, the Ra is unutterable which I felt, and knowho to be filent in the Father's Presence, when every Babe knoweth my voice, which me to give a found in their ears to whom an write, and not to spread Pearls befored Swine, that will defile and trample of them: That mine eye, mine eye hath feet and perfectly beheld the Free-born from ea above, coming out of the Wilderness, of the

(98)

King of Eternal Life, that had so migh ly preserved me in the shadow of his h of Almightiness, which stopt the mout of devouring Lyons, and chained and mitted the ravening and devouring w

Beafts of the Forrelt, even he the King

bleffedness and endless Glory, filled in heart with his spotless and unexpression

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(99) ed with goodly and comely Raiments ite and clean, as the light of the Sun. oras a Stone most precious, clear as Chryal Pland:mine eye beheld a Crown which was embraced in the Arms of the Bridegroom, and the Crown was well adorned d d with many Stars, which did excel each offil her in Glory; and mine eye beheld the fil sin as a Bridegroom rejoycing over the and Virgin-Bride of his Espousal, so that I ive was even fick with pure and undefiled Ife Love. Mine eye, mine eye did so affect f my heart, so that I awaked in the same, in s A he morning of a clear day, and I looked, nt and behold the Sun was arifen above the Vife Horizon of the Earth and Waters, and my ling Life abundantly bleffed and magnified the ratt living Lord, my King and my God, the ern Rock of my strength, and saving-health of Ra his Anointed. And behold I had feen a r hol Vision of God in the morning-light, and v Kat the sweet Solution of the same was given ich me to treasure up within my very heart, till in appointed time and season: The Chil-OM efor dien of the Morning-light may right-well read the same as they fit together in their e d ech leveral places, that's over and above the fro earth, and be comforted and refreshed at Q. the joyful Sound of the same Voice that brings reid

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ng

brings the glad-tyding of the good thing yea, and my Spirit with you the bleffed the Lord shall blefs his Name, who is mighty God in the midst of us: Event Amen, Ha-le-lu-jah.

P Baile ye the Lord,
Salvation to his Name,
Ye Saints in Life,
Free from all strife,
Your voice sound forth the same.

My Life shall fing
To Sion's King,
His Love in peace and glory,
Who hath so free
Begotten me
Into his Life that's holy.

Among his Saints and Messengers,
his Fame my heart shall sound,
Because their life
Is free from strife,
In Love that doth abound.

My prayers in the Life that's clean, thall from the same ascend, Unto the God of Love and Peace, that he may you defend. that it may more abound;
For so your fame
In his pure Name,
Doth give a certain sound.

Unto the Nations round about,
your Fame aloud shall sing,

To call them all
Both great and small,
To bow to Sion's King.

Your Gates alwayes,
(Of perfect praise)
Full wide shall open stand,
That all may come
I'th free-born Son,

(Th'Light) to dwell in your Land,

Of rest and peace,
In righteousness,
I'th living Way that's holy;
So you shall sing,
And fruit shall spring
Within the City holy.

The Vine that's true, Shall compass you That sit under his shade,

With

With great delight
In his clear fight,
None shall make you afraid.

Within the perfect Love there is no fell. So in the Father's fight ye are right dear.

My bowels and my foul, my very heart,
To you ye living Saints extends;
Much could I write
In the true Light;
But ye can read, my Friends,

Without a Book of words,
Which finally may end;
My mind that's clean,
Come read the same;
Behold I am your Eriend.

In Faceb's Land,
Where he did stand;
I'th place that's blest,
Where he did rest,
Who like a Prince prevail'd,
with the true Lord of Might,
Who also blessed him,
even in the Morning light.
Selah.

And seeing that it hapned so, that the sopies, of the Letters of the Lord's Prisoers, were left in the hands of their Enemies, in a strange Land, it is seen meet coinfert them among the rest of their Writings, for the good of many of their own Nation of England, who may right-well avour the tender love and vertue of true nd pure natural Affection, not only to their Kindred and Fathers House, but also to their own Country; all of which they were truly called to forfake, as was good old Abraham our Father, who in obedience to the good Word & Commandment of the Almighty God, went forth, not mowing whither he went; even as these poor Women, and many more, who are deemed by the Wise of this world, foolish things, not well confidering how that the Lord hath chosen the Poor of this world, and made them Rich in Faith; and also chuseth base things, and weak things, and foolish things, to confound the things that are mighty, and to bring to nought things; that are, to the end that no Flesh should glory in his presence; who with his mighty hand, and out-stretched arm of Dignity and excellent Power, is defacing and staining the Pride of all Glory, and bringing into

into contempt all the Honourable of the earth that's out of order, and bringing down the haughtiness & lociness of Man who shall know that it is the everlasting and terrible God of Eternity, when he arifeth to shake terribly the Earth, that preffeth down, and oppresseth the Seed of his Bowels, and trampleth on the principal Whear that came out of the good Husbandmans right hand; for which the God of Heaven is visiting the Nations, as in the ancient dayes: Albeit, he hath long time held his peace in the habitation of his Holiness, where his Honour dwelleth; but behold, behold, he is arifing in the Greatnels of his strength, even as a Lyon over his Prey, or as a Lyonness bereaved of her Young; for out of Sion hath he uttered his Voice, and thundered forth the Majesty of his powerful Word of Salvation, through the Gate of his beloved City Ferusalem, from on high, free-born, which hath ecchoed into the ears and hearts of the Hypocrites, and surprized the double-minded with fear on every hand; for he hath cryed, and yet will, in the Spirit of his Prophelie, through his Sons and Daughters, in whom He which is holy dwelleth, to make waste Mountains and Hills, and to devour

105)

st once, as in the ancient dayes: And my Spirit faith, Even so the Lord hasten it (Amen) for his Elects sake.

Katherine Evans to her Husband and Children.

For the hand of JOHN EVANS, my right dear and precious Husband, with my tender-hearted Children, who are more dear and precious unto me, than the Apple of mine eye.

Most dear and faithful Husband, Friend and Brother, begotten of my Eternal Faither, of the immortal Seed of the Covenant of Light, Life and Blessedness, I have, unity and fellowship with thee day and night, to my great Refreshment, and continual Comfort; Praises, Praises be given to our God for evermore, who hath joyned us together in that which neither Sea nor Land can separate or divide. My

My dear heart, my Soul doth dearly falm thee, with my dear and precious Children which are dear and precious in the Light the Lord, to thy endless joy, and my everlastin comfort; glory be to our Lord God eternally who hath called you with a holy Calling, an hath caused his Beauty to shine upon you in the the day of his Power, wherein he is making up of his fewels, and binding up of his fait ful Ones in the Bond of everlasting Love and Salvation, among whom he hath number you of his own free Grace; in which I befeet you (dear hearts) in the fear of the Lord, abide in your measures, according to the ma nifestation of the Revelation of the Son of God in you; keep a diligent watch over ever Thought, Word and Action, and let your mind be staid continually in the Light, where jo will find out the snares and baits of Satan, and be preserved out of his Traps, Nets and Pits that you may not be captivated by him at be will. Oh my dear Husband and Children how often have I poured out my Soul to on everlasting Father for you, with Rivers Tears, night and day, that you might be ken pure and fingle in the fight of our God, impre ving your Talents as wife Virgins, having Oylin your Vessels, and your Lamps burning and cleathed with the long white Robes

interestings, ready to enter the Bed-chamand to sup with the Lamb, and to feed the Feast of fat things, where your souls as be nourished, refreshed, comforted, and sasified, never to hunger again.

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My dear hearts, you do not want teaching, which floweth in a Land of Blessedness, which floweth his Milk and Honey, among the faithful stewards, whose mouths are opened wide in Righteousness, to declare the Eternal Mystemes of the everlasting Kingdom, of the endish Joyes, and eternal Glory; whereinto all the filling and obedient shall enter, and be blessed or ever.

My dear hearts, the Promises of the Lord relarge, and are all Yea and Amen to those but fear his Name ; he will comfort the Mourners in Sion, and will cause the Heavycarted in Jerusalem to rejoyce, because of the lad-tydings; They that do bear the Croß oth patience, shall wear the Crown with joy; it is through the long-suffering and patiminaitings, the Crown of Life and Immorality comes to be obtained: The Lord hath Rercifed my Patience, and tryed me to the uttrmost, to his praise and my eternal comfort, he bath not been wanting to us in any thing. whis own due time; We are Witnesses he can rousde a Table in the Wilderness, both spiritual

tual and temporal. Oh the endless Love our God, who is an everlasting Fountain all living Refreshment; whose Chrystal street never cease running to every thirsty Soul, it breatheth after the springs of Life and Sevation!

In our deepest Affliction, when I looked f every breath to be the last, I could not wish had not come over Seas, because I knew it we my Eternal Father's Will to prove me, with my dear and faithful Friend; In all afflit ons and miseries, the Lord remembred Merc and did not leave nor for sake us, nor suffer to Faithfulness to fail us, but caused the swi drops of his Mercy to distil upon us, and the brightness of his glorious Countenance to hi into our hearts; and was never wanting to in Revelations nor Visions. Oh! how me I do to set forth the Fulness of God's Love our Souls? No tongue can express it, no her can conceive it, nor mind can comprehend Oh the ravishments, the raptures, the gloris bright-shining Countenance of our Lord Gi who is our fulness in emptiness, our strength weakness, our health in sickness, our life death, our joy in sorrow, our peace in disquie ness, our praise in heaviness, our power in needs or necessities; He alone is a full God in tous, and to all that can trust him; be ha

(109:) poed us of our selves, and bath unbotto-This of our Selves, and hath wholly built upon the sure Foundation, the Rock of ges, Christ Jesus the Light of the world; there the Swelling Seas, nor raging, foaming Waves, nor stormy Winds, though they beat rehemently, can be able to remove us. Glory, sonor and praises is to our God for ever, who at of his everlasting Treasures, doth fill us ith his Eternal Riches day by day; he did milh our souls with the choicest of his Meres, and doth feed our bodies with his good reatures, and relieve all our Necessities in a Il measure; Praises, Praises be to him ame; who is our everlasting portion; our condence, and our rejoycing, whom we serve acmably with reverence and God-like fear; four God is a confuming fire. Ohmy dear Husband and precious Chilin, you may feel the issues of Love and Life, nich stream forth as a River to every soul of from a heart that is wholly goyned to the untain! My Prayers are for you day and of without ceasing, beseeching the Lord of Power to pour down his tender Mersupon you, and to keep you in his pure fear, to encrease your Faith, to confirm you in

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Righteousness, and strengthen you in being in the Name of the Lord God Almighty, Dear hearts, I do commit you into the hat of the Almighty, who dwelleth on high, a to the Word of his Grace in you, who is a to build you up to everlasting Life, and etc. nal Salvation. By me, who am thy dear precious Wife, and Spouse, in the Marriage

the Lamb, in the Bed undefiled,

My dearly beloved Yoak-mate in the Wood of our God, doth dearly salute you; Salute dearly to our precious Friends in all plate I do believe we shall see your faces again to joy. Dearly salute us to T. H. R. S. and Sister, S. B. and his Daughter, N. M. his dear Wife, with all the rest of our afficients in Bristol. T. C. and his dear in

and Daughter, and all Friends in Btistol else-where. J. G. and his precious Wit Children and Servants, with all Frien dear Love to E. H. with ber Husband.
Children at Alderberry.

The Original of this was written in the Inquisirion in Malta, in the 11th. Month of the year, 1661.

Gr.

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Sarah Cheevers to her Husband and Children.

M T Dear Husband, my love, my life is given up to serve the living God, and sobey his pure Call in the measure of the manifestation of his Love, Light, Life and Spint of Christ Jesus, his only begotten Son, bom he hath manifested in me, and thousands, by the brightness of his Appearing, to him anend to Sin and Satan, and bring to light mortality, through the preaching of the verlasting Gospel, by the Spirit of Prophesie, hich is poured out upon the Sons & Daughers of the living God, according to his purfe; whereof he hath chosen me, who am the light of all; but God, who is rich in mercy, this own Name sake hath passed by mine

Offences, and bath counted me worthy to bear testimony to his holy Name, before the mighty Men of the Earth. Oh the Love of the Lord to my Soul! my tongue cannot express, neither hath it entred into the heart of Man, to conceive of the things that God bath laid

up for them that fear bim.

Therefore doth my soul breath to my God for thee and my Children, night and day, that your minds may be joyned to the Light of the Lord Fesus, to lead you out of Satans Kingdom, into the Kingdom of God, where we may enjoy one another in the Life Eternal, where neither Sea nor Land can separate; In which Light and Life to I (alute thee my dear Husband, with my Children, wishing you to embrace Gods love, in making his Truth fo clearly manifest amongst you; whereof I am a Witness, even of the everlasting Fountain that hach been opened by the Meffengers of Christ, who preach to you the Word of God in season, and out of season, directing you where you may find your aviour to purge and cleanse you from your fins, and to reconcile you to his Father, and to have unity with him and all the Saints, in the Light, that ye may be fellow Citizens in the Kingdom of Glory. Rest. and Peace, which Christ bath purchased for them that love him, and obey him: What profit is there for to gain

the whole World, and lofe your own Souls? Seek first the Kingdom of God, o the Righteonines thereof and all other things hall be added to you. Godlines is great gain, having the promife of this life that now is, and that which is to come; which is fulfilled to me, who have 'tasted of the Lord's endless Love and Mercies to my foul; and from a moving. of the same love and life do I breath to thee my dear Husband, with my Children; my dear Love salutes you all; my Prayers to my God are for you all, that your minds may be joyned to the Light, wherewith you are lightned, that I may enjoy you in that which is Eternal, and have community with you in the. Spirit. He that is joyned to the Lord, is one spirit, one heart, one mind, one foul, to ferve the Lord with one consent. I cannot by Pen or Paper set forth the large Love of God in fulfilling his gracious Promises to me in the Wilderness, being put into Prison for God's Truth, there to remain all dayes, of my life, being searched, tryed, examined upon pain of death. among the Enemies of God and his Truth standing in jeopardy for my life, until the Lord had subdued and brought them under by his mighty Power, and made them to feed us, and would have given us money or clothes; but the Lord did deck onr Tablerichly in the Wilderne s derness. The Day of the Lord is appear wherein he will discover every Deed of day ness, let it be done never so secret; the Lin of Christ Jesus will make it manifest in ever Conscience; the Lord will rip up all coverns that is not of his own Spirit. The Gold Peace be with you all, Amen.

Written in the Inquisition-Prilo by the hand of Sarah Cheeval for the hand of Henry Cheeval my dear Husband; give this fail not.

I do not well remember that this was of of the surprized Letters.

A Letter to a Kinswoman of S. C.

S. P.

M thee, with thy Husband, and thy tender Babes: I am not unmindful of thee, not of thy Love that thou shewed'ft to me; I know thou shalt not lose thy reward; thou hast found refreshment in it; for it was of the Lord.

(114%) Burthen was weighty for the Lord; I all have fled the Cross; but praises be to Lord that kept me to it, that I might Flose the Crown; I was straitned in it, till lave up to it : Praised be the Name of our, od for ever, Amen. Stand fast in the Lord; mone take thy Crown. The God of Power referve and keep thee low and single in his or, pressing forward to the price of an ingraptible Crown of Glory, Peace and Reft. st of all strife. Keep to the pure Life; watch k Enemy; keep thy mind staid in the meafre of God's Grace, that is able to make thee essento salvation, and to give thee an inhetance with the rest of the Children of Light. Stender lamb, fear and dread the living sod; keep in his presence, go not out to let. the Enemy, to break thy peace, and to darin, thy understanding, and to vail over the ne, from beholding thy Saviour: Incline bine ear to him, give up to a daily Cross to by own will; Stand single, empty; wait upthe Lord to be fill'd with his Fulness: let him be all thy treasure, ask of him, he giveth berally: Believe, and thou shalt receive; is Promise is large; I have found it so. Haing nothing, yet enjoying all things. I have afted; handled and felt of his everlasting bove, and indurable Riches; my life is rapt

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up in it; I have found Him whom my loveth: Oh! what might I do to set forth? He is the choicest of ten thousand therefore doth my soul love him.

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Scales,

My life is given up for him,
his Truth for to declare;
Lord guide me in thy path,
and keep me in thy fear. Amen.

My dear Aunt: My dear love and lift with thee; and I do embrace thee inthe Arms and Bosom of my Eternal Fathers love with thy dear Husband and little Ones.

Another in the same Paper to Friends,

of Truth, I dearly salute you in the Light, Life and Love of our God, which is shed abroad in our hearts by the holy Ghost, wherein I do rejoyce, and have union with you. My Life is given up to serve the Lord. Oh how my soul travels for the Seed of God's Kingdom, to be sown throughout all Nations, for the gathering in of Christ's scattered Flock, and for the destruction of fin and Satan: For

our God is weighing the Mountains in

cales, and the Dust in an equal Ballance: de is pulling down the mighty, and raising memeek, humble, lowly, he is feeding the poor and hungry with good things, but the rich he sends empty away. My dear Babes and Lambs, feed of the fincere Milk of the Word of Life, that you may grow binit, and wax strong in spirit to praise the Lord, and to glorifie him who is worthy. Be frong in the Lord, and in the Power of his Might; feek him earnestly, call upon him continually; let your whole Meditations be staid in him alway. Seek him earnestly; deny your own thoughts and words; give heed to the Light, bring Il your deeds to it; give up all that is! contrary, to be flain; stand fingle, empty, maked before the Lord, that you may be filled with the Streams of his everlasting Love. Oh my dear hearts! our God is full of love; stand not back, press forward, let nothing hinder you; the Lord calls for you, My Son, give me thy heart: The Promile of our God is as large to you as to any, if you can believe; your straitness is in your selves; For God is a full Fountain; abundance of love runs forth to them that can trust him; I can wirness it; in the barren Wilderness he caused streams

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of living Water to break forth: I cannot express it, it is so large; therefore dothin soul thirst after you, my dear Ones; the love of God is to you. My dear Sisters, have you in my remembrance, and do proto my God and your God, that you may be enlarged in your measures to praise the Lord, and to be kept in a sensible feeling of his Power daily; and that you may encrease in wisdom, strength and power over God's Enemies. The Blessing of the Lord God Almighty be with you, and preserve you by his mighty Power, unto the coming of our Lord Jesus Christ, Amen.

Salute me to my Sister S. R. there is tender Plant in her; I do feel it to my comfort, praises be to the Lord. I amin health I praise the Lord, and do want not thing; the Lord is my portion, I cannot want; he hath deckt my Table richly, he hath anointed my head with Balm, it run-

Written in the Inquisiti- Your dear Sister on-Prison at the Isle of in the Lord, Malta, by a sufferer for the Seeds sake. Fare- Sa. Cheevers wel at this time, Amen.

neth down the skirts of my cloathing.

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and Children; with somewhat from both the Lord's Prisoners, to Friends; the which was taken with the rest of the Letters, in the Inquisition; and copied out for their Lord Inquisitor.

D Ear Husband, with my dear Children,
I befeech you together, to wait in
the patience, having your minds alwayes
flaid upon the Lord: Keep out of incumbrances, for that is the Enemies opportunity to step in, when the mind is gone
forth, to vail the pure, and darken the
understanding, and so hinder you of the
pure enjoyment of beholding the Glory
of God in the face of Jesus Christ.

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Take no more upon you than you are able to perform in the Spirit of moderation and meekness, for that is in the fight of God of great price: See the Lord going before you in all your occasions, that you may be prosperous in all your undertakings; wait diligently upon the Lord, to be seasoned with his Grace, that you may

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come

come to a pure understanding of the ons of his Eternal Spirit, and a true in ledge of the operation of his hands you will be able with all Saints, to comprehend what is the height, and dependent of the riches his Grace and Loye towards manking Christ Jesus our Lord, Amen, saith my spurity is the Counsel of the Lord unto the

This is the Counfel of the Lord unto you I do often remember M. H. I do de fire she may be brought up in the feat God, and want for nothing that is conve nient for her ; faluteime to her dearly have been very fenfible, dear Husbanda thine, and our Children, and many del friends more, of your forrowful foul mourning hearts, grieved spirits, trouble minds for us, as being Members of one Body, Christ Jesus being our Head, we milk needs'fuffer together, that we may rejoye together; a true forrow begets a true joy à true Cross, a true Crown. We do beleive it is our heavenly Fathers will and purpole to bring us back as safe to England; as ever he brought us thence, for his own glory! though we are some of the least of Christ's Flock, yet we do belong to the true Fold and our Shepherd hath had as great; a care of us, as he could have for any of his

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Index, and hath brought us through great lection, praises be given to his glorious and, of us, and you, and all that know and for ever. Though we are absent in edy in the will of God, from you, yet we represent in spirit in the will of God, with you, and do receive the benefit of all but prayers daily, and do feel the Springs of Life that do stream from all the faithful hearted, to our great refreshment and strengthening.

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After our money was gone, the Lord Inquifitor, with the rest in Authority, put a great allowance in one of their fervants hands for our maintenance, because we could take no money our felves? the Lord of Heaven did forbidus to meddle with any and he did fend to know whether we did want any clothes, he would fend it to the Prison to us : This was the large love of our God to us, and we were made contented with that we had, till the Lord God (who is rich in mercy, and full of all Grace, and is never unmindful of any which trust in his Name) of his everlasting love did send his faithful Messenger, whose feet are beautiful, and face is comely. cloathed with a bright shining Garment from the Crown of the head, to the foal of the foot, and came in great power a ftrength indeed, armed with the who Armour of Light, and drest in the Majes of the Most High, and being commission

of the Higher Power, went to the La Inquisitor to demand our lawful libert which would not be granted, except could get some English Merchants of L gorn or Messana, to engage 4000 Dolla that we should never come into those parts again. The Lord (who alone is a Life and Redeemer') moved our dear Brisse ther to offer his own body to redeem out the but it would not be received; then he offer ble red to lay down his own dear and precion life for our liberty: Greater love cannot man have, than to lay down his life for him Friend; the Lord will restore it into him. bosom double; his service can never le blotted out; his Name is called Danis an Baker; his outward being is near London, right dear and precious heart he is: The ha blefling, strength, and power of the Al Wo mighty be upon him and his, and overship ina dow them for ever, Amen. Greater com fort could never be administred to us it our conditions; Glory, honor and praise of to our God for evermore, Amen. This is a dear and sweet salutation in at which never changeth, fadeth away, of waxeth old, from us whom the Lord silicounted worthy to bear his Name, and suffer for his sake, to all our Christian Priends, Fathers and Elders, Pillars of Sodsspiritual House, Brethren and Sisters

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on the Lord Jesus Christ.
O my dear Husband, with our dear indprecious Children, Lambs of God and Babes of Christ, begotten of the Immortal seed of Light, Life and Truth, with us, and all the whole Family of everlasting

Pray for us believingly; all things are cann possible with our God. So my Darlings, for his in the Arms of everlating Love do I take to his in leave of you; the blessing and peace of york the Most High be upon you ever, Aman, Danis Amen.

odon, Oh my dear Husband! praise the Lord: The hat ever thou hadit a Wise that was found the Al worthy to suffer for the Name of the Lord, either instruction as I can understand the moving composition of God: My dear and faithful wish toke-fellow, Sister and Friend, is worthy praise obe embraced of all friends for ever; the deeper the sorrow, the greater the joy; the heavier the Cross, the weightier the Crown.

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Crown. This was written in the Indi

Malta 11th. Month of the year, 1661.

Katherine Eval Sarah Cheever

From K. E. for two Friends.

Early beloved Brother in the ever lafting Covenant of Light and Life do I dearly falute and embrace thee, will thy dear Wife, my beloved Sifter, and the dear Children, whom I dearly love in the which never changeth : My dear and faithful Friends, I am often refreshed in you, when the Light brings you to my fe membrance; then do I feel the springs of Love and Life, which ariseth from the pure Fountain of Eternal refreshments, to my joy and comfort, wherein I am made it praise and glorifie my God and your God who hath redeemed us out of the Chains of darkness, and Kingdom of blackness, into the everlatting brightness, glory, joy, and

perfect bleffedness for ever, to dwell in the enjoyment of his living presence, is

we abide faithful to Eternity; in his pre-

(1251) ace is fulness of joy, and at his right and is pleasure for evermore.

My prayers are night and day without aling, to our Heavenly Father, that not me of his begetting may ever turn or flide back, but that every one may press forward towards the Mark of the price of the heh calling in Christ Jesus, who is our Life and Glory, and so all may come to wear the Crown of Life and Immortality, niumphing in the everlasting Blessedness of the Heavenly Riches and Eternal Joy and Happiness, that's perfect for ever,

Amen.

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Oh! my dear Brother and Sister, we are M'Children of our Father, begotten in the everlasting Seed of the Promise of Eernal Life and Salvation. Oh my precious Friends! wait patiently with me, aldayes in the pure Fear of the perfect and Dire God, who hath an eternal Treasure, full of everlasting Riches, and ready to, istribute them to all his dutiful Children: Glory and Praises be given to his blessed Name for ever. Oh my Beloved ones! four love to me is written in the Records that cannot be lost.

Dear hearts, glorifie our God in my behalf, that ever he counted me worthy to fuffer for his Name; I hope to see yo faces again (yet once more) with joy an gladness, with my dear yoke-fellow in the Lord's Work, before we go hence, and no more seen. So in the tender bowels of pure Love, do I take my leave of your this time. The everlasting peace and blessedness be upon you, and upon the whole I frael of God, Amen.

Dearly salute us to all Friends.

This was written in the Inquisition at Malta, in the 11th month of the year, 1661.

Katherine Evans

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There was another Letter (and Paper) which was intercepted; but I have to not here with me, it being sent home from Legorn. Yet here followeth more of their Writings to Friends, and to my own particular, which at several times I received from them, unknown to their Oppressers.

Copy of a Letter that I was moved to write the next day after I came to the Island and City, and communicated to their hands.

Ear Lambs, Peace be unto you, Amen, Now feeing that the Everlasting God and Father of all Truth, hath in his ender love, fatherly mercy, and bowels Compassion (through the tryals of maaffold lufferings and temptations) hithero, even to this day, upheld and preserved ou in the Innocency, and its Testimony gainst the contrary; although sometimes I know that) you have tasted the sentence death in your felves, and even (as it nere) ready to despair of life; yet in the wing Testimony of Innocency, in the anver of a good Conscience, I Daniel, bear ou Record in the Covenant of Life, the me remaineth with you, and you are in a good sweet savour to the Lord, and his fernal Truth and People. Oh!-bleffed or ever be his Name, yea, and my very eart and life bleffeth and magnifieth the ord on your-behalf. Wherefore

Wherefore my dear Friends, be faithful, full of Faith, and the living invisible God of Peace is with you, and will not forfake you, feeing it is so; and much more you

know which might be declared.

Oh! I am moved in the Bowels of my Father's Love, as one with you (in tryals, and the exercise of manifold temptations) to fir up your pure and innocent minds by way of remembrance, and also to beseech you to take heed to the Teltimony of Life that's undefiled, and manifest in you, and to dwell in the same which retains the loy and Comfort of the Lord, and his Peace, which you know is not of the World; and fo to watch and beware of the Enemy that is near to tempt to make shipwrack of Faith and a good Conscience, and to dispair, and fo to betray not only your own innocent long-fufferings, but also the Testimony of the Lord God of our Life, for which you have so; long suffered, and by the pare Divine Vertue of the same have you been to this day preserved; so that the Lord (who is and will be your reward) hath not been wanting to you, on his part. Oh faint not, but lift up your heads, and be faithful still, as I am not otherwise perswaded concerning you; and I am well perswaded way, Deliverance will come to the Seed; and ye know, if the same come not in his own Covenant of Truth, in the Light of his Countenance, it cannot be well; but your nay (you know) is to be nay, and so to stand in the Truth, against the contrary, whatsoever our God permits unreasonable men to inslict upon the outward or visible body; and the same also will work for his Glory, and also for the Good and Eternal Peace of his innocent suffering Lambs not-withstanding.

Your tender Brother, D. B.

And when this, with other Papers, I had (through not a little difficulty) communicated to their hands over the heads of our Enemies, I was moved to speak my Message, as from the Lord of Life, to them, after I had offered up my body, and to lay down my Life for these poor Innocents, my dear Friends; and so with my voice I saluted them in the Lord's Truth, as they stood at the Prison-Grates, with these words, in the behalf of the general Assembly of the Saints in light, so

wit. The whole Rody of God's Elect, right dearly ownerh your Testimony, and you are a freet favour unto the Lord and his people : And forasmuch as one of these poor afflisted Lambs replied, and faid on this wife, as if it was a trouble to them that they could not be more ferviceable. Then my heart being melted, and my bowels of pity, mercy and compassion, being moved, I faid, That it was a wonderful mercy of the Lord, in as much as they were preferved in their own measure of Truth, and pure Innocency, for which my heart praifed the Lord for what mine eye faw, which right dearly affected my heart; and we were well refreshed at that leason, in the sweet presence of our living God, albeit, our bodies were at a distance, but so as we could behold each others face through the Prison bars of Iron, in the Inquisition.

Now for so much as in the Wisdom of God it is seen meet, that the fore-mentioned and following Writings which came from their hands, might appear to publick view, that thereby every Member of the one Body may have a right understanding, and not only so, but also a sensible feeling, not

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not only of the tryals & sufferings in part of these innocent Lambs, but also, of the Consolations of each other, as sellow-Members of the infinite Body of which Christ Jesus the Lord is both King and Head; in whom be endless dominion and pure glory, and eternal salvation, Amen.

And so I being as it were constrained to publish the acceptable Words, that sound and favor of pure innocency and clear truth, for the Elect's fake; in the same Love and Life I am the more free hereunto, even as a Child, that differs but little from a servant, as I am in the Fathers Love, Power and Grace of Life, fitted to ferve the undefiled Life of the least in the Kingdom of Blessedness, and to administer comfort, or what else I have received from the Eternal Fountain or Fulness, for the use or service of either body, mind, foul or spirit, of my own flesh or family, feeing no man ever hated his own Flesh; and he is worse than an Infidel that provideth not for his own Family, especially them of his own House.

night, togatha-

K 2

This

This is a freet Salutation to God's Elect Church in England and Ireland.

D'Ight dear, precious and Heavenly Ones, whose Beauty shineth bright. and at whose Name the hearts of the Heathen do tremble: We, who through the everlatting Mercies of our God, are Members of the same Body, and are held in strait Captivity, and hard Bondage, for withesfing forth the same Testimony and Covenant of pure Light, Life and Truth of our God, with you dear and faithful Ones indeed; We here in the same Covenant of pure Love, and bowels of tenderness, do dearly salute and imbrace you all, glorifying and praising our eternal Father for you all, who hath counted us worthy to partake of the fellowship and sufferings for the Bodies sake, with you in tribulations, fiery tryals, manifold temptations, Fallings, warchings, heats and colds, and cruel threatning and persecutions; perils by Sea, and perils by Land, standing in jeopardy of our lives year after year, and looking every hour, day and night, for many Weeks together, when we should be brought out to Execution; but though Pro-brough clamation was made, and they came up to Ex to the very Gate with a Drum and Mus-Castion quets, to fetch us out to destroy us, yet the Lord God of everlasting strength, who in the deepest of all dangers, and greatest extremity, when all hopes were past, did but blow upon them with the breath of his nostrils, and they did fly as dust before the Wind; for which we do intreat all Friends to glorifie our God on our behalf; for never did the Lord our God work greater Deliverance for any, than he hath done for us from time to time, who are the least and weakest, for what we know, that ever the Lord our God fent forth in fo great and weighty a work: but all things are possible with him, who made and created all things; It is he alone which carrieth on his own Work by his own mighty Power, and the glory shall be his own for evermore, Amenas al as au as las de de ven

Oh our dearly beloved Friends, did you know but the third part of the Afflictions the Lord our God hath carried us through, you would fay, The Lord hath wrought as great a Miracle in our preservation, as ever he did in raising Lazarus out of the

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Grave

Grave : And in the greatest of our afflictions, we could not fay in our hearts, Father would thou hadft not brought us hither, but cryed mightily to our God for Power to carry us through whatfoever Mould be inflicted upon us that the Truth of our God might not suffer through our weakness: And the Lord did hear us, and answered us in righteousness; and carried us on with allyboldness, and made our fore-heads as Flint, & our brows as Brass. in the faces of our Enemies; that when foever we were brought forth upon aryal, all. fear was taken away, that we flood as Iron-Gates, and Castle-Walls in the faces of our Enemies, so that they said, we would fain be bisrned; but we answered, No, wo would not willingly be burned about if bur heavenly Father doth call us tro fuffer in that kind for his Name Take, The will give uspower to go through it: and we have great cause to believe it; for our Lord God never called us to do any fervice for: him, but he gave us power, and made way forthis own Work; glory and praise be to hisholy Name for ever. had the wiel say

Dearly beloved Friends, marvel not why Ifrael is not gathered in all this time; it is not forwant of labour; nor thavel, nor

grief, nor pain, fasting nor mourning, nor weeping, nor love to their fouls ; but it is because of the great Oppression : For here are a willing people, but they dare not until the Lord make way for them. Truly Friends, we have not been idle fince we faw your faces, nor have we had much ease to the flesh, but do travel night and day for Sion's prosperity and perfect joy, and for the reparation of Ferufalem, and her pure praise; though our forrows are deep, and our afflictions/grievous, yet we do wait with patience to reapthe peaceable fruits of righteoufness, and enjoy the benefit of our uprightness praises be to our God for every he hath keptins by his power and holines, that our Enemies have not one jot or tittle against nis, but for the Truth of our God; and that we could not joyn with them ; fo they would not fuffer us to have one line of refreshment, but fript us out of all, fo that we could not expect one drop of mercy, favour nor affection, but what our heavenly Father did distil upon us from his living prefence, and work for us by the operation of his own Arm of Arength and power. Bur dear Friends, though a long Winter, and many harp and terrible Storms have

past over our heads, so that we cannot express our Sorrows; so likewise we cannot declare our Joys. Oh! in the midst of all our afflictions, our God did draw nigh unto us, and did speak comfortably unto us with many sweet and precious Promises, and did never suffer his faithfulness to fail us, nor was he wanting unto us in Visions and Revelations. Oh! how doth he appear in his Glory, Beauty and Brightness, so that our souls are ravished and wrapped up with his living presence and glory many times, so that we do not dare to look out at our long-sufferings nor tryals, but doi preis forwards towards the fulness of Joy and Bleffedness, which our eternal Father hath prepared for all them that love him, and walk in obedience to him; and we know, the deeper our forrow is, the greater our Joy shall be ; and the heavier -our Crofs, the weightier our Crown, as we sabide faithful. And we do believe, that meither principalities, nor powers, nor fufferings, nor imprisonment, nor persecution, nor life nor death, shall be able to separate us from the Love of God in Christ Jesus our Lord and Saviour; Amen:

Dearly beloved Friends, though our bodies are bolted up in the Rocks & Caves

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of the Earth, yet our spirits (you know) none can limit nor confine to any place. And we do behold your order and stedfastness of your Faith, and Labour of love, and are daily refreshed in all the faithful-hearted, Oh dear hearts! the remembrance of the least of you is precious. Oh! the Rivers of tears that have distilled from our eyes, whilft we do think upon you, for joy, because of your growth and flourishing in the Truth. Oh ! you are Virgins indeed, who have Oyl in your Vessels, and your Lamps burning, and are clothed with the long white Robes of Righteousness, and are adorned with the Ornaments of pure beauty and glorious brightness (abundance of you) to our joy and comfort; and we do pray night and day, That every Babe of our Heavenly Father's begetting may prosper, even as we defire our own souls should prosper; and that every one may be kept out of incumbrances, and use the World as if they used it not; but every one's mind, spirit, heart and soul, may be exercised in the Eternal, by the Power of how to God, out of the earthly, and out of the wife the visible, out of the carnal and perishing world things of this life (fo as to trust in it) into the heavenly, into the spiritual, into the invisible.

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invisible into that which never changeth, fadethy nor waxeth old, where every one may dwell in the enjoyment of the presence of the Lord; for in the presence of the Lord is fulness of joy, and at his right hand is pleasure for evermore. Oh, that every one may be emptied of your felves, and unbortomed of your felves, that you may build wholly upon the fure foundarion, and anchored so fast upon the Rock of Ages, that neither the swelling Seas, nor the foaming Waves, nor formy Winds, though they beat vehemently, may ever be able to remove you. Oh dear Brethren, in the life and power you may feel the iffues of Love and Life, which stream as a Riverto every foul of you, from the hearts of its that are wholly joyned to the Fountain; Glory and everlalting Praises be given to his holy Name. Our whole fouls, spirits, hearts and minds; are given up to ferve the Lordin whatfoever he requireth of us, as he shall make it manifest unto us: And we do bleffe his Name for ever, that he hath found us worthy of fo high a

Rebind Rings in Chains

Nobles in fetters of Iron. Our prayers are continually for the advancement of the Gospel of the Lord Jesus throughout

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the whole Earth, for the gathering of the Seed of the Elect of God, and for the raifing of it up over the Seed of the Serpent. in power and great glory, to bear rule, and to have dominion over the whole World, that the Kingdoms of this World, may become the Kingdoms of our Lord Jesus, that he may rule in his Princely Power, and reign in his Kingly Majesty, whose Right it is; that the knowledge of the Lord may cover the Earth, as the Water covereth the Sea; that all the Children of the Lord may be taught of the Lord, and be established in Righteousness; that so the Mourners in Sion may rejoyce, and the heavy-hearted in Fernsalem may be right glad: The Lord God of Power haften it for his own Name's fake, and for his Elects Take, that Iye in captivity under the hands of the dark powers of the Earth, either spiritual or temporal; Amen, Amen, faith our spirits.

Dear and precious Friends and Brethren, pray for us, that we may finish our Testimony to the glory of God, and to the praise of his holy Name, and to the comfort of all that love his appearing, and to our own eternal salvation, and to the shame and confusion of all that hate the Lord Jesus,

and

and perfecute his Truth. So in the pure Unity of the Covenant of Light, Life, Peace, Love, and everlasting Righteousness, do we take our leaves of you all at this time, hoping and believing we shall fee your faces once again, before we go hence, and be no more feen. Dear Friends,

pray for us.

Though we were fin many straits and hardships by reason of the oppression; yet whilst our minds were staid upon the Fountain, we saw no want; but our tender Father, whose heavenly eye was ever over us, saw our necessities, sent his right dear and precious Servant, and just and faithful Steward, Daniel Baker, to administer to our Necessities both spiritual, and temporal; he came not in his own time, will nor strength, but in the Will and Time, Strength and Power of the Almighty God: at whose presence the Mountains were removed, the tall Cedars were made to bow. the strong Oaks to stoop. Oh wonderful! He went to the Lord Inquisitor(the Popes Deputy) to demand our lawful Liberty, which would not be granted, unless, he and we would write to Messana, or Legorn, to some English Merchant, to be engaged for four thousand Dollers: Which Proposition being out of the Covenant of Light, we durst not stoop to it; but our dear Brother in Christ Jesus offered his body for our Liberty, but it would not be granted; nothing would serve but one to engage for four thousand Dollers to be paid, if ever we come into these parts again. Then in obedience to the Lord he offered up his Life for our Freedom, but all would not serve; the Will of our God be done.

Oh dear Friends! greater Love was never heard of, than for a man to lay down his Life for his Friend: Oh! it is worthy to be recorded in remembrance of him for ever; here he came up and down to administer to us with his Life in his hand, time after time. So the Lord God of Power reward him double into his bosome for ever. Oh! how did he refresh our souls, spirits, minds and bodies through great trivals, which is never to be forgotten.

Written in the Inquisition at Ka. Evans.

Malta, in the 11th Month of the year, 1661. By us,

S. Cheevers.

Who have suffered for the living Testimony of Jesus, and his pure Innocency, in Bonds, Tryals and Tribulations, more than three years, to this day.

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A Short Relation of Some more of their exceeding great Tryals and Temptations.

TOw in short time after we were taken Prisoners, we were stung with Flyes called Muskatoes, in our faces & our heads, as we lay in our Beds, that were swollen as if we had the small-Pox, so that all people were afraid of us, save the English Conful; they thought we had been unclean persons, so that a Friar told Sarab he saw finallan evil Spirit in her face, which was a great tryal's they could, not sleep in their beds in the house, they were so tormented; and we were told, that they had feen them that did pray and preach every day, were burnt for Witches in a short time; and they would keep us to fee our lives & converfations; and so they have : And glory be to cur God, they cannot lay guilt to our charge, but are made to confess the Truth. In a few dayes after we were there, in a Vision: in the night, the Lord appeared to me, and shewed me, that round about us,

and

and above and beneath us there were many Magicians of Egypt; and the Lord fmote me, and faid unto me, The Debil hath defired to winnow you as Tuheat: but peap that pour Faith fail not. And the fight was very dreadful and terrible : and the Voice of the Lord did awake me with much trembling and amazement, and a great War, for the space of twelve hours, before I could get the victory; and we did witness but little ease to the flesh night nor day. We went in obedience to the Lord to one of their Tower-Houses, in time of their Worship, and stood trembling in the midst of them; and I was made to turn my back to the high Altar, and kneel down, and lift up my voice in prayer unto the Lord; and he that was faying Service, drew off his Surplice, and kneeled a little beside us till I had done. and he reacht forth his hand to us, to come to him, and offered me a token; and the Lord shewed me it was the Mark of the Beaft; and I refused it; andhe put it into Sarah's hand, and she gave it him again, and shewed him her Purse, that she had to give, if any had need. And he asked if we were Calvinifts or Lutherans? And we faid, Nay, And he asked if we would go

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to Rome to the Pope? But we denied. And he asked if we were Catholicks? And we told him, We were true Chirstians, the Servants of the living God. And many of them were amazed, and came round about us; we having but little of their Tongue, gave our Testimony (for the Lord) in words and signs, as well as we could; and they were made subject to the Power at that present, praises be given to our. God, and we departed in peace.

And fince that, the Lord laid such a hea-

vy burthen upon us, that we did question Wee .. what he would do with us, before we knew Woult & the mind of God in it. And upon a fetday they had a great Meeting to take their Saw thom holy Sacrament (as they call it) in a high atmass place; but we knew nothing of it, nor where it was, but what the Lord revealed to'us: And we were made to go in, and Rand in the midst; and there were many lights in divers places, & many Christs, as they call them, and much costliness and abominations of the Earth they had so many forts of holy Garments (as they call them) of fo many colours, that it would make one wonder how the Devil did invent it: And there we were made to fland in the midft for the space of three parts of an

hour,

hour, as near as I can judge, in great power, trembling and quaking, and bitter mourning, fo that they were all amazed, and some removed further for fear, but knew not what to do : for I never did witneis such an Earthquake. In the end one came foberly, and ipake to us to go forth; and we went in the Lord's time, and fate at the door trembling and mourning, to the aftonishment of them; and being so overcome with their Abominations, we went along the street reeling to and fro. and staggering like drunken men, so that we were a wound to all that faw us: It was the wonderful Power of God that made way for us to go forth to them, and kept us. They have used all the Craft they have day and night, to inchant us, as the Lord hath made it known unto us; Glory and praises be to his everlasting Name for evermore. We know that there is no Inchantment against Facob, nor divination against Ifrael.

Dearly beloved Friends, We dearly falute you all in the invisible Life of our God, who is our life, our peace, our stay and strength; under whose Shadow we are refreshed; praises, glory and honor be gi-

ven unto his powerful Name, of all his, for ever

Truly Friends, we are not able to declarethe large Mercies of our God, vouch-Tafed unto us from time to time; his Hoin is out Strength, and his Name our strong Tower in all our troubles, temptations, tiyals and fufferings; he is a God at hand, and not afar off, and doth make us fenfible before hand, by Vafions and Revelatiohs, what is coming upon us; and doth arin us with his own Armour, and makes us as bold as Lydns; for we fear not the face of man, because we know we shall not fuffer any thing but what shall make for the gary of our God: But truly we had failited fong ago, had not the Lord upheld is by his free Spifft; but we know the Lord taketh care of the least of them that traff fin ? Praises be unto him for ever. Dear Friends, though we be absent in body, yet we are present in spirit, and do feel you in that which cannot be feparated, as we abide faithful, and are much refreshed in you; and the remembrance of you is precious unto us: Oh, that all bur Friends could prize the company and the fight of each others faces. We do not want the company of Friars, Jefuites and Magistrates,

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gistrates, nor great women. Here are some that have breathings after Life, but they dare not shew it; for the same thing that was, is; they will not enter in themselves, nor suffer them that would.

The Lord Inquisitor sent to us, That if we would (being we are good women) we we should go into the Nunnery amongst the mode holy women, and be maintained as long for the as we live, in regard we have denied the world, and all that we have. And the Friar told us, if we would come to their Masse house, and receive their holy Sacrament; we should be the most eminent Catholicks in all Malta. But we denied them in the Name of the Lord, and all their dead foppery which they have invented. Here we are kept under the Inquisition, as they say, till they have Orders from the Pope of Rome what they should do with us.

We beseech you all, faithful Friends, pray for us, for great are our tryals: Did you but know the Abominations that the Devil hath invented here, you would think it were tryal enough. But here we have cruel mockings; and the same contradictions, tryals and temptations that ever the Servants of the Lord had, and Christ himself. It is the wonderful Power of

God that we are preserved till this time: for all the whole, Island are Papists, and given up to Idolatry. We are despised of all People, and abhorred of all Nations ; and because they cannot have any just thing against us, they do invent lies against us: but the Lord is on our fide, for else the Enemy would foon destroy us: for great is their rage; and we have continual war with them, night and day we feel : behold their threatnings and cruelty is more than our tongues can express. Great is . the love of our God, for he doth refresh us with the sweet drops of his mercy, and doth water us every moment with the everlatting fprings of his Love, or elfe we had fainted long ago.

Ohl-let all who know the Lord, praise and glorifie his holy Name for ever and ever, Amen. Dear Friends, farewel in the Lord.

the City of Males, for the Testimony of JESUS, Glory be to his Name for eyer, who hath counted us worthy. We are in health at present, blessed be God.

Ka. Evans.

Sa. Chevers.

Several other Writings to D. B. whilft he was in MALTA.

OH thou tender-hearted one, whom our God and our eternal Father hath fent to relieve us his poor innocent Lambs, in hard bondage, and deep captivity, which thou art an eye-witness of; none can receive or discern it, but those that do see it: But our heavenly Father, who hath respect to the rest of them that believe in his Name, hath sent thee to be an eye-witness in some measure, of what we have undergone.

Oh my dear, precious and endeared one! thou meek Lamb, thou innocent Dove, who dost bear the likeness, beauty and brightness of that unspotted One that is come in the Volumn of the Book to do the Will of God: We can give in our Testimony for thee; that thou camest here in the Power & Authority of the Most High, to which the tall Cedars were made to bow, and the strong Oaks to bend praises, praises be given to our everlasting Cod for evermore.

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Oh my dearly beloved Brother, thy beauty shineth indeed, thou art all glorious within and without; thy Garments are perfumed with all delightfom scents; We smell the sweet Odours thereof, and do feel the fulness of Love and Life which runs from thy tender heart day and night to us, and in the same Unity of Love do our hearts fream forth to thee, as thou knowest full well: Oh how have our hearts and bowels been melted for thee! our heads and eyes have run with tears, and our fouls have been poured forth to our heavenly Father for thy preservation, and we did truly labour to see thy face before thou camest: Glory and praises be given to our Eternal Lord God, Amen, faith our spirits; that he doth vouchsafe us so great a mercy, as to behold the face of fo precious a Friend. We do befeech God to moderate us with his Eternal Spirit, that we may alwayes be mindful of his mercies, and never to let his benefits flip out of our minds. We have been near death many times, when we had none to come near jus, but those that preached death and destruction to us; I have lain twelve dayes, or more, in a falt, in strong travel night and day, that my dearly beloved Yokemate would have been glad if the Lord would have taken me out of the body, be-

cause of my great affliction.

Then the English Friar which was here, came up and down to us, and would fay to my Friend, She is ready to depart; fend for me, and take notice what torments she will be in: a thousand Devils will be about her, to fetch her soul to Hell, because she will not be a Catholick. And after we were parted, we for were called to fast, so that my Friend was fo weak, that she put on such linnen upon her head, as she thought to lie in in her 194 Grave: We did eat but little in a month together, when our money was almost done, till we did know the mind of the Lord what to do. Then thy did run to and fro like mad men, and the Friars did come and say, The Inquisitor sent them to tell us, we might have any thing we would eat : and they did fay, it was not possible that ever creatures could live with so little meat for so long a time together. They did bring us meat, and say, the English Consul did fend it. It was a glorious Fast indeed, the Lord did appear wonderfully in it, praises. be given to him for ever, Amen.

We were very weak, because the power did work so strongly; I had no manner of food

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In my body five or fix days together; We did lie in our clothes, because we had no strength to put them off, nor one to make our bed: Then we did speak to the Friar, that we might come together; but he said they had no fuch order; if we would have a Physician, we might. And there we lay, none knowing from morning to morning whether we were dead or alive. We were kept quiet and still till the Lord's time was come; they brought many things for us to eat : Then the Lord faid, Thou mapest take as freely as if thou haost laboured for it with the hands; I will fandiffe it to thee through the Cross. he said unto Sarah, the should eat of the fruit of her hands, and be bleffed. And we did ear, and were refreshed, and glorified the Lord; We did cry mightily unto the Lord night and day, that we might not eat nor drink to offend him, we would rather dye. The Lord was well pleased with our Sacrifice, and did increase our strength; and administred comfort to us; honor and glory be to his bleffed Name for ever. In the lowest of all our conditions, we were kept a top of all the mountains, fo that they could not make us shrink or bow one for or tittle to any of their Precepts or Com(153)

Commands. Yet the Friars have commanded us in the name of their god to

kneel with them in prayer.

The time is too little for me to disclose the twentieth part of the terrible tryals; but whensoever we were brought upon any tryal, the Lord did take away all fear from us, and multiplied our strength, and gave us power and boldness to plead for the Truth of the Lord Jesus, and wisdom of words, to stop the mouthes of the gain-sayers, that they would be made to say, We spake Truth; they could never say otherwise: But they would say, We had not the true Faith, but we had all Virtues.

Oh dear heart! if it be our Eternal Fathers good pleasure to carry thee away without us, we do beseech our heavenly Father to bless, and give thee a prosperous return, and to feed thee with the sulness of the blessing of the powerful Gospel of the Lord Jesus Christ, Amen. And we do believe we shall not want thy prayers, nor the prayers of all the Faithful, that we may keep faithful to the end; so that our God may be gloristed, his Church and People may be refreshed and rejoyced, and we may receive our Reward with the rest of the Lord's Lambs.

Our

Our Life is with the; for oh l thou sit full of Love thou tender-hearted one, who hast offered up thy sanctified body, and purified life, in obedience to the Lord, for us poor afflicted Lambs with thee, and companions in tribulations, trials and perfecutions, and in perils at Sea, and perils by Land. Oh thou precious Lamb of God, great is thy reward in Heaven great will be the Well-spring of joy that will arise in thee, in thy Journey: Oh thou happy one indeed! whom the Lord our God hath made choice of amongst his faithful Flock, and endued with so much power to come into fuch a place as this, not the like in all Enrope; by their own report, and all others, and to ftop the mouths of Lyons, and to trample upon the heads of Serpents, Scorpions and Vipers of the Earth, and they could not hurt thee; their stings are taken out of their heads, and out of their tails : Glory, Honour and everlasting Praises be given to our God for evermore, of all that know him, for he is worthy.

And the Lord bless thee and thine for ever Amen, and encrease thy strength, and multiply thee abundantly in every good Gift and Grace, and prosper all thy undertakings,

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dertakings, that thou mayest be approved for ever before the King of Saints, in the General Assembly of the Most High, and stand before the Throne of his Majesty with 10y unspeakable, and full of glory; Amen, Amen, saith our spirits.

Dearly beloved pray for us, that we fall not, nor fail, whereby our Enemies may have any advantage to rejoyce, and fay, We served a God that could not save us, and called upon a God that could not deliver us; as if we were like them, to call upon stocks, stones, pictures, and painted walls, and dead things, that cannot see, hear nor speak through their throats. We do beseech thee to tell all our dear Friends, Fathers and Elders, the Pillars of the spiritual Building, with all the rest of our Christian Brethren, that we do desire their Prayers, for we have need of them.

HOw strong and pow'rful is our KING.
To all that do believe in him?
He doth preserve them from the Snare.
And Teeth of those that would them tear.
We that are sufferers for the Seed,
Out hearts are wounded, and do bleed,
To see th'Oppression, Cruelty
Of men, that do thy Truth deny.

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In Prisons strong, and Dungeons deep,
To God alone we try and weep:
Our sorrows none can learn nor reade,
But those that in our path do tread.
But He whose Beauty shineth bright,
Who turneth darkness into Light,
Makes Cedars bow, and Oaks to bend
To him, that's sent to the same end.
He is a Fountain pure and clear,
His Chrystal Streams run far and near,
To cleanse all those that come to him,
For to be healed of their sin.

All them that patiently abide,
And never swerve nor go aside;
The Lord will free them out of all

Captivity, Bondage and Thrall.

Life E. C. know, that his Exhortations
I do deatly imbrace, and do witness it
to be an eternal Truth. I have had large
experience of it, the Lord hath carried
me on in much difficult service, so that
many times the way hath been stopt up,
that to the eye of Reason I could not have
a way made either by Sea or Land: Oh!
if thou didst but know what experience I
had of the mighty hand of the Lord in
making a way, thou wouldst wonder. Once
my way was stopt, and my persecution was

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so hot, that I sate in a Field all night to wait upon the Lord, to make way for me to do the work he laid upon me : I could not get lodging for money in the Town not City; it was at Salisbury where I was whipt in the Market. And the next morning I went through the City by the Watchmen, and they took no notice of me. Wheresoever the Lord did send me, into what Land, or City, or place soever, if they did put me out never so oft, he would make me go till I got victory; fave in the Ifle of Man, there was a Souldier came to my Bed side with a naked Sword, and took me by the Arm, and hall'd me out of the Bed at the tenth hour of the night, and carried me on Ship-board : When I put on my clothes I did not dare to rife. That place lies upon me yet; and I have motions to Edinburgh in Scotland, I was never there: The Lord did make me to do him fervice to almost all the mighty men in England and Ireland, infomuch that I cryed of to my God, saying, Lord, what will thou do with me that am so foolish, to go to such wife men! If I were wife, I did not care of thou didst carry me to the end of the Earth. The Lord said, The folith things must confound the wife; and he would tarry me before

before the mightieft men in all the earth. to bear his pame before them, and I mould have bidozp wherefoever I ment: And I do believe the Lord, and we both are made willing to wait the Lord's time. which is a time of peace and joy, fafety and happiness. And we do bless, laud. praise and magnifie his holy Name, that he fent so heavenly a Messenger to relieve, ftrengthen, comfort and refresh us in our great necellity, which is a mercy beyond expression; all Friends that do understand it. will fay fo : Glory and everlasting praises, honour, power and dominion be given to our eternal Lord God for evermore, of us, and all that know him. Amen. Amen, faith our Spirit.

Oh true and Faithful Brother, into the Arms of everlasting Power and Holiness, Strength and Mightiness, Purity & Righteousness, do we commit thee to be kept and preserved, and prosperously carried on in thy Journey: The powerful blessing, peace, joy and happiness of the Majesty of the Most High God go along with thee, to preserve and protect thee for every Amen,

Amen.

Pray for us, dear Heart, that we may recive frength to overcome, that we may fing the Song of Moles and the Lamb, and the Redeemed of the Lord, Amen.

Dear Heart, it is hard for us to part with

thee; thou wilt feel it.

The Will of our eternal Father be done: In the pure Unity of the bleffed Spirit of Light, Life, Joy, Peace, and everlasting Glory do we here take our leave of thee at this time, hoping to see thy face again with joy in our Lord's time.

O dear Heart! our hearts, souls, spirits, and our whole lives go along with

thee.

The pute Peace of our God rest upon thee, Amen.

Dearly falute us to all Friends, for they are dear and precious to us indeed.

Farewel, farewel, dear Heart, farewel.

Dear Heart,

Thou hast cleared thy Conscience towards us in the fight of God and many if here had been many Friends, what could have been done more concerning us than thou hast done? Thou hast stood in great jeopardy ever fince, and thy life hath been sought

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fought for much; We have felt it, and cryed night and day to our heavenly Father to preserve thee, and safely deliver thee: Whatsoever we do suffer, we desire the ify lorddo Will of our heavenly Father to be done in

fir up the all things. If the Lord doth stir up the Earth to Earth to help the Woman, it is his own help the free love; and upon that account we shall woman receive it, and not upon any other.

This they spake concerning the Money I left with them, and for their necessities: And the Lord did appear unto me in a Vifion of the night, and smote me on the arm, and faid, Lok, there is the Dope, he will not burt the; where he flood in the room as one forfaken of God and man; this was at the English Consuls, when there was some fear upon me concerning him. Now here is a Roman in the Prison which came hither upon some account, he is a Doctor of Law, and differs from them in many things; but they are all of one spirit: He doth constantly affirm, that the Pope hath fent an Order to fet us free; and he faith, they are liars and false blasphemers, if they do fay the Pope fent any fuch Order as they fpeakeof. They do meet every day concerning us, we do feel them; fome would have it one way, and some another, and so they (161)

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they cannot agree, because they do act contrary to the Will of God; the Lord fets it all on fire, and hath burned all that they have done these three years concerning. Now where they will look a Reward of their charges, we do not know; the mile are taken in their own craftiness, and the subtile in their own snare. There have twelveof them fare in Judgement upon us three years, and some have struck hard at our lives, so that we have been even at deaths door. I have lain very weak three weeks at a time. There are many for us, as far as they do dare. The Lord fayes, there were two with the Inquisitor for us, and did plead much with him : I did see it in a Night-Vision. The English Consulwhich is dead, was with us two feveral times after we were in the Inquisition; he faid he would lend us five pounds when we did want: but when our Money was near done, we were made to rejoyce greatly, and could not take any of any one. We did not know the mind of the Lord in it; but had we had Money, we had not known the mighty Power of God. Now we are able to trust the Lord where-ever he shall carry us without money. We do question the Money in the Consul's hand,

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it will be hard for him to part with it. Our life is with thee. In live of or your or

A few Lines to D. B.

How dear and faithfull Friend and Brother, begotten of our heavenly Father; right dear and precious in his fight, and beautiful before his presence. Dear Heart, we do glorifie our God in our hearts fouls and spirits, who hash called, chosen and elected theeno come up to the help of him against the Mighty; and bash carried thee along in fo weighty a work, and hath prospered thee therein: praises be given to his bleffed Name for sever; who hath inclosed thee in his Bosom and Chumber of his Everlasting Love, and hath Ihid thee in his private Pavillion, where them that would hurt thee cannot find thee, because of the shadow of his Almightines, under whose defence thou art kept fafe; and he doth carry thee upon the Wing's of his Power, fo that the Mountains do become plain before thee, which we do dearly fee in the Light; Eternal Honoun and Glory be to his Name for ever, who is called Wonderful Counfellor, the Mighty God, the everlasting Father, the Prince of Peace, in whom we have fellow (his, and unity one with another, and none can binder Dear

Dear beart, we do dearly embrace thy freet Exhortations, thou being (enfible of the inffigations of Satan, who hath winnowed us with every bait, winding and twining sleights that he hath: Praises be to our God for ever, who hath perserved us, and prevented him.

The Enemies being busie with their Temptations, to have us enter into their Covenant; thereupon I was moved to write thefe following words, which I communicated to their hands with the former Paper, viz.

D Ehold the Word of Life arose in me; D faying, (this morning) Reep to Dea and Pap, & I will confirm my Covenant unto the. These Words were spoken to the true Seed that shall inherit the Kingdom; the same (you know) is but one in Male and Female. And so the bleffing of my Life rest upon you, and be with you in the same, even in that which hath no end, neither fadeth away; yea, and my Spirit Saith, Amen.

Dear Lambs, read within, & be refreshed and the God of Life & Peace encrease the fame, & multiply your ftrength abundants ly, Amen.

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Malta, 10th d. 11th m. 61. D. B. Another

Another Paper from them to my hand.

B. w bear

Ear and precious heart; in the Eternal Covenant of Light and Life of our God, do we salute thee, and dearly embrace thee. Oh! what hath the Lord made thee unto us, far more precious than we are able to expreß; and great will be thy Reward for thy faithfulness to the Lord, and thy dear and tender Love to us, and thy diligent care of us. Oh! thou art the Messenger we have cried long for to our Heavenly Father, Saying, How long, O Lord , How long will it be before thou wilt send thy Messenger, whose feet are beautiful, coming upon the Mountains, bringing glad-tydings of great joy to us thy poor Captives? Now hath the Lord our God answered us at large; Praises, Praises be to his Name for evermore.

Oh! how are our fouls refreshed, and our Spirits Supported, and our hearts comforted, our minds rejoyced, and our bodies frengthned; thou canst never do greater service to the Lord our God, than to come into such a place as this is, to offer up thy dear Life in. ransoming us : Great was the Power that

brought

brought thee, and great is the Power that doth uphold thee, and mighty is the Strength which doth preserve thee, and great will be thy Reward: Thy labour of Love we do bear Testimony cannot be forgoiten, nor thy Faith unfeigned put out of remembrance; it is written in the Book of Life for ever, and it will be registred and read in the House of Israel eternally: The mouth of the Lord hath spoken it, and he will perform it. Farewel in the Lord. By us,

Katherine Evans.

OH our dearly Beloved, & precious Friend and Brother, right honourable indeed for ever: We dare not look out at thy departure, because we stand in the will of our Maker. The blessing of the Almighty be upon thee for ever, and make thee flourish in all thy endeavours; Thou art called by the Name of Daniel Baker; in the midst of thine Enemies, thou art in the hand of thy Maker: And this the Lord hath spoken, where-ever thou dost come, thy Glas shall not be broken, until thy Sand be run. Oh! this day is this M3

Prophesie fulfilled in our sight: When they have done dealing treacherously, they shall be dealt treacherously withal; the Lord doth steal in upon them; Praises be to his Name. Dear heart, salute us dearly to thy dear and precious Wife, with all dear Friends, in the Covenant of Grace & Peace. Dear heart, farewel, farewel.

E. Cemel in

..... K. E. S. C.

the bert. Eres

Another Letter from Sarah Cheevers, to Friends in Ireland, to be read among the Assemblies of Saints in Light.

H! all yes wheeous Ones, whose dwelling's are on high, in the Fulness of beauty, holiness and glory, whose Name and Fame reacheth to the ends of the Earth, to the astomishment of the Heathen, and the amazerment of the Ungodly; to the preparation of all Nations to appear before the dreadful Prefence of our Lords of Almighty, to be stript of all false cavarings, and to be left without excuse: Glory and Praises be to out God for ever.

ever; Amen; who hath made is eye-trist heffes of his mighty Work and helpers) togother with your according to our measures, to the chaining down of the Powers of darkness, and to the defacing of that painted Harlot, Mystery Babylon, with all her Lovers, to the utter overthrow of Antichrift, with all his wicked Kingdom, Amen.

The day is dawning, the Sun of Righten ousness is arising over all. Nations, for to make a clear separation, to gather in his own Flock; and to scatter the proud in the imaginations of. their own hearts, to feed the hungry, to heal the fick, and to bind up the broken hearted, to sloath the naked, to visit the spirits in prison, and comfort the Mourners in Sion, to canfe.

the heavy-hearted in Terusalem to rejoyce. Oh my dear Friends! who are precions in the fight of our Heavenly Father, partakers of his Divine Nature, living Stones; and holy Assemblies; wherein dwelleth the fulness of God Almightie's Power and Strength Riches, Glory, Wisdom, Counsel, Knowledge and Understanding; he is the Rock of Agess the sure Foundation, the Ark of the Covenant of the Promise of everlasting Bleffedness; Amen.

My dear and precious Ones, whom my foul loveth, my heart delighteth in you, and my pirat

forit rejoyceth greatly because of the excellency of God's Almightiness amongst you, fo that you are a dread to the Nations : Kings, Princes, and mighty Men of the Earth shall bow before the Power of Almighty God; by whom we stand, and all shall be brought under the Foot-flool of Christ & his Government, and he alone shall reign in Righteon sness, and rule. the Nations in Judgement; then shall the cry of the Poor be heard, and the sighing of the, Needy be eased, and the yoke of Wickedness. be broken, and the Oppressed shall be see free; the Image of Christ restored, and the Image. of that Jubtile Serpent defaced, destroyed, and utterly cast down for ever, Amen; so saith, my spirit: Glory, honour, land and praise. be given to our Lord God Almighty, for ever, Amen.

A sweet Salutation is this, from the breathing forth of my pure Life, to the same Life; in my Spirit, joyning in my measure, a sufferer for the Seeds sake; Glory to the Lord, who hath counted me worthy: Farewel, farewel my dear hearts. My dear Yoke-mate K. E. dearly salutes all Friends.

Ob ye holy Assemblies! whose hearts are wholly joyned to the Lord, I with you, in the Life and Power of the Almighty. God, do travel for the raising of the Seed, and the gathering

thering in of the lost Sheep of the House of Israel. Oh! blessed be the Day wherein the Lord called me, and counted me worthy to suffer for the Seeds sake: Praise, praise the Lord for me ye blessed of the Lord, in whom the living Praises are found in the living Fountain of God Almighty, the Fulness that filleth every empty soul, in the Streams of Love, Life, Light, Strength, Richer, Immortality, and Eternal Glory. So Truth, for, Peace and everlasting Blessedness remain with you all for ever, Amen.

My Life is given up for the Service of the Lord; Bonds, Chains, Bolts, Irons, Double-doors, Death it self is too little for the Testimony of Jesus, and for the Word of God; so the Seed be gathered, it is but a reasonable Sacrifice: Bonds and Afflictions betide the Gospel of Christ; He that will live godly in Christ Jesus, must suffer Persecution; it

is an evident token.

My dear Friends, my Light, my Life, my Love hath perfect Union in the Eternal Spirit of the living God, and remains with you all for ever; Fathers, Elders, Pillars, Nursing-Mothers in Israel, true Israelites indeed, in whom is no guile. My dear Salutation, and breathing forth of my Eternal Father's Love is to all the breathing Seed, begotten of the

Heavenly

Heavienty Father; Peace; Mercy and Truth be multiplied among you all for ever, Amen.

Pray for us that we may have boldness over our Enemies, to fulfil the righteous Will of our heavenly Father, and be kept faithful in his Will, for ever, Amen. Streams of Love and Life flow from a living Fountain to you all my dear Friends; Our Love remaineth ever with you all, Amen.

Present this to the hand of L. C.

C. Thou Nursing-Mother in Israel, peace be to thee for ever, Amen. Thy dear Brother Daniel Baker, in the Covenant of Life, in obedience to the Lord, hath visited us, to the amazement of our Enemies, Glory be to the Lord for ever, Amen: He hath been a faithful Steward indeed, worthy to be had in remembrance in the Book of Israels for ever, Amen. What soever for the Truth we suffer, our Reward is with us, and our innocent Life will clear us, Amen.

Written by me, Sarah Cheevers, a
Prisoner in the Inquisition, for the
clear Testimony of the Lord Jen
fus; This 11th. Month of the
Lyear, 1661.
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Trans, thy pure Mame, Willie

ei hue Storide the Beloved and the St. NOW after I had received the Ce Papers. though not through little fraits and difficulty, with jeopardy of my precious Life swhich my God sweetly through all preferved, Glory to his Name : my heart was as it were, overcome with the lovingkindness and salvation of the living Lord, and in his favory Life my mouth was filled with thanksgiving and praises to my God: and I said in my heart on this wife, Who am I. O Lord, or what was my Father's House, or what is the Land of my Nativitysithat In Cappor: afflicted and despised Worm) should be raised up to see and derceive what mine eye, mine eye in thy Eternal Power and pure Life beholds! Oh my God! thou hast known the innocent travel of my Soul, which I right-well know the same is not hid from thee, even from the day of my birth, unto this moment, through no fmall trials and tribulations, and through the exercise of manifold remptations; yet behold; my Life is preserved at this time: And Ohimy heart; my mind, my foul, my spirit, in thy pure undefiled Life and Vertue; bleffeth thy Name,

Name, thy pure Name, which thy Virgins love and live in, and in the same they glorifie thy Beloved, and the Wings of thy Majesty overshadoweth them, and their delight is under the fecret shadow of the Almightiness, bleffed be thy Glory, bleffed be thy undefiled Power, bleffed and magnified be thy pure Wildom, and let the same be so even in the Tabernacles of the Just for ever. Thou Lamb of Immortality, the Thrones, the Kingdoms, and Eternal Dominions are thine, and over all thy Throne is, and shall be exalted, and thy Lambs behold thy Glory and thy Majefty, in this the day of thy terrible and glorious appearance: Wildom, Riches, Glory, Power, Might and Dominion everlasting (with Eternal Salvation) over all, to thy Name, Amen, faith my spirit, in the Life which is, was, and for ever shall be, the same which liveth and abideth for ever, and fadeth not away : In the same I commend thy dear tender Lambs, to be preserved according to the unsearchable Wisdom and Counsel of thine own heart, to thy everlasting Renown and Glory, and their Eternal comfort and joy, and felicity; with thy Saints and Angels in the Light of thy Countenance, and in everlasting remembrance

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membrance in the powerful and Eternal Kingdom of Immortality, if I be no more in this World, when this body is gone to its place, according to thy Eternal Purpose and Decree, in thy Eternal Counsel; fo be it, saith my spirit, yea and Amen saith my foul, which bleffeth and magnifieth thy Eternal Name, inasmuch as thou hast so far fulfilled thy (living) Word of Prophefie, and not only fo, but much more also in the defire of my heart, in the behalf of thy dear, tender, suffering, and longfuffering Seed of thine own Bowels; for which be innumerable Praises, Wisdom. Salvation, Glory and Dominion to thy holy Name, Amen, Amen.

Y right dearly & well-beloved Friends IVI of Eternal Life, of the Church of the first-born of the living God, which is the Pillar and ground of Truth, of which Christ Fesus our Lord is the alone and only Head : Peace be unto you in him, who is arisen in his pure immortal Life, and hath brought Life and Immortality to light, through the Word of his Power, and his Eternal Gospel of Peace, which is not hid from us, but it's clearly manifest in us by his coming, who arifeth with healing

((1741)

healing in his wings. Glory, Dominion, living endless Praises Immortal to his Name, now and for evermore; and let all the upright in heart, with my precious life, say, Even so,

Dear Suffering, and long-Suffering Lambs, ye know, that as I came in the eternal Love and Peace of Immanuel, God's Lamb to 21fit and serve you, and minister to your necessities; the which, in the same Life and Peace. and in the integrity and uprightness of beart, and in its pure innocency, my God knoweth; and behold I call your Life that's manifest in you, in which is our perfect Unity as Members of one Body, to bear me record, That I have endeavoured in the good will of my God, to perform the same; and verily, the hand and bleffing of Almighty God is with me, and hath ble sed me, and so my reward is with me, and my work bath been manifest before me, even in the Light of his Countenance that liveth for ever; and this Scripture is fulfilled in me also, The Father worketh hitherto, and I work.

So my dear Friends, I have honestly and nakedly, before the Lord, cleared my Conscience So far concerning you, of on your behalf, which is my reasonable service; and so I leave the same to the living Testimony of the Lord feather

(us which you hold, and for which I am fatisfied (and in the behalf of the whole body of ght God's Elect you have so long suffered) So the Eternal God of Power, Dominion and Glory, of Heaven and Earth, consolate, Support and ibs, firengthen you to the end, that your Testimony may be finished with joy, to his everlaove sting praise, to whom only it belongs and so 11my Spirit in the Light and Life Immortal, Mice, -faith, Even fo, Amen. Farewel dear Lambs, rt, I am your true Brother, 12 Foseph was not made known to his Brethren 4_ I the first time, though his Bowels yearned to-1,

Joseph was not made known to his Brethren the first time, though his Bowels yearned towards and over them, till at last he could no longer forbear crying out with tears, saying, I am Joseph your Brother; and little Benjamin the youngest, he dearly loved you know.

This 5th day of the Week, and the 30th. of the 11th. Month, 1661.

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When my face you do not see,
Wait in the Eternal Life,
and then remember me.
So farewell, and feel the
Well-spring of Life.
This

This and many other Papers was communicated to each others hands, (which are seen meet not to be added hereunte) with the jeopardy of my life, and what else did attend us; but magnified, and for ever blessed be the siving Lord and his Goodness, Wisdom and Salvation, who prospered his Work and Workers in his own Life of lasting Righteousness, through and over self, over all that which must dye and go to its place, Amen.

DANIEL.

Here followeth somewhat relating to the Travel and Service of D. B. which he hath freedom to give forth for the Truth's sake, and Friends satisfation.

THE intent of the Spirit of the Lord within my heart and mind, stirring me up to write somewhat concerning my travel from my Native Country, Kindred and

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and Father's House, being freely given us to ferve the Lord, his Truth and Peoples in the Power and Gospel of God; That ving no imposition or necessity at all laid upon my Conscience, as from any mortal man, but certainly it was a pute necessity from the living God of Heaven & Earth? many of his faithful Servants, Messengers, Sons and Daughters that were, and 'are as dear and precious to me as my own life. may bear me record on the Lord's behalf unto the truth of what I write on this wife ; rand furely in the Counfel everlafling, the thing was hid from me then. whether ever I should return to my Native Country or not. However, in the love and favour of God, and in his fear let up within my heart, was I given up, with my body also offered as a living Sacrifice. which was but my reasonable sacrifice, to give a found to the Nations afar off, of the mighty Day of our God, and his bleffed Truth, the Light of Jefus manifelt in every Conscience, in which Light we have most assuredly believed unto salvation: And verily, the Power and pure Presence of his Eternal Strength was with me, through many hardships, trials and tribulations; the right-hand of the hiding of his Power

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Power did sweetly guide, strengthen & support me, even as it did, and doth his Lambs
whom he so sends forth as among Wolves,
in his Dove-like: Innocency, harmlesness and wisdom, which are as wise, or rather wiser than the Serpents. And this
Scripture have I well witnessed sulfilled,
whilst travelling from one Nation to another People, as my Father did in the ancient dayes. And on this wise, with three
more Brethren, so freely given up with one
consent in the behalf of the Gospel everlasting, that is now preaching again to the
Nations, Tongues and Kindreds.

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Setiny Forth

We let forward the 16th, of the third Month, and we sweetly parted with our right dearly beloved Friends, Brethren, Fathers and near Relations, that were flesh of our flesh, and bone of our bone, and front all our outward Acquaintance and Native Country, in the Will, Love and Spirit of our God, in the same day from Gravesend we set forth; and at the end of forty four dayes, we arrived at Legorn in Italy, where we gave a certain found of our innocent Service and Message of Salvation, and of its Life and Bleffedness, coming upon the Nations as a weight either to condemnation or justification, as the fame

fame is received or rejected among them.

And thus as we had opportunity among the men of our own Nation, the fews and others, we gave a found, and the bleffing of the God of Heaven, and his Presence was with us, whether the Nations of mendid hear or for bear; but the Winness of God in fundry was reached, and the same anfwered in us : And herein we are fo far well satisfied, whilft others were hardened who defied us and our Testimony, as their uncircumcifed Fathers always did refift and gain-fay the Truth that faves from finand fo finally from its condemnation.

And it came to pals, after that we had waited upon the Lord to understand his good will and pleasure, he answered us in the joy of our hearts, and we received his Counfel, and communicated of the fame to each others satisfaction in the love of God; which we were wel confirmed to obey the same until the death, as the Lord our God might have permitted for his Names fake, who then further ordained us to be separated, viz. John Stubs and Henry Fell to pais on towards Alexandria, and my dear brother and companion, Richard Scoftrop, with me, to pais Euftward, to Confiantinople, and Smyrna in Afia; and after a N 2

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little feason we parted in the goodness of Godge And when twenty four dayes were finished, having (in the mean time) touched a little feason at the Island Zant, We arrived at Smyrna. But behold it came to pals, immediately at our coming, there was not a little ftir, together with the evil furmizings, and what elfe arising up as a flood, with threatnings breathed forth from the Apostate Christians, especially men of no small degree (of our own Nation) against us, when Turks, Fews, Greeks, Heathens, and others; were not altogether, so evil affected, as to let us from the exercise of our Conscience void of offence towards God and man, and fo to hold forth the example of the harmless Life, and unblameable Conversation, in all equitablenels in Doctrine, Life and Practice of what we professed in the midst of them. But oh! how the Christians (by name) in Asia (who should first have received the Word of saving-health) how did they defie and reproach not only us, but our living Testimony and Message of Blessedness, which day by day was founded in their ears notwithstanding: The Lord God lay, not what they did against us to their charge, when they have most need of mercy and; peace.

peace with God, if, happily, repentance unto life be witneffed by them, who know not what they did; year and my Spirit is ready to fay: Amen for their fakes that hated us without a cause, as the same unbelieving nature did our Lord and Master. whom we love, ferverand honoupin the same, and therefore keep his Sayings, which are not grievous to us in that one and the felfe-fame : Spirit, which reproves the World for fin, in which we worship him as the Father; the which guideth into all Truth, from all Evil; concerning which we well admonished their minds to subject ito the One and to avoid and turn from the other, each having their proper effects attending them, as anguish, woes, judgemen:s &disquietments upon the foul and conscience that doth evil; and contrainwife, bleffings, peace, glory, honor, and the goodness of God attending the foul of man which worketh good, in the Light of the same excellent Spirit of God which exercifeth the Conscience in temperance and fobriety, meeekness and gentleness of Christ. careTellingmy was not And on this wife we befought the men of our own Nation, together with many more in those parts, that they might become a lweet

a sweet savour of the pure Lise of Christ and Christianity indeed and in truth, which tends to answer the Winess of the Eternal God, manifest in Turks, Greeks, Jews, Heathers, and Apostate Christians, among the dark Nations, where they have their conversation: Yet I am constrained to express somewhat of their manner of dealing with us to our good; Wherefore Men of reasonable and honourable understanding, may bear with me, to the end that the honest hearted may be informed to beware of a persecuting Spirit, which is not of God, neither ever was it born of him.

Their Threatnings encreased daily, and they burdened themselves exceedingly with us, whose Deportment and Behaviour they were made to confess to as did the Conful and divers others : which in truth they could not fay otherwise, but that it was temperate, innocent, harmless and unblameablein, our Conversation; Magnified be the Lord and bleffed be his Grace of Life, by which we in submission to the fame, were guided herein: But because our Testimony was not for, but against whatfoever might be faid in truth to be evil; unjust, or unequirable (which is difhonourable) therefore were we hated of the High

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High and Lofty, to the disquieting of their own rest day and night; because they burthened themselves so with the truth and innocency of the Lord's Testimony, which our Life held forth among them who received not the fame in his love, that they might be faved not only from fine but also from the wrath to come. So they forthwith fent a Message from Smyrna, to the great City Constantinople, to the King's Embaffador of England, and befought him to expel us out from among them of Afin that we might not have a Being in the extent of their Authority, in visiting them on this wife, as by the annexed Warrant thou that reads the same, may understand. is fall on the the lite

A Coppy of the Warrant which they produc'd and profecuted.

THereas we are informed, that there is lately arrived with the Zant Frigot, one Daniel Baker, with his Companion, commonly called Quakers, with intention to come up to this Port; and because we sufficiently have had experience, that the Carriage of that sort of People is ridiculous, and is N 4

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expable to bring dishenour to our Nation be-Edes other ill conveniences that may redound to them in particular Vand to the English in geency of the l'and the term - We therefore will and require you to give a flop to the faid Quakers, from proceeding any further in their fourney, either to Constantinople, for the present Court of the Grand Sigtion; (NIZ. the great Emperor of the Turks) or to any other place where our Authority extends; (hipping them away either directivifor England, for any other Part which they (hall chufe to imbarque. a string and in sur ted And we do bereby require all Officers and Members of the Eactory, and Masters and Officers of Ships; to be aiding and affifting th you herein: And for so doing, this shall be your Warrant.

For our loving Friend, Anthony Isaacfon; Elquire, Conful for the English Nation at Smyrna: By his Excellency's Command. aradt Sadt hamro Paul Ricoat, Sacretary. is land wrived with the Lane - Given under cour Hand and Seal, at our er and Court at Pare of Conffantinople, the -infinit gih day of July (it Mould be August, for we were not in Afraindthe Month

a bacalled July) 1661. Winchelf. 4. בינחלים

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And forthwith this Warrant was dil patcht with a Messenger from the Embasfador's Court at Confantinople, to Smyrna; and behold, the Merchants of the Earth: and others that could not endure to hear of the found of Truth, received the fame not with little gladness : (poor men! wo and alas for them !) the end of which will not be peace, but, contrariwife; wo; and mifery: And they put the same Warrant in execution, and fent a Turkish Janifary, and Drugerman; that were, Officers under the Consul of the English Nation s and they came with Harmols, (viz. called Por ters:) with Cain's Weapons, and fetche us from our Lodging before the Conful : and the man was courreous and moderate, and had his ear open then to what we in the rewerence and fear of the Lord then faid unto him, which was his honor, who then faw over and beyond that foolish Ceremony of the Hat, neither did he burthen himfelf with the same, as many unwifely do. to the clouding or veiling of the nobility of a good Understanding, which hath a more noble respect to Equity, Justice and Judgement, without respect of Persons in them, where it is fet up in its proper and peculiar Authority, than to fuch foolish' CeremoCeremonies, which are below men of Wifdom siyet he defired that we might not take it ill as from him (in his place of Authority) in doing as he was obliged in the profecution of the Warrant, which fummoned all Officers and Members of the Factory, with Masters & Officers of Ships, to be aiding and affifting to furprize and banishi two vinnocent, naked, harmless Men. that had neither Bow nor Sword, nor any luch like material or wisible Wear pon of War to refift evil, as Paul and Barnabus had not, against whom the hard-hearted Tems cryed out with the same voice. Help men of Ifrael, &c. and fuch like flix there was. And we let the Conful know at our first coming, that we owned his place of Authority, and were ready to fubmit to any thing that was just or equitable; and at last, in this thing, we could not submit without suffering, forasmuch as in the uprightness of our heart, and in the innocency of the same, were we come so far to do the Will of God, and to suffer for it, as his hand permitted licentiff cga sale

So with many other expressions I cleared my Conscience, as also by Words, Sufferings, and Writings, to the whole Nation there and the Conful feemed to be

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unwilling to use violence against us, that at our departure we prayed for them that hated us without a cause, knowing not what they did; we feeing it could not at that fealon be otherwise, but what the Lord had permitted them to bring to pass, not to their justification, but as a Judgement among them from the living God, who did not onely dispence the visitation of his Love and Salvation day by day among them, but he vifited them also with the strokes of his Displeasure, even unto death and destruction; and surely he smote and took away of the Chiefest, & others of them daily: And verily my heart-often cryed, and befought the Lord for them in secret more especially, (though I was constrained not to cease uttering my voice openly among them, and for them) while they fought my hurt ; as many of them, I know, by the Witness of God in them may remember. And to we were fent away as Prisoners, or rather as Lambs driven from the Dens of Lyons, or from the barren Caves of 'ravening Wolves, whose nature. worried them.

er he

Now we had spoken for a passage by a Dutch ship, to have gone from thence to Constantinople ; but before the Ship depar-

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ful's hands, which thou mayest see came not from either them called Turks, Jems, Heathens, Greeks, or Barbarians, but even from the men of our own Nation. Alas! alas! yea, wo and alas for them.

So the Reader may see what a stir there hath been in the Region of Asia, against the appearance of Truth, and its Innocency, in plainners, to expel and banish it! together with its Messegeand Messengers, out of their Coasts or Borders, and not to have any entertainment, or at least to come within the extent of their Authority, whatever becomes of them, let them go where they will orc. So as in effect wey fay, We will not have this man, the Light, Truth, Temperance, Innocency, itsilife and Wildom from aboves to rule; or have its preheminence over us in our Consciences; we will rather chuse to live in the practice of our own evilhearts and ways: And therefore thus to their own hure, they it ited sil May unto God Depart from us, Job 21 of for me defire not the knowledge of thy Wayes; and as for the

Word of the Lord, we have no delight in it. Lo they have rejected the Word of the Lord; and what, Wisdom is in them? And such

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the holy perfect and upright Man saw rebel against the Light, and said, They are of those that rebel against the Light, they know not the Wayes thereof, nei- Job 24.13.

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And so with consent they joyned together to banish Truth, its Message and Messengers of Peace, which provoked them to jealousie that believed not, who scorned us as fools, and what not elfe, not honeffly confidering, how that God is provoking the Nations to jealousie and wrath with a foolish People, as in the ancient dayes, Deut. 22. was prophesied. And such besought our Lord and Master, even Jesus, to depart out of their Coalls or Borders, who loved and fed their Swine upon the Mountains : even the Gadarens besought him to depart; who faith, He that loveth Father or Mother, or what elfe, more than Me, is not worthy of Me; and Father and Mother, and such Relations, are of more honourable esteem than many Swine. And? to his Disciples he also saith (that was dead, and is alive, and liveth for ever) As they have done unto me, so will they do unto you; if they have personted me, they will also persecute you. These are his faithful and true Sayings; He that receiveth;

John 13.20. that receiveth me; und be him that sent me; [Mark

that:] Verily, verily I say unto you, Whomsoever receiveth whom I shall send, receiveth
me; and him that receiveth me, receiveth
him that sent me, &c. He that despiseth you,
despiseth me; and he that despiseth me, despiseth him that sent me. And it's to be understood, that such like dealing J. S. and
H. F. our Brethren, found at Alexandria,
from whom they also were banished.

And on this wife being rejected, despised, banished out of Asia, from Smyrna, in about eight dayes we arrived at the Mand Zant, where my dear Brother and Companion in sufferings, and not only so, but in the Kingdom & patience of Christ, he was visited with sickness nigh unto death; but the Word and Commandment of the Lord ordered me to pass through part of Italy, and my face was fet towards Venice; and we weighed the thing in the fear and counsel of the Lord, and were both given up in one to travel; yet it was fo, that the poor Lamb was not capable in body to travel with me, by reason of weakness; and he being fully perswaded and fatisfied in his own mind, that I was to pass

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pals onward, in the tender Love of our God he did the more confrain me; I finding some unwillingness to leave him in that condition, which was not a little cross unto me : But in the heavenly Will and Peace of our God, and joy of the Lord; out of all visibles we parted asunder; and it came to pass, that he laid down his Bo-

dy there in about two dayes after.

There being a Ship of Venice ready, I embarqued on the same, and had a good Passage through the Gulf of Venice. After three Weeks were finished, was I admitted (together with the Ships company) to receive Product or Admission to come into the City, as their manner is; and there i continued about eight dayes as a fign and wonder among many, and gave somewhat of a sound of the Lord's Day (in truth) among them; and from thence I travelled to Legorn, and my face was as if it were set towards England, I being alone, as a Mourning-Dove in a desolate: Wilderness: Yet it came so to pass when I arrived at the same Port or City, that the everlasting Love of my God did fill and overcome my heart, and mine eye right dearly affected the same; and verily the living Word and Commandment of my

God founded in mine ear, and mine understanding was quickened in the Spirit of Life from God, fo that I was made willing, and not to rebel against the Heavenly Voice; [And what if I testifie, that mine eye faw the Angel of his presence ?] which was expresly for me to give up, and pass away from thence, to visit his longfuffering Seed of Innocency, thut up in the Inquisition, in the Isle of Malta, under the Popes Authority, and to communicate to their necessities; and verily the sweet Promise of the Lord entered and possessed my heart, and my God made my way prosperous; for in the Light of his Countenance he had often set these poor afflicted long-suffering Innocents before my face: Wherefore my body and mind wasfreely. offered up as my reasonable services to ferve his: Truth, &; the least Member of it; and so to the death of the Cross, whereto I became obedient in uprightness of heart, as if I should never see the face of my Kindred or Native Country more. (a Vessel of France being ready to depart from thence East-ward) I embarqued thereon for the Isle of Ciciliano Masena, and from thence to the Isle of Malta in a Vessel of the said Island; and in my pass

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fage the Vessel did bear in to Syracuse. where Paul abode three dayes in his paffage to Rome (after he had suffered shipwrack on Malta) and at Syracuse I abode five dayes, where I gave a found of the Lord's Truth and Life: And so we immediately failed from thence, and within twenty four hours we arrived at the Island of Malta; and within some hours after I came upon the said Island, I had admittance to the Pope's Lord Inquisitor, to whom I delivered my Message in the Ita-her he lian Tongue, on this wife, I am come to domon demand the just Liberty of my innocent Friends: del ins the two English Women in Prison in the forms Inquisition: And he asked, If I were related to them as a Husband or Kinsman. and whether I came out of England on purpose with that Message. And I answered, I came from Legorn for that same end; and he replied at last, They should abide in Prison till they dye, except some English Merchants or others that were able, would engage or give obligation for the value of. three or four thousand Dollers, condition nally, that they should never return again into those Parts.

On this wife was his reply divers times, with the Conful and many others, together

and afunder; but in the Name and Fear of the Lord God-I withstood the same unchristian-like Demand and Cruelty-inthe Word, Power and Travel of the Lord in his innocent suffering Lambs behalf; albeit, they daily threatned me with their Cruelty and Inquisition of darkness, and followed me to and fro with their Officer and Black-rod, and the Pope's Deputy would have bound me, that I thould neither speak good nor evil to any one while I-was on the Island, as the Conful faid, fave to him; neither to come to the Prifon alone, except the Conful came also with me, or some of his Family at least; But their Snares, Bonds and Covenants, in the Name of my God I defied, because the Spirit of Life from the Lord gave me dominion through sufferings in spirit, first, over their unjult dark Impolitions; yea, and in the same good Authority, in the innocency and uprightuess of thy heart, I wavelled through, and over the darkness, geries works, and ceased not to publish the end of my coming, which they would not have known abroad, and the found of Truth; and its dread and fame litruck terropintheir hearts, that both high and wife, great Men, together with the popula Priests and

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and Jesuites, Knights, them called of the Nobility, of the Pope's Dominion of Spain, and France, and of many Nations; they did not burthen themselves a little with my bodily presence, my clear Testimony and Friends in general, all which they defied and withstood, as it doth appear by the words of Truth in this Freatle.

And thus it comes to pass among the Nations, because we are not of this world, as our Life and Testimony also is not for, but against the same; therefore we marved not if the World hate us, knowing its birth which is from beneath, earthly and sensual, persecuteth that which is from above, heavenly and spiritual; and so the Lordhath made me as a burthensome stone among them. My heart blesseth his Name that wonderfully preserved me: Yet some of them came to see somewhat of my Innocency.

About itwenty four dayes I abode upon the faid Island, they daily continuing their Threatnings against me as aforesaid; and many times attempted me to take my Passage to Cicillia, or to some parts of Luly, to produce the unreasonable and unchristian-like Obligation demanded by them; but in the fear of God I, with my dear Friends,

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withstood them, and they were freely givenup, rather to suffer, than to hurt Gods Truth and People thus to gratifie them: who (as it doth appear) the Spirit of the Lord God of Truth, rules neither in Pope. nor in any of his Lords, Priefts or Jesuites, that exercise such Lordship over the Innocent, long-luffering Heritage of the everlasting God. The time hasteneth, and behold it cometh to pass, that the weight of eternal Vengeance is coming over them, which the Man of Sin, and his Sons of Perdicion will not be able to bear: For. the doleful Cry of the Innocent, that fighs and groans with tears, hath long uttered its voice, which hath ascended into the ears of the Most High, who is higher than the Highest, yet hath he respect unto the needy, to uphold them, yea, and to fuch as are of an upright, contrite, lowly, and trembling heart: What if I should say, the God of Love and Long-suffering dwels in such? and verily their sacrifice is acceptable in his bosom that liveth for ever : and I am a living Witness, that the fweet Testimony & innocent Sufferings of these his long-suffering Lambs, is right dear and precious in his eye, which is the Light of his Countenance; and so it is not other-Wilc,

wise, but the same in oneness with his peo-

ple concerning them.

And so in the endless mercy, bleffing and peace of our God, we parted, and I came away with the love and peace of my God within my heart, having the answer and living teltimony of a good Conscience; and in the wildom of God brought away these their Words and Writings, which testifieth somewhat of their Sufferings and Faithfulness unto the Lord, his Truth & People, which I right-well know, cannot be shur out of the Record of Life eternal, unto which I bear Record again, that they have been, and are a tweet favour unto the Lord God of Faithfulness. and so their Reward, which attends the fame, is not only with them, but with all the Sons and Daughters of truth and innocency, that are so travelling in their Longsufferings, which are but light and momentary in competition to the eternal weight of Glory, which afterward is to be revealed in the same that suffered in all generations, even from righteous Abel, unto this day of our God; to whom be Wisdom, Glory, Salvation, and everlasting Thansgivings and Dominion, for ever, Amen, faith my foul and spirit; even so, Amen And

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And it came to pass in the third Month of the year, 1662. also after my God had well preserved me in my passage, and in his work and fervice from Malta to divers places in Italy, till I came to the Straits mouth (of the Mediterranean Sed) rat the place called Gibralter, it was the pleasure of the Lord God to suffer the Wind and Weather to continue contrary well nigh about thirty dayes, in which season I suffered many Trials and Tribulations in spirit, having little or no Rest in the same, because of the Vision and Words of the Everlasting, which founded often up to my understanding; even as the roaring of a Lyon, which mine eye faw, and mine ear heard also [in the year -- 61. when I was a Prisoner for the pure Word and Testimony of God and his Truth, in Worcester City Jayl, before I departed England] and the place was the high Mountain of Gibralter, that stands within the King of Spains Dominion, which was the subject of the Vision; and often as I cast mine eye upon the scituation of the place, the pure Life and Power of God's eternal Presence did arise up in me, in the word of life, so that I faw. clearly that fome great exceeding weighty service for his Name and eternal Truths

Truths sake was to be done by me, which was so terrible and dreadful to me, when as I entred into reasoning, so that I was brought down even to the jaws of death in dust and ashes; and as Jonah turned his back upon Nineveh, the same temptation attended me also, to my wounding, before I could give up; for I fled often from the place to escape with my life from among fuch an unreasonable and bloody generation, and the Lord would not be intreated to let such a bitter Cup pass unfulfilled, but behold with the found and stroak of his eternal Word, his Spirit of Life became awakened, quickned, and mightily revived in me, in his Wildom, over all fear of the Nations of men; and the same brake through the inares and bonds of death, and over destruction, and the true Seed that mourned, cried, Not my Will, but thy Will be done, on earth as it is in heaven: and fo it was a hard thing to part with little Ifaac, which is received again in the Covenant of promise of Life, and that was offered up which fled so often (but at last was caught in a thicket:) When the Ships of divers Nations attempted to pals through, but the God of heaven, whom the wind and fea obeyerh, fuffered them not ; but 0 4

my precious Life, that I may take it again,

together

they knew not what the matter was which was revealed within my heart, as the difand all pleasure of God was against them, to humble the I them also, as I told them often by words christi andwritings to clear my Conscience; althe W beit, they strove, being perplexed in their in his minds, and attempted often, to wit, feven beit, or eight times in about twenty one dayes, Crue and could not pass but about two or three follo Leagues, and on this wife it happened, and I it would either prove calm, and then the woul current would drive them back into the. there Straits again sometimes, and otherwhile I-wa Storms and Tempelts would scatter them, fave as a figure of Pharoab and his Hoste of fon ! Egyptian darkness, so that the Chariot-With wheels mine eye faw struck off, so that But they drove but heavily, within and withthe ! out; and at last I gave out among them, the that God had service for me to do at that don place, and my Life was given up to do ove his Will, if I never faw my Native Counand try, Kindred, or Fathers house at all any more; and therefore the pleasure of the Lord in his mighty Power had made me willing, & also gave me dominion through and over the Bonds and Snares of Death and Destruction, as it were to lay down

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together with the body, which through his righteous judgements he had prepared to perform the good pleasure of his Almightiness for his Truth and Names sake. Now the heavenly Voice was often founded within my heart on this wife, faying, O Ferusalem, cut off thine hair, and furthermore to gird fackcloth on my loins, as to the Prophet, Fer. 7. 29. and so I became obedient in the fingleness and innocency of my heart, unto the God of Heaven, and of my Life, as a dreadful Sign against the whorish Church of Rome, and against all her Heads & Horns throughout the world: And I then fignified to the Master of the Ship, in which I was a passenger, how that I did believe that God would foon give opportunity for the Fleet of Ships to pass away after this fervice of God was performed; and after I had used many perswasions, to the end that he might suffermy body on that wife to be cast among the wicked idolaters, lyars and murtherers, which are Ifa. 57. 20. thoy like the troubled Sea: So the Ship-master let my Body be on this wise cast over board from the Ship, [God Lines having provided a Whale to swallow up that speed how

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fo it happened, that it was upon one of their called Holy-dayes, or Saints dayes, namely, the day called Holy-Thursday.

So I being cast on dry land, passed through their streets directly, until I came into the Mais-House, or Idolaters Temple, among the Idolaters, where I found the Frier or Priest at the High Altar, down upon his knees, in his white Surplice, adoring of the Hoft; (which is a Chalice, or a piece of Bread, which they called the real Substance of the body of Christ, after their unclean spirit of darkness hath muttered fome words over it, which they call Consecration) and after I had stood a season viewing this Idolatry, with the indignation of the eternal God fet up within my heart against the same, I turned my back-part upon the Priest, and his dead god, and dumb Idols, at the high Altar; and in the holy Commandment of Life eternal, my face was fer towards the people and I beheld them a certain season in the power of God in which I stood; I saw the multitude of ignorant People upon their knees'allo, worshipping the dark inventions and Imaginations of their fortish Leaders, and blind Guides, and they know not what; and in the Lord's time (which mine

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eye had a circumspect heed unto) I then spread forth mine arms, and stript off my Vesture, and rent the same from top to bottom, in divers pieces, and cast them from me with indignation; and then I took my Hat off my head, (which was the uppermost covering of the outside of a man) and cast the same under my feet, and stamped upon these things, and the nakedness appeared with the fack-cloath covering, to their astonishment; and then with a clear voice I founded Repentance three times, & gave testimony as the found of a Trumper among them, that the Life of Christ and his Saints was arisen from the dead; and so passed away, sounding the same words of the Lord's Message, with Repentance, through the streets, as it were flying from the Idols temple; and from Idolatry; and Idolaters, until I came to the Sea fide, and there was I moved to kneel down and pray, and give thanks to the living Lord, who had to wonderfully preferved me in doing his pleasure and good will on earth; and he suffered no man to touch or do me harm:

And the next day following the Lord God gave opportunity accordingly as I had let the Ship-master know I believed would

and af the I christi the W in his beir, Cruel follow and B would ther spe I-was fave to fon ald with me But the the Nan the Spin dominid over the and in innocen trivelle over arsi the end not bave

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ment in his displeasure; who in his w determinate Counsel, ordained me for m ny dayes & nights to be tryed on this wil and to fall among divers temptations a terwards, the which as a mighty Hoft for rounded and befer me on every hand, in mediately after I had done his good will his all-sufficient power and strength: Th the Enemy with his subtilty, in a myster was suffered to compass me about, to ste away my peace and reward with my Go in whom the same is hid, and then I w in a bleffed condition, though fometin vailed for a little leason, and then the F thers Countenance was hid from mine ey and therefore was I troubled : Yet, bleff are ye when you fall among divers Temptat ons, faith one; and verily they were eve as thorns in my desh, yea, as Messenger of Saran suffered to buffer me for a season even as the Servant of God witneffed, wh was wrapt up into the third Heaven: Wha

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would come to pass, and it was so, and

the Fleet did partake of the bleffing : b

how many of them rewarded me (m

of my own Nation, to whom I also con

nued a fign, which they spake bitter thin

against) the Lord my God saw the sam

and imore them with rebuke and altonif

(205) if I should somewhat testifie so was it with me, lest I should be exalted above meaand all fure, fo that I was made to bow and fall ing: but upon my face, and cry day and night to the e (men Lord of Eternal Life, that had respect to lo contithe tears of the Innocent, and bowed the er things ftrength of his Arm to support the Lowly: he fame, And to his Almightiness gave ear to the altonishfighs and groans of my diffressed state, and his wife had respect unto the voice of my moure for maning, as a Dove or Pelican in the Wilderthis wife, ness; and verily his Grace I found suffitions afcient to save and preserve my Innocency, Hoft furin its sweet life of holiness to the Lord, and, imthrough all this, and that which letted; od will in Salvation to his Name, Amen. h: Thus Arength is made perfect in Weakness, even mystery, So it is in truth, in which I fer to my feal , to steal of my right-hand, that God is true, in which my God, Life I give thanks to his Name of Power en I was and Defence, the which over all Nations ometime is to be exalted in the hearts of his Saints, n the Faas in the ancient dayes; yea, and much nine eye. more abundantly in the Light of his brightet, blessed thining Countenance, in which his eter-Temptatinal and excellent Glory, and pure dreadful ere even Majesty, for ever hath his holy habitation; flengers. to whom be endles Dominion, with Praifeason; fled, who n: What if

(2063) les living and everlatting, over all, Amen.

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th th Written in Newgate this 5th Month, the 18th day, 1662, where he suffereth Bonds, together with many Brethren of Truth, for one and the same Testimony of the Lord Jesus; not for evil doing or speaking, but against the same: For we suffer because, we cannot otherwise but meet together, in the Name and Fear of God; neither swear at all, neither by Heaven, nor by Earth, nor by any other

A Copy of a Paper which was written in the Spanish Tongue, and delivered the sand day that I was upon the service, directed as follow-

Oath, Mat. 5. Jam. 5. 12. 01 311

For the Governor and Inhabitants of Gibletore in the Kingdom of Spain.

eth, viz.

B come, and of his wrath, and of the wrath and of the wrath and the hour of his

bis Judgements is come ; Wherefore, Oh Inhabitants of the earth; Repent, Repent, Repent, and fear God, and give Glory and Honor to him that made Heaven and Earth, and the

Fountains of Waters: Wo, wo, wo to the Inhabitants of the Earth: And I heard another Voice from Heaven, faying, Come out of

her my People, that ye partake not of her lins, that ye receive not of her plagues?

These are the words of the Power of Christ, that is contrary to the false Church.

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Behold, behold, Plagues, Plagues, Plagues are coming upon the Church of Rome, and upon her Heads in England, and in all parts of the World: And the Woman which thou fawell is that great City which reigherh over the Kings of the Earth; and he faith unto me, the waters which thou fawest where the Whore sitteth, are Peoples, Nations, Multitudes and Longues, Go.— Ret

These Words, with a Paper in Latine with honest Words of Truth, was delivered with many more Scriptures in their own Language, that they may read, understand, repent, and cease from Idolatry, and from all Ungodliness, that the Bleshings of Eternal Life might arise through Judges ments, and have room among the Native

ons, to the eternal glory and renown of the Lord God over all, who is bleffed for ever, Amen.

Abrief Account of their further Tryals, and how God at last by his Almighty Power effected their Deliverance, and brought them again into the Land of their Nativity.

The second month the year 1662, at the time of their Feast called the Refurrection of Christ, on the first day, we spake to the Keeper to buy us some meat, (229)

not knowing but we might have eaten if in the time of their Feast; yet it had been laid upon as to fast most times when they did feaft. which did torment them : for when we did fast in obedience to the Lord. they were greatly troubled : fo the Keeper asked me, whether we would not eat meat to morrow, yea or nay? I was Imote that I durst not say, but what the Lord will we When the morning came there was a great Triumph amongst them, and there founded a Trumper near us, in reference to the Lord Inquisitor: Immediatly the Word of the Lord came unto us, faying, The must not eat Bread nor drink Mulater in the dabes, not 3 (K.) must not speak word in that time, but be filent and fit upon the ground in the Inquisition with very little clothes or; nothing upon our heads but alhes, no ftoken noz thoe on; and the last day Sarah had nothing at all but one petticoat on; and they kept much ado and faid, we would more and go to the Devil, because the wind blew very cold. So in the end the Lord opened Sarah's mouth in Prophelie against their Superitition, Idolatry, and unclean convertation: they came wondring and look d upon us, but could not tell what to fay,

for we were very dreadful to them. So the time being expired of our Fast, the Lord opened my mouth in praises, and with singing these Verses following.

As praise to him that hath not put nor cast me out of mind, Nor yet his mercy from me shut, as I could ever find.

and

Infinite Glory, Laud and Praise, be given to his Name, Who hath made known in these our dayes his strength and noble same.

Oh none is like unto the Lamb! whose beauty shineth bright, O glorisis his holy Name, his Majesty and Might.

My soul praise thou the only God, a Fountain pure and clear, Whose Chrystal streams spreads all abroad, and cleanseth far and near,

The Well-springs of Eternity, which are so pure and sweet, And do arise continually, my Bridegroom for to meet.

(123Fs) My sweet and dear beloved one, whose Voice is more to me with My Than all the Glory of the Earth, or Treasures I san fee and guill and He is the glory of my life. my joy and my delight, Within the bosome of his Love be clof'd me day and night. He dorh preferve me clean and pure such within his Pavill'on, Where I wish him should be fecure, don't and faved from all wrong. My foul praise thou the Lord, I fat. praise him with joy and peace My Sp'rit and mind both night and day, praise him; and never cease. O magnifie bis Ma effic. his Fame and his Renown Whose dwelling is in Sion hie, the glory of his Crown. O praifes, praifes to our God. fing praises to our King, O teach the People all abroad; his prailes for to fing. A Sion Song of Glory bright, shar doth (hine out so clear,

((233.5))

of Nations far and near; 20:0 \ clouds
of Nations far and near; 20:0 \ clouds
that God may have his Glory due; 27 \ his Honour and his Fame, 10 0 cds

his Honour and his Fame,

And all his Saints may fing anew

the praises of his Name.

And after I had fung, the Lord commanded me to go to the Well in the Court, and drink Water the first thing I took: So in obediende to our tender Father and God of health and power, we went and drank much Water in the fight of the Rrifoness; we were very dry, and they cried out in their language, saying, We would kill our selves, and go to the Devil. S. washed her head in cold water, and we never had so much as the snuff in our holes. After that they did admire and saids It was the Lord that did command us and preferve us: if they should have done for they should have died. So the Lord was glorified, and we were comforted. And many a time were we made a dreadful fign and wonder to them, that it can never be forgotten; Praises, praises to our God who wrought it in our hearts indered of one Snois & shad de fine out fo clears

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This of ever to the belowed Friends, who be to the belowed for the bond on the belowed Friends on the belowed Friends on the belowed Friends on the bond stign worth bond on the bond stign of the bond stign on the bond stign of the bond stig

D Ight dear and precious Friends in the Eternal Truth land Covenants of Life and Immortality, wea Right Honourable indeed, who are firong in the Lotdy and in the power of his might, Peace, Love and Salvation, with whom my foulds se freshed, nourished and cherished lday by day stand my spirit is supported, and my heart is comforted with the Well-Springs of Eternal Life, that thream from the Fountain and Rock of Salvation; for which my foul doth truly magnifie the God of Life, that giveth Life, with you my Eternal Friends according to my measure, in which I dearly falute and imbrace you in the heavenly unity of divine vertue : Praises, prailes to our pure, holy, and wife God and Pather of the Eternal Fulnels of all Bleffedness, who doth give me of the same richly to enjoy, so that I do mount up with wings as an Eagle, and do run and am hat weary and walk and am not faint because I do fee of lihe travel of my foul uand am

fatisfied the Glory is the Lord's, whose mighty Power doth the work; yea, everlasting praises, laud, honour and dominion to the Lord of lords, King of kings, over all Scepters, Thrones, Tongues and Languages, for ever to rule and reign, world without end, Amen, and Amen,

O precious and wel-beloved Brethren, Fathers and Elders, the Pillars of God's spiritual Building whom my foul right dearly loveth; year verily; the Lord our God hath not raised, renowned, honoured nor exalted you higher in the heart, mind, spirit and soul in any one member in all his whole Body, thin he hith in me ace cording to my measure; the God of my Life and (weer Salvation doth know that you have been and are in my thoughts of right dear remembrance, for that my life hathwor, neitherdornit feem dear to me to fave you harmlets ever fince I first law your faces. God Almighry bless and presi ferve you out of the hands of unreal onable menioand encrease and multiply his whole Church and People in firength; life and bower, and add unto you, daily fuch as Mall be faved, and number in his I fram eliter indeed, in whose mouths there is no guile, out of every Kindred, Tongue and Nation,

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Nation, both Jew and Gentile, bondward free, so many as are appointed Heirs of Eternal Salvation, Amen, Amen, saith my spirit. And the Lord keep you all in the Power, Dominion and Authority over the Heathen, and all the dark Powers that do corrupt the Earth for ever, Amen.

Oh dear and worthy Friends, I can do no less than put you in remembrance of our gracious Deliverance out of the Inquifition, in our eternal Father's own time and way, and according to his own will; none wrought it but himfelf, that he alone may have the Glory, Honour and Renown of his own mighty Work, in the hearts of you and all the faithful-hearted, and from Sea to Sea, and from Island to Island; yea verily the Voice is gone forth to the ends of the Earth, to the praise, honour and glory of the strength of our powerful Lord God; and here is our joy, and here is our Glory, and here is our Crown, that our pure, holy, perfect and wife God is magnified. And is not out Joy, your Joy, and our Crown your Crown? yea really, I know it cannot be otherwise; For if one of the members of the body do faint or fail, or break or start aside, it causeth a breach or defect in the whole body so

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fikewise, if one member do prosper in his measure be it never so small, I know the whole body is firengthened, refreshed and comforted; and we know you all delight in us, and rejoyce over us, even as the Bridegroom rejoyceth over the Bride.: I do behold it in the Light of Righteoufness, and receive the benefit of it in the bright thining Countenance of, our everlasting Father's Love : and our fouls do magnific the Lord of Life and Glory, and our spirits do sing for joy, that ever we were found worthy of fo high and honourable a Calling, to bear the Name of our pure, perfect Redeemer before; the High and Mighty of the Earth, and to suffer so long time under them, for our pure living Testimony of the pure holy Life of Innocency Oh! praises, praises to our God evenlastingly world without end, Amen, Ameneral has you to all book as

In a short time after our gracious Deliverance out of the Inquisition, the Lord committed great Judgement to me to pronounce against the City, saying, That I must prophese yet once more in his Name, and give it out in writing. The Cross seemed very heavy, but I did not

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dare to look at it, but was obedient to the heavenly Voice, and writ the Prophecy.

All ye Heads and Rulers, Princes and Governours of Malta, hearken to the Voice of the Lord. The 25th day of the fixth month, called August, the year 1662. near the tenth hour of the day, the Word of the Lord came unto me, saying, Thou must prophesie yet once more in my Name to the Heads. and Rulers, Princes and Governours of Malta, the aforefaid City, and prophesie faying; Thus faith the Lord God of power, who made Heaven and Earth, the Seas and all things that are therein, and is the Preferver of all mankind, especially of them that do believe in his Name, My wrath is kindled against you, and my Judgment is fet up amongst you, because of your hard-heartedness and unbelief. I the Lord God, who defire the death of no man, but that all should return unto me and live, in tenderness and love to your fouls, I cast in my Servants yet amongst you, contrary to their wills, and out of their own knowledge, to go and forewarn you of the evil that I was bringing upon you, with line upon line and precept upon precept, of my undenyable Testimonies, and unfailable Truths of the glorious and powerful Appearing of my bleffed Son the Lord

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(238) Dord Jefus Christ the Light of the World, in thousands of my Saints and People, in this the great and mighty Day of my Power, for thedestruction of Sin and Satan; and all the morks of darkness, all manner of iniquity and uncleanness in this Nation, and in all Nations and Countries throughout the whole Earth; for all the Wicked Shall be brought to Fudgement, thut that which is pure may arise to rule in the hearts of people; and I will overturn, overturn in all places, till I have restored Judges as at the first, and Counsellours as at the beginning, min of perfect hearts and upright foirits, fearing my Name, doing the works of Equity and Justice to every one without respect of persons, like unto faithful Mofes and right cous Samuel; and will establish my beloved Son upon his Throne, and he shall rule in his Princely Power, and reign in his Kingly Maiefty, whose right it is over all. and his own Spiritual Government shall be set up in all places, Righteous Rulership and pure Worship in Spirit and in Truth; and there is nothing that can prevent the Lord, who faith, If ye will not hear my Servant which fpeaker h my Word, whom you have proved almost these four years, whose life bath been barmless and spotles in pure Innocency amongst you; then

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Judgment upon you, till the living shall not be able to bury the dead; my mouth hath spiken it, and my zeal will perform it: and every man's hands shall be upon his loins for pain; for the day of Recompence is come. But if you will hear my Servant which speaketh unto you in my Name, and return in your minds to the Light in your Consciences, which convinceth of all sin, and wait upon me in pure silence, holy fear, dread and awe; and deny all evil thoughts, words and actions: then will I pour out of my Spirit upon you, and will make my wayes known unto you, and will soon cure you of your diseases, and heal, you of your pain.

This have I written in obedience to the God of all Power, whom I truly ferve in spirit and in truth, according to my meafure. O dear and noble Prince and People, receive it from the Lord and not from me, and prove the Prophecy in the Spirit of meeknets, as you are wife and fober-minded men, without rashness or hastiness, in the fear of the Lord God that gave you life; and fee whether I have prophesied in mine own name, or in the Name of the Lord; if in mine own name, the things I have prophesied of will not come to pais; but if in the Name of the 13.5 Lord,

(248) Lord, then they will come to pass daily one after another ... tast of grad or old This have we prophelied ever fince the time you call Christ's Resurrection as we have been moved of the Spirit of the Lord, and delivered it to the Conful to take it to the Grand Master; with the rest of the Heads and Governors. The Conful threaof the rened me with the Prifon again.d: The Lord faid, Fear not, 3 am thy God. Thursdand in a few dayes after the Lord uttered Lipowahis Voice, and manifested his mighty Power in great Thunder and Lightning, fo noules that it let on fire one of their Powderhouses, being near a mile out of the City. It was in the eighth month, the eighth day of the month, in the night, according to their account; and the wind of the Powder blew down another Powder house, a quarter of a mile from it, but the Powder was preserved; and it did great execution an the City, as they fay, it blowed down five Houses, and broke most of the Glass Windowspof both Palaces; and allithe Merchants Windows in the City; and the Magazine where the Merchants Goods

were; the Doors were blown our of the hooks, and the Walls shaken and torn, and the whole Ciry was terribly shaken,

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and the doors of the houses drew up To that greatfear felliupon them all; and we heard a great shreem in the City, it was at midnight, and they rung out their Bells; and there was a great Glass Window in the Chamber: where we lay, over right our Beds-feet, it was very thick Glass, and much of it was broken to pieces, and beat in on each fide of our bed, but the Lord did not fuffer any harm to us, the glory is his own. The House was so shaken, that we did exceedingly fear and quake, but it was taken from us in a moment of time, and we gave up unto the Lord to live or to die, and we had great joy and peace in the Lord. And when it was day the Conful came to us; and asked of us whether we were not dead, because we were still and quiet; and while he was speaking, there came in one after another declaring what was done in the City; and he told us show all his Chamber doors were drew open, and what great fear he was in, and all the States in the City; he faid the Ships in the Hatbour had some harm too. There was never the like known in that place they faid. We answered them, saying, One Woss past, and behold another Wo cometh first quickly, if you do not repent : yet they repented

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pented not of their blasphemy, rebellion, hard-heartedness, mor unbelief, but they ran up and down to their fathers the Sorcerers Inchanters and Wilards, and they foon piec'd them up again. There were many of the Friais did dwell near the Conful's, and we did fee their running to and fro; and in few dayes after Sarah was called to falting, and to baldness, and to threw ashes upon her head, and to situpon the ground with her upper parts naked for some time, and the Power of the Lord did work mightily in it, and they were amazed at it from the greatest to the least; and the Lord opened her mouth, and the spake to the Conful to tell the Grand Mafter to proclaim a Falt, and to meet together to wait upon the Lord, with their minds turned to the Light for the Lord called for Repencance? and for falling and baldness, and girding on of fackcloth, that fo he might turn away his righteous Judgments from them; for the hour of his Judgments was come; wherein the Painted Harlot should be stripped naked, and a Cup of trembling allould be given her from the hand of the Lord and many did die of a vidlent Feaver and we were much exercised in falting and the Consult went forth with the news

(243) news amongst the Magistrates, and they talked with the Friars, and they told them we had a good intent : and in afhort time after the Inquisitor sent a Dutch Friar and one of the other; the Lord had prepared us for their coming; and when they came the Conful called us before them, and so he talked a little while with us, and he faid, we had a good intent; but the Devil had deceived us. We asked him, whether the Devil could give power over fin, yea or nay? He said, the Devil could transform himself into an Angel of Light. We anfwered him, we did know he could, but he could not hide himself from the Children of Light: but they that were in the dark could not discern him. He was not able to hear us, nor to stay in the room, but the Conful did stand up against us, and accused us to him falsly before our faces, as we made it to appear to him; and lo they departed; and the Conful Wrought desperately against us to get us into bondage again, but our God was with us and feeing he could not prevail again wes, to get us into Prison again, then he and his Confederates combined together how to cheat us of our Money. VI do believe they received the Books before we came

0 744 out of the Inquisition, for we received dear Daniel's Letter from Legorn that didmention them: We felt his workings day and night, he came subtilly to us, and told us the had wrought to fet us at liberty, and the Quificor and Grand Mafter bid him fend us. away by the next convenient passage; But now the Devil had fent Books out of England, and he faid he knew not what to do with them, the Magistrates would not let us go if they should know of them, they swould fay we would fend more when we came to England; and he asked us whethe we would receive them ?"We asked -him, whether they were directed tous? the faid. No. Weibid him deliver them where they were directed, whatfoever we did fuffer for it. He kept much ado and faid, If we would give a grandy Priest ten or twelverScoothes, (which is near fifty fhillings) they would conceal them. We an-Twered, Nay, it was of the Lord, in love to their fouls, he should deliver them up, and make good use of them that their fouls might live in He raged at us, but faid no more of that tous nound office 20 102 0 vo Inadittle while after there came a Hol Sand Ship, which was bound for Smyrna, and the Conful Sent notus to dome & speak

(245)

with him, it was in the evening, I was going to bed; I felt a filthy thing, and had no freedom to go to him, but Sarah went; yet he came to me and told me, There was a Holland Ship bound for Smyrna, if we would promise him to stay there till be came back, he would call for us. We told the Conful, we flood in the Will of God, and we could not promise any thing, unless we knew the mind of God in it. He was very angry, and said we would dwell at Malta. Now we told him, we did believe the Lord had appointed a Vessel to carry us. whether it was that yea or nay, we knew not; we did not know whether that might come back in half a year ; and however we did not mean to hire a Ship on purpose to fetch us. We said he might fend us in a Barque to Mescena, and there we might imbarque for Legorn. He said, No; the Inquisitor said if we should go thither, we would preach God to the Roman Catholick's, and he did not love that; and there was an Inquisition that did belong to the King of Spain, and though the Pope had fet us free, yet he would take us Prisoners again. We told him we would adventure that; but he had an end of his own in it: he had much Annife to fend to Legorn, and he would have had us to 12 V3.

to engage the Flemen to call for us to carry that too, that we might have paid part for the carriage of it bue our God had apu pointed a greater work for us to do which we knew thot of and hand die ballotte In a little time after we were freed from the Inquisition, he told us Daniel took up an hundred Dollers, and he would have us send to Mestena for an hundred more. We told him, we had received no Tuch order. and withal asked him what we flould do with to much money, feeing we had money in his hands? and faid; we would not fend for money to keep us in bonds; and minded him of his Promise to dear Daniel Baker. He said Daniel could not redeem us out of Prison, but he had stood Cap in hand to the Inquifar for us. That was true grif he had continued faithful. great would have been his reward; but he fought himself in it; and when his expected end was not answered, then he and his wife and fervants; were very bitter against jus for Righteousness sakes in 162 much that we flood in great hazard of our lives i many a time we did feet their flaying Infiruments drawn - forthat we had even the lentence of death in bur felves, but the Lotel prevented them, and preferved

erved us, and great was our travel of foul night and day; the gloryois the Lord's, whose mighty Power did the work: ever-lasting praises, honour and dominion over all to our pure, holy and perfect Lord God, world without end, Amen.

Now for the satisfaction of all Friends concerning our deliverance put of the In-

concerning our deliverance put of the Inquisition, this is a true and brief Relation. Three quarters of a year before Daniel Baker came to Malta, the Conful for the English came to us, and faid the Inquisitor fent him to know if we would be Carbolicks yea or nay? We answered, we were true Chri-Itians. He faid, if we would be Catholicks, me might dwell at Melita, or go to England. We faid we were the Servants of the true and living God. One of the Magistrates faid, we were not Christians, neither had me the Crosof Christ. We answered, we were Christians, and had received the Spirit of Christ which made a Christian and he chat had not the Spirit of Christ was no Chris Mian, and we had the Cross of Christ; -without the Crofs there was no Salvation : the Cross of Christ is the Power, of God unto Salvation, to every one that belieeverthe or HiW sid believer but anoiself He faid! If we would not be Catholicks. we must suffer long Imprisonment by the Popes Order. That was hot true, I had an An-Iwer in my Conscience against it. And in a little time after they told us, if we would kiss the Cross we should be freed out of Prison, and go to the Consul's till a convenient passage did present to carry us for England; for the Pope had fent word they should take it into their confideration, and fet us free for England, without doing any violence, -as we heard, and we did believe it, because we had a more sure word of Prophecy than did use to proceed out of their mouthes: we told them we could not kiss the Cross to get our liberty, neither did we defire our freedom on any fuch terms; but we looked every day when they would call us forth to kils the Cross, and we did pray and cry mightily to our Eternal Father to prevent them in it, and to preserve us out of it; for the Tempter was very Rrong within and without, so that I took little rest for many dayes and nights, seeing the great danger it would plunge us into; for I faw the painted walls, and the Crosses let before me, but the gracious God of power, who did appear in our Afflictions, and revealed his Will to me in a

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Night-Vision, saying, Touch not, sate not, handle not, but wait diligently upon me: you have two things yet to work over before you can be set at liberty. We knew the Cross was one, but we knew not what the other was.

The next sime the Conful came, he told us that the Inquisitor, faid, If any one would engage for three or four thousand Dollers to be paid if ever we came thither again, we should be fet at liberty, but he said no more of the Cross; but the Obligation was the fecond thing that we were to work over, but I could never fee nor dare defire any man to be engaged for us, because I do know all Decrees, Laws, Tyes, Bonds and Chains, and Precepts of men must be broken through the righteous Decree of our mighty Lord God, and upon the same confideration we were made willing to wait, till the Lord should break this Chain also, that no other dear Friend or Lamb of God might suffer for the same thing; no, God forbid oif oif office fraicipping second tentil

Then it pleased the Lord to send Daniel Baker, who in obedience to the God of Heaven did offer up body for body, yea life & all for our liberty, but could not be heard; but the Inquisitor said, If any would

engage

(250 entabe for the burnent of three or four thomas Cand Doller Dille bei publife uer we langthere all fir, we fich latitle our tibesty when others: wife we milft die in the Priforp for shat was the Pope's Bam! hut we knew it was left to, his confideration, fo we wolththem we could hot engage; hor defire my talengage for us, becaufte it was out of the Cou venant of Codes and our year was year and our hay was may and we did non believel that ever it was the mind of God that we thould rething the her again; also Daniel departed in the Love of Godniand they fell! To England to Friends, and to other Illands to the English Merchants for some to engage for us, that we might have out liberry, but the Merchants fent word they Were hot willingues answers their unread To habie defrantistufor the payment of fo mistry thoutand Doners, if invicate we del turlied this her had and .. There were many that did reek for dir liberty print were not of his becaute they knew our drud and strait bondage and terrible afflictions, idand Were willing to engage what was reason but because our just and wife God, would make his Power known for his own homone He would bot luffer any thing to prevail for our Deliverance, infomuch as

of personal five and against this even

we could understand, but what he wrought by his invisible Power in the hearts of our Enemiese It was given into my heart half a year after Daniel came thence, that if I could speak with the Inquision, he would grant us four liberty wand in a little time he came to the Inquisition-Court Cham-

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id id grant us four liberty; and in a little time he came to the Inquisition-Court Chambet, and we heard of it, and defired to speak with him, which he granted us, and we told him we had wronged none, we had defrauded none, meither was guile found in our mouthes; but we had suffered innocently almost four years, for Conscience-sake, and we knew they had no peace in our sufferings of Southe Inquisitor was very

courteous to us, and promited our liberty in a few dayes, and he said he would fend for the Conful and get him to engage for five hundred Dollers to be paid for us, if ever who camb again; in case the Consul

diddenyit; he would field to Rome to the Pope for an Order to fet us at liberty without abrobligation is so we were contented to wain the Lord's times who had often

promised us. That we thould have our liberty ma day when we thought not of, and at an hour when we mere not aware, and goodswas the Word of the Lord, and

faithful inallship Promifes. to August 105

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About two weeks after the Inquisitor came to the Inquisition with his Lieutenant and other of the Magistrates, and a Conful for the English and he fent the Proctor of the Court to call us forth before them; and when we came he told us, the Consul would engage for the payment of five hundred Dollers, if ever we returned thither again. We not knowing at present whether it was the mind of our heavenly Far ther that the Earth should help the Woman yea or nay, yet waiting in the Fear of God, it was brought to my remembrance that the Lord had faid we had two things to work over, before we could be fer at liberty. So they used many words, but we eying the Lord, yet answered them in the Spirit of meeknels. They called for half a sheer of paper, land the Chancellour asked what he Thould write? but the Lord flood up for his own glory, forthat they had not power to write one Letter? The Lieutenant faid, they would talk of it another time's and they did ask us , whether we would not return back again to our Husbands and Children; if it werethe will of God? We answeredilt was our intent in the will of God forto do The Lord Inquisitor cook his Jeave very courteously of us, and defired our prosper; TOUS

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rous return into our Country; and likewife the Magistrates, with the inferiour Officers, not requiring penny or pennyworths for any Fees or Attendance that we had among them in that time; but as we saw our freedom in the Lord, we gave the Keeper and some poor men something for Conscience sake.

So we departed in peace, according to the compleat example of the holy men of God, kneeling down and defiring our heavenly Father never to lay to their charge what they did unto us, because they knew us not; so this Scripture was fulfilled, that he made our enemies our footstool, and they that hate us without, a cause to be at peace with us. So we were delivered in Power and great glory out of the Inquisition into the Consults hand to be sent for England, as opportunity did present. The Consults faid that he did engage for us after we were out of the Inquisition; but we could never find that it was true.

Consul's chouse, before they could have a passage to carry us out of their Coast; and the Cross was so heavy, and the travel of souls so great, that, as to the visible, all hopes were past that, I could live in the boards.

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dy but all things are possible with God, who by his mighty Power bath removed Mountains, and subdued the Earth, and broke through the double doors docks and boltscand Iron bars; and all therchains of wickedness, & everynmighteous Decrees and by his high & mighty Hand and strong outstretched Arm hathreturned our Captivity that Jacob may rejoyce and Ifrael may be glad, magnified be the Name of our Eternal Fathersfor ever; yea, Honout and Glory, Power and Dominion over all to him who ruleth on high, world without end Amen. Scripture Winema Lon And when we had been at the Conful's bouge eleven weeks, there came one of the King buffigats, called the Saphine, the Captain's name was Samuel Trefred; The Grand Master sent to the Capitain of the Saphire to entreat him to flay the Ship all night; vto take up almost forty Passengers. The Captain madechim elf unwilling, because he had no products but lay out in the Road a league from the City to The Grand-Walter writ to him, he knew his brother at Bigland Would not den whim fuch accourtelle workske in twenty four Knighes, Cavallees, and their fervants, and awd Qual kersal and to he haid will the next was quit was

was forthis great advantage. Upon pain of death the Cavaliers must not fee, us heretofore , but out heavenly Father dorh know how to bring his own purposes to pass, and none can hinder him. Oh! that we should be put on board with fo many of them, and one was the Inquisitorsown brothers as he faid, and was as like him as, if the same man, as I told the Captain, before I knew who he was : he spake to the Captain often that we might not want any thing that was in the Ship, and he told us if we were at Malta again, weishould not che persecuted for for as foon as he faw our faces he faid be would not saffer mich us sohe and some other of them laid to the Captain, If we went to Hedren one may, and they another, yet we bould all meet together at the last But we held out Chriff Jaius the Light of the World to be the along way to the Father: And great was our labour from day today. Boolout own Country-men were much worse than most of them, so that they bid us ga back to Malia again; and faid the Eng-

ight would us worse than the Maltezes. The Ship rouldiger no product, and if we would go a thoughter, we might go into the Laza-

reta

retta for forty dayes. And fo the King's Agent defired the Captain to carry us as far as he could, till he met the General. and then he would provide a passage for us, if that Ship was commanded back a. gain; for if he should have left us there in Lazaretta, the Agent must take order for us, he faid, according to the King's Order. The Merchants shewed us no small kindness, and treated us with much love, and fent us Wine and Bread, and a: great many good things for our refreshment: the Sea was high to that they could not conveniently come to us, but they told the Captain they would come; and if we would have money or any thing elfe whatfoever we would write for they would fend it to us. We had but little money. but being we were coming for our Country, we faw but little freedom to take up money : And the Captain promised, as we should not want any money, nor any thing else till we came to England; so he should not have taken any money for our passage, because it was the King's Ship, but he received several Dollers which victu-'alled the Ship . So he hasted thence and came to Tarloone, and there he could get no product, but all the Malra Knights were

let a shoar into Lazaretta: so we came to Malago, and there the Captain had product, but he did not dare to make any long stay there, for fear the Fleet should be before him at Tangeer. He was sent before the Fleet out of Turkie, with Letters to Malta, and to Legorn, and other places, and we had some service for the Lord in every Harbour.

So we came to Tangeer above two weeks before the Fleet came. The Captain said it was above an hundred pound out of his way, because he made so much haste. The Lord did hasten him for his Work's sake, as it was clearly manifested to us all along. The Captain said we must not go a-shoar till he had spoke with the Governour's

Excellency.

So we went a shoar as we were moved of the Lord, and great was our Work for English the Seeds sake. Oh! oh! great are the men of Abominations of the wicked in that place; none worse than English-men for swearing, lying, pride, drunkenness, whoredoms, and such like, so that our righteous souls were vexed day and night with their unclean conversation, and the pure Spirit of the Lord was grieved, and the Seed of God was pressed, even as a Cart is pressed with sheaves;

Theaves; So we declared holdly lagsing them all in the Name of the Lord, and they came flocking about just high and low, great and small, into the house where owe were lodged, or where ever we went of all forts. In a few days we were moved to go to the Covernour, and to lay their Abominations before him, the juft Judgments due unto them from the Lord for their great and grievous Wickedness; and laid it upon him from the Lord to suppress at, in so much as lay in him to do; left the full and holy Lord God Almighty did Suddenly deliver them into the hands of their Enemies to be destroyed, after the rest of them were flain in the Wrath and Anger of the Almighty : and we told him they had not greater enemies without than they had within, cand if they did repent, and truly fearther Lord, their Enemies would be subdued within, and they would know when to go out against their Enemies and prosper, and the Lordwould make their Enemies to be at peace with them; So the Governour faid, he did lovingly re--ceive our good Instructions, and Admonitions, and promised toofollow our Counfel; and would have given us money and defired us to lear and drink in his house.

We did freely imbrace his love, without meat, drink or money.

tender over us, so that he gave Commandment to all the Garison, That none should
abuse us it word nor altion, upon pain of severe punshment. There are many Portugals, Jews and Irish which could as freely
have burnt us, as they could have burnt
wood; but our pure, holy, wise, strong and
powerful Lord God, protected us in the
midst of them, and took away all slavish
fear from us, so that we were as bold as
Lions for God's Truth, against all their
idolatry and Wickedness. The Lord is
worthy to have the glory for evermore,
imen.

And in a few dayes after it was laid upon us of the Lord, to go forth to meet the Moors their Enemies, which laid fiege against them, and they were such a bloody lavage people, that it seemed a very hard thing to us, but the Lord said unto me, bo forth, fear not, they shall not harm the, or you, Behold the Sweet of the bord and of Gideon is with you. And so debelieved, and were made willing to deventure life and all in obedience. And so we went to the Governour to desire we might

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might be let out of the Gate, declaring the mind of God in it: but the Governor told us, we must expect nothing but cruel death, or bonds for ever, telling us what terrible weapons they had, and entreated us to go again to our lodging, and wait upon the Lord, and pray as our manner was, he said, and then if we could not have peace, we might come to him again. And in two or three dayes after he came to us, and asked us concerning the thing. We told him we were made willing to bear and to wait upon the Lord to perswade his heart to let us go, and said we did believe the Lord would preserve us in the midst of them, and deliver us from them, and we should be returned as safe as we went forth; yet however our bodies were but a reasonable sacrifice to offer for him that gave them us. So he left us at that time. After that we went to his house again, and he did feem to be somewhat. willing then to let us go. Then his Secretary stept to him, and defired him that he would not let us go, declaring to him that if he did let us go, that it could not possibly be expected that ever we should return into the City again, or fee any of our Relations or Country, except the Lord

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did work a wonderful Miracle by deliver ing us out of their hands: And then the Governour told us in pitty and tendernels towards us, he believing we were innocent harmless women, and did truly fear God, he could not let us go forth, the English would speak very hardly of him, and say he forced us forth to be destroyed by them. So in a day or two after the Moors did shew forth their Flag to parley for Peace, and came near to treat with them, and till then our fouls, hearts and spirits were exercised in such strong travel and labour night and day, we could not hide it from the people of the house where we lay; but we do believe if we had gone forth among them before they came to treat with them, the Lord our God who liveth for ever, would have preferved us, and we should have been returned, to the conviction of many, and to the astonishment of all the whole Garison, for his own glory: but if we should have gone forth to them when they came to parley for Peace, then our Country-men would have faid, that that was the reason we were preserved, and God would not have had the glory. The Lord faid, our Sacrifice was accepted, because he knew the uprightness of our hearts.

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We went to take our leaves of the Governour, having finished our Testimonies in that place, acknowledging the love we received from him; and he proffered us whatever we wanted for the Ship, 'and his kindness extended so far that he would fend it to the Vessel. We received his love, but took nothing of him, and so we departed the City, and went aboard the Ship that brought us thither; and that Ship was commanded back into the Straits, to that we were destitute of a passage. So Sarah being moved of the Lord, went unto the General and made him acquainted therewith; and he very lovingly fent us aboard in another Ship, and bade us take care for nothing, he would give Order we should not want any thing till we came to England:

When we were ready to set sail, there came a mighty Scool of Fish dancing round the Ship, and leaping above water with great joy, as I am a witness of; and as I waited on the Lord, considering what it might signifie, the Lord answered me, It signified the multitudes of his Saints and Servants in ingland of elsewhere, that will resorce at the return of our Captibity, and glorifie his Page: which

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caused great joy and refreshment to our fouls. The Lord made it manifest we should have a safe passage to England, and caused us to declare it, so that many defired to return with us in that Ship on that account; yet I told them we might meet with storms and hardships by the way, and fo it came to pass; and great tryals we had by reason of storms and tempestuous weather, that we were in great danger and peril, fo that many were wounded and bruised with the tolling of the Vessel, and the Master of the Ship cast over-board, when the Sea was so high as Mountains; yet the Lord wrought wonderfully for his deliverance, and he was brought into the Ship fafe again, and we all came fafe to Land. The Captain was a very civil man, and we were very civilly used in that Ship. We were scattered from all the restrofcthe Ships, and could never fee them again. And so the Name of the Lord be magnified for ever over all, whose Name is a Arong Tower to all that can trust in him

It is laid upon me to manifest the large of love of God to us in our greatest extre-A uision mity, when we knew nothing but that we hould be burnt for many dayes together.

Then in a Vision of the night Isa.

Targe Room, and a great Wood-fire. the Chimney; and I faw the eternal Son of God fitting in a Chair by the fire, if the form of a servant : And likewise! faw a very amiable well-favoured Man 'Child fitting in a hollow Chair over the fire, it had no clothes on but a little fine linen about the upper parts, it did not appear to be above three quarters old the fire did flame on every fide of it, yet the Child did play and was merry . I would have took it up, for fear it should have been burnt, but he that fate in the Chair bade me let it alone. I turned me about and I faw another heavenly Angel of God's presence standing a little wayes off; it was not Gabriel: and then he that fare in the Chair, bade me take up the Child, and it had no harm. Let him that readeth, understand. And then I did awake, and I called to my Friend Sarah, and bid her she should not fear,

for the heavenly Host of God's Presence did follow us; and as we do believe, who can harm us; though they did bind us to a stake, yet shall they never have power to kindle fire upon us. And Sarah answered, she did know without our heavenly.

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Father they cannot touch a hair of our beads; And the Lord said, However it is it shall go well with you. And so we magnifie the Name of the Lord night and day, and he is worthy to be praised for evermore, Amen. Ka. Evans.

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There came to Malta whilst we were in the Inquisition, twenty sail of Ships out of France and Spain, to joyn with the Caveliers in Malta, to fight against the Turks, is the Keeper told us; and the fear and dread of the Lord fell upon me, and the Lord commanded me to prophetie against them, and I cryed out daily, faying, God is angry, God is angry, and they cannot proper; go not forth to murther, nor to kill one another: Christ came not to destroy life, but to fave it. This I told many as they were in hearing, yet there was great triumphing and glorying in blood, and in the strength of Phareah all the time they were there. And the night before they went forth, I faw in a Vision a broad Tub of blood, and it did run over on each fide into the water and defiled it, that I could have none to drink, and I was exceedingly troubled in spirit. And this did signific their great flaughter

flaughter and fight upon the Sea with the Turks; and they returned with great lot and their joy was turned into fortow, and their mirth into mourning, because the would not be forewarned.

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To the English Fryar Malachi.

Hou art a bloody Persecutor of God and his eternal Truth, and the Mel-Tengers thereof; go whither thou wilt the righteous God will follow thee and find thee out; dig never fo deep, thou canst not hide thy felf from the Light; Cruelty, hard-hearredness, vain-glory, hypocrifie, lying, blafphemy, pride, unbelief, all manner of wickedness lodgeth within thee: thou in thy measure art the finck of Hell, thy mouth uttereth perverse things; the poylon of Alps is under thy tongue, thou art in the gall of bitterness, and in the bond of iniquity; thou art for eternal burnings. Thou faidst thou madest thy felf a holy man, having wit and learning, so thou becamest a Prelate or a Bishop, and fludied Divinity fifteen years, and by it

(267) ou camen by thy Ordination to be a Faher of Learning a Saviour of Souls; thou fill thou hadly received vertue to remit and thou didft offer to take our blood ipen thee, and to fave our fouls and bodies, and wouldst have us to pray in the nime of fuch a holy Father as thou who irea Carholick; and didft kneel down often, and speak many bitter wishes; that you were in the true Faith: But glory be to the Name of our God for ever, the Light did discover thee when thou camest under many falle covers and colours; thy lyes and blatphemies were manifelted to us by the Light, and by the Light judged and tondemned, and we preserved and justise. d fied. O thou perverter of the pure way of ıA Righteousness, thou child of the Devil, thou deceiver of souls, the Lord will re-140 0quire the fouls of the simple at thy hands; :(, thou half caused them to err from the liin ving God; thou Lucifer, thou shalt be cast of down from thy feat, with all thy whore-S; doms, into the bottomless pit, there to re-18 main for ever, Amen. And the Lord Jein füs Christ alone shall reign over all the nál powers of darkness unto the ends of the hy Earth, and the powers of darkness disco-vered, defaced and utterly destroyed with ığ, nd 11 iou

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the brightness of his coming; then shalt thou and thy kingdom, with all your carnal weapons that you have formed to uphold you, be thrown down and overturned, and thou, and all such deceivers as thou art, shall be cast into utter darkness, with the lyers, unbelievers, Sorcerers, fearful, blasphemers, blood-thirsty, there to receive your reward, weeping, wailing, and gnashing of teeth for ever: then shall you know with Dives, one drop of cold Water from us whom you have afflicted [for the Testimony of Jesus, and the Word of God] will not stand you in stead to cool your tormented tongues for your Blasphemies.

Thou hast slighted the day of thy Visitation; thou hast had line upon line, and precept upon precept declared to thee of the good Word of God, but thou hast made a mock, and said it was a foolish thing: thou didst want men of learning and wit; thou hast learning and tongues, Oh! dost thou not see thy folly? Hath not God chosen the foolish things to confound the misdom of the mise, and to bring to nought the counsel of the prudent? In the Light thou art known, by the Light thou art judged and condemned. Thy Gospel is carnal that doth uphold thy Kingdom; Iniquity, doubledoors,

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doors, Chains, Bolts, Iron Whips, Racks. Halters, Quarterings, Cruelties, Bloodthirstines; what wickedness is there that is not in your Kingdom? you will cheat and cozen one another, and will tolerate all manner of vice, and fay it is pardonable, and will remit their fins, if they will believe in you, and pray in your name: Thou wouldst have us pray by thy spirit after thee, and say Mass and Pater noster, and pray to Saints departed, and thy Fesus and Mary with Beads and Crucifixes, and cross our foreheads and chins. Oh thou Antichrist! wouldst thou have us turn, from the Spirit of the living God, which is pure and holy, to pray to stocks and stones, thy dead gods, which cannot see, nor hear, nor speak. The Lord said formerly, and doth fay now, Thou Shalt not Exotion make to thy self any graven Image, or the 20 likeness of any thing that is in Heaven above, or in the Earth beneath, &c. Cursed be thy Images, and thou that teachest people to fall down to worship them. Thou sayest, this is Moses Law: He that despiseth Mofes's Law, dyeth without mercy, under two or three witnesses. Of how much forer punishment skall be be thought worthy, that trampleth under foot the blood of the Covenants

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and counteth it an unholy thing, whereaste he was santtified, and hath done despite to the Spirit of Grace? Thou art he, Malachi, the Lord faith, thou art a curted Reprodute foulds Depart from me thou worker of iniquit wilds Lord faith, thou art a curled Reprobate tp, I know the not. Thou fayeft, thou wouldst chain our arms, because we could not bow at thy commacd: We faid, our necks, with our whole bodies; for the Tel stimony of Telus and the Word of God, which we give forth among you, we were ready to feal it with our blood; glory be to the Lord God Almighty, who called and counted us worthy to suffer for his Name fake, and gave us power over thee, thou crooked Scorpion: if thou hadft known that Power that did restrain thy hands and thy feet from shedding our blood, thou wouldst have known whose Servants we were; but thou art in the Reprobation with Cain, Fudas and bloody Herod: thou Wouldest have us call thee a holy Father; and thou fayelf, Whofoever fins ye remit on Earth, they should be remitted in Heaven and yet thou faidst, none could be affured of their Salvation in this life; and thou asked us about a Purgatory: we knew no fuch place. The Scripture speaks of a Hell and 2 Heaven, in which the fouls of the Right

ous should enter into when they depart. e body, where is joy and rest for everthe lore; but the fouls of the wicked into ate verlasting torment. Thou faidst, thou mi souldst prove a Purgatory in Maccabees: hou reknow no fuch place; but we know it uld beaketh of a woman that had feven fons, with because they could not forsake the ch at out. Art not thou a lyer? didft not dy hou say, thou wast a Remitter of fins, and he faviour of fouls, and yet they must dye in heir fins, and go to Purgatory? Oh thou lind guide! thou art to be denied : dost not thou see thy own confusion? If any fin gainst God, you then give a Pardon; but fany offend you, Oh the Rackings, Halterings, Strapado's, Chains, Bolts, Irons! your cruelty doth exceed what we do tefifie; you have fold your selves to work wicked Abominations: you wear defiled garments to deceive the simple-hearted, and say there is virtue in them, and think it an honour for them to kifs your defiled. garments. The Spirit speaketh expresly, that in the latter days there should be seducing fpirits, teaching lyes in hypocrisie, the Doctrine of the Devil; to abstain from marriage, and meats which God hath created for the preser-

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vation of the Creation : but if a man commit Adultery with a woman, and come and confess to you, you will pardon him: Oh horrible Blasphemy! there is none can forgive fins but God only: If any man find we have an Advocate with the Father, Fefin Christ the righteous; and he is the Propition tion for our fins, and not for ours only, but for the sins of the whole world. When Nathan came to David to tell him of his fins, the faithful Witness in his own Conscience which did convince him he was a finner. made him cry out, I am the man that bath finned against the Lord. Nathan Was a true Prophet of the Lord, to convince of fin, but not pardon fin. If Noah, Daniel and Fob were in that City, they should save but their own fouls alive for their own righteousness. Oh! how do you dare to pervert the holy Scriptures, which by so many infallible Testimonies were given forth by the Spirit of the living God? For the Scriptures are of no private interpretation, but holy men of God pake as they were moved by the holy Ghost; and they are profitable for Doltrine, Uses, and Reproofs, that all whose minds are turned to the measure of the Grace of God that bringeth Salvation that hath appeared in all, to teach and lead out

(273) f fin, and to deny all ungodliness and worldly lufts, and to live righteoufly and godly in this present evil world, they come To have the Scriptures fulfilled in them, as they were in them which gave them forth, for they lived in the life of the Scriptures; their lives, and what they did declare, was Tea and Amen; and they were guided by me Spirit, and they spake one and the same thing as the Light did lead them: for the Light is a perfect guide into all truth, and is a discerner of the thoughts and intents. of the heart of every one, and is a difterner of spirits; it shineth in darkness, and the darkness comprehends it not. The Light will discover every deed of darknels; it is the faithful and true Witness of God, which he hath given to every one a measure to profit, to convince, to reprove, to instruct, to condemn, to justifie. And those that receive the Light in the love thereof, to them he doth reveal his everlafting loving-kindness, and make known the Mysteries of his Truth and Counsel. The willing and obedient shall eat the good of the Land, but those that refuse and rebel, the Sword of the Lord shall devour. The mouth of the Lord hath spoken it, and his zeal will perform it. Every

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Every one that loveth the Light, will bring their deeds to the Light, that they may be approved of the Light that they are wrought in God; for to the Light of Christ all must come; and whatsoever hath been done in secret shal be made manifest; when the Book of every ones Conscience shall be laid open, then shall every ones heart be made manifest by the Light, and shall receive every one according to their deeds done in the body: they that fow to the flesh, shall of the flesh reap corruption; but they that fow to the Spirit, shall reap life everlasting : For the wages of fin is death, but the gift of God is eternal life, through Christ Fesus our Lord; who is the Light of the World, that lighteth every one that cometh into the World, that all men through him might believe. He is the true Light and Life of men. God fo loved the World, that he gave his only begotten Son into the World, that who soever believeth in him (hould not perift, but have life everlasting. This Life is in the Son; he that hath the Son, hath Life.

O Friends and People of all forts, turn in your minds to the Light within, which will shew you your conditions, and how you have been seeking a Saviour without, in the many wandrings from hills to mountains,

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tains, crying, Lo bere, and Lothere, when he is night you, calling you to return to him, that yout fins may be pardoned, and you reconciled and redeemed from your fins and from your beloved lufts, that war against your souls. The works of the flesh are manifest by the Light; and as you come to love the Light, you will have power over every deed of darkness, and to a daily cross to be crucified with Christ from fin, and from the beggarly rudiments

of the world, to live to God.

God is holy, as it is written, Be ye holy. for I am holy, faith the Lord. Holiness becomes the Honse of the Lord for ever. What. know you not that your bodies are the Temples of the holy Ghost to dwell in? The Spirit of the living God cannot dwell with any defiled thing, but alwayes bears witness against it. If any man defile the Temple of God, him will God destroy; for the Temple of God is holy. Who can bring a clean thing out of an unclean? No, not one. Can a Fountain bring forth sweet water and bitter ? You fay you are Christians : Do you walk like Christ? Paul said, Be ye followers of me, as I am a follower of Christ. And Christ faith, Love your enemies; bless them that curse you, and despitefully use you,

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that you may be the Children of your heavenly Father. Christ died for his Enemies. He was made fin for us, that knew no fin, that we might become the Righteousness of God in bim. What greater Love can there be? O turn in your minds, and examine your own hearts, every one in particular; Do you keep Christ's Commandments? Christ faith, If you love me, you will keep my Commandments. Christ's Command is Love. Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy beart, and with all thy foul, and thy neighbour as thy felf; and do to all, as thou wouldst have all do unto thee. One nothing to any but love. Love is the fulfilling of the pure Law of God, which is holy, suft and good. Not one jot or tittle shall pals, till all is fulfilled.

All that come to the Light, and obey it, come to the fulfilling of the Law: for the ·Law is the Light. I had not known fin but by the Law: for the Law faith, Thou halt not cover; and Christ faith, He that breaks one of these least Commandments, is guilty if the whole. It is not enough to talk of a Christ that suffered at Ferusalem once for all, and to make him a cloak to cover your fins; be not deceived, but let fuch know he is in every one to condemn for fin, and to make every evil deed manifest, and to

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bear testimony against it, and to leave all without excuse: for all must be tryed by the Light of Christ, that lighteth every one that cometh into the world; and all that love the Light, will bring their deeds to the Light to be approved; O but those that hate it, it will be their condemnation.

My endeared Salutation and Greeting to the Seed Immortal in all throughout the whole World. Farewel.

Sarah Cheevers.

An additional Account of GEORGE
ROBINSON'S: shewing his Call
to go to Jerusalem; And how God
in his Journey thither was present
with, and did preserve him from the
hands of those who sought to take his
Life, &c.

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E Ven as the Lord in many Ages and Generations past hath called his Servants abroad into many Countries and Regions of the World, to bear forth a Teasis S

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simony unto his glorious and ever bler-Name, that people might be gathered. him, and be bleffed by him; even in h manner he hath done in this our day, ble fed be his Name for evermore. And my dear Friends, I being sensible in some

òm, poarc measure, of the Lord's great Love in this particular, do in dear love, both to the ewe Lord and his People, shew forth the same

In the year 1657, about the beginning of the seventh month thereof, as I was waiting upon the Lord in fingleness of heart, his bleffed Presence filled me, and by the power of his Spirit, did command me to go unto Ferusalem; And further said unto me, The sufferings shall be great,

but I will bear thee over them all.

Accordingly, about the middle of the aforesaid month, I began my Voyage to wards Ternsalem, and imbarqued with four Friends more, in a Ship (called The Folha of London) bound for Legorn in Italy, where in about hix weeks time we arrived; and foon after we were fent for by the Governour of that place, who after examination

of us, whither we were going (and the like at faid, we must not stay ashore, but go aboards and Ship, there to abide until we could get passage ing whither

(279-) ther we were bound. 1 Nevertheless We to airned to our Lodgings again, where we h did some dayes, in which time both Engle and others daily vifited us, to whom we ake the things belonging to God's Kingom, and then left that place, and went this board a Ship to wait for a passage whither the ewere bound. And in about two weeks me me after, I left the rest of Friends, and ibarqued in a French Ship, bound for St. ing bn de Acra, formerly called Ptolomais, was ad after a few dayes sail, we passed by the of land of Malta (where Paul suffered and lipwrack) where we made little stay, but ind histed sail, and in about two or three id teks time we came to the ruinated City at, fru, having met with a contrary wind, were stayed three or four dayes; the shabitants, being Turks and Greeks, were reduced towards me; and from thence our about one day we came to Ptolomais, or of the de Acra, where I remained about the ght dayes (being much opposed by the indicates (certify fluction opposed by the month in a French Merchants house, and the month in a Vessel (amongst of freeks and Turks) bound for Foppa, but the Windrising against us, we came to an all linchor at Tourtons; and on the next morting divers Turks came aboard, and described in S. 2 manded

(280) manded Tribute of those called Christian in the Vessel, which they paid for fear fufferings, but very unwillingly, their de mands being very unreasonable; and like manner demanded of me, but I ie fusing to pay according to their demands they threatned to beat the foals of my fee with a stick, and one of them would have put his hand into my pocket, but the chiefest of them rebuked him: Soon after they began to take me out of the Veffel to effect their work; but one of the Turk belonging to the Vessel, speaking to then as they were taking me ashore, they let me alone; wherein I faw the good hand of God preserving me, and also there be ing an Armenian present, and seeing I it ther chose to suffer, than to grant them their unreasonable demands, he cryed out,

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I was a good Christian, I was a good Christian, and became very loving unto me whilst he remained with me. After this, about three or four dayes we came to Joppa, and from thence the same day we came to Ramlah (or Ramoth in Gilead) which (as it did appear) the Friars at Jerusalem, hearing of my coming, gave order unto some there, to stay me, which accordingly was done; for I was taken and carried into

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foule; and locked up into a room for one night and a part of the day following, and then had liberty to go into the yard, but as Prisoner, in which time the Turks shewed friendship unto me, one Antient man especially of great reputation, who defired that I might come unto his house; which thing being granted, he courteoufly entertained me. And further , it came to pass about four or five dayes after my confinement, there came an Irish Friar, with a Guard accompanying him from Femsalem, unto me (it being twenty miles affant) and discoursed with me concerning the things of God's Kingdom. At first the feemed in words as though he would hive shewed friendship unto me; but the mylon of Afps was under his tongue: for when he could not prevail over me, nor others with him in way of discourse, about the things of God, he then faid that was not the business he was sent about; but he ad divers things to propound unto me, from his brethren the Friars at Ferusalem sfolloweth) which he would do.

the i. Whether I would promise when I come to Jerusalem, that I would visit the Holy Places (as he called them) as other Pilturns did:

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2. And give such sums of money, as is the usual manner of Pilgrims.

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4. Speak nothing against the Turks Law. 5. And when I came to Jerusalem, no

And thus they strove to make their hold frong, to keep me from Ferusalem, but all

was in vain: for I not conforming unto

them, but standing in the Will of the

to speak any thing about Religion.

Lord, to do as he might order me; they then the next morning took me and see me upon a horse; and with a Guard both of Horsemen and Footmen, with the aforesaid Irish Friar, I was brought from thence back to Joppa, and was imbarqued the same day in a Vessel (with one Popish Father as a Guard) bound for St. John de Acra (of Ptolomais) but in our Voyage a very strong Wind arose upon us, wherby the Vessel was mear to sink; and then the Popish Father in a distressed condition cryed out, and beat his sace with his hands, and would

have me to pray for them; the poor Seamen threw their Goods over into the Sea to lighten the Vessel, and they lost their Helm; great was their dammage, yet through the mercy of the Lord our live

(283) were preserved, and came safe to the place whither we were bound: yet great was the enmity that arose in the Friars in that place, whereby their children would hardly receive me, though I was willing to give to the utmost for what necessaries I had occasion for, which I had done before (as they also knew) yet by reason of the Fryars and Jesuites enmity at the present, many of their party feared to receive me, heither did I know a place outwardly where to lay my head with fafety; nay, not so much as upon a stone, unless the Lord did wonderfully preserve me, which inmy heart I did believe he would do; whereby I remained content in my spirit, without any murmuring, and began to walk out of the City (it raining) to lie down in the field (for what I knew) but there came a French Merchant, called Sur-Rubie, whom the Lord (after my exercise) had prepared to receive me, a man that I had never feen before (that I knew of) who friendly took me unto his house as I was passing along, where I remained above twenty dayes, and he would often speak unto me, saying, Surely it was the Lord's doing (his receiving of me) for, said he, my own Country-men, when they come to me, they

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4. Speak nothing against the Turks Laws.
5. And when I came to Jerusalem, not to speak any thing about Religion.

And thus they strove to make their hold frong, to keep me from Ferusalem, but all was in vain: for I not conforming unto them, but standing in the Will of the Lord, to do as he might order me; they then the next morning took me and fet me upon a horse; and with a Guard both of Horsemen and Footmen, with the afore faid Irish Friar, I was brought from thence back to Joppa, and was imbarqued the same day in a Vessel (with one Popish Father as a Guard) bound for St. John de Acra (of Ptolomais) but in our Voyage a very frong Wind arose upon us, wherby the Vessel was near to fink; and then the Popish Father inca diffressed condition cryed out, and beat his face with his hands, and would have me to pray for them; the poor Sea men threw their Goods over into the Sea to lighten the Vessel, and they lost their

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they are little to me; but thee I can willingly receive: The old man would admire the Lord's doing in this thing, and did believe I was sent of the Lord, and he did love me exceeding much: but the Friars had for far prevailed with the Conful, that in 201 dayes time I could not be received into a Vessel for to go towards Ferusalem; so that I knew not but to have gone by Land yet it was several dayes Journey, and I knew not the way, no not so much as our of the City, besides the much dishculty. there is in going through the Country, beyoud my expression; yet I not looking at the hardships, but at the heavenly Will of our Lord, I was made to cry in my heart; Lord, thy Will be done, and not mine ; and for being preparing to go, and taking leave of the tender old man, he cryed, I (hould be destroyed if I went by Land, and would not let me go; but the next morning he went unto the Conful, and spake unto him earnestly, that I might have liberty to go by Sea to Joppa, (for before the Consul had given order to the contrary) the Friars also did speak to the Conful very much to hinder me, being I could not conform to joyn with them, and said I would turn Turk, and be a Devil; yet the friendly

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d man appeared, and in my behalf oposed them, and through the Lord's great goodness liberty was obtained for my remen back to Joppa by Sea, contrary to the mills of the Friars, who thought to have fent me back again out of those parts; for within about three or four dayes, a Vessel being bound for Joppa I entred therein, and in about a dayes time arrived there, where some Friars also (who went along in the same Vessel) sought to hinder me from going to Ferufalem: but I going ashoar before them, payed for my passage, and so ent on my Journey alone; where having met with many people in the way peacebly passed by me, untill I came about fix miles, and then I met with three men, wo of them riding upon Affes, and the other going on foot; they asked me for money, one of them holding his kinn to my breaft, and another of them put his and into my pockets & took some things out, I not relifting them, but stood in the fear of the Lord, who preserved me, for they passed away; and he that took my things forth of my pockets, put them up again, taking nothing from me, nor did me the least harm, but one of them took me by the hand and led me a little on my way

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in a friendly manner, and so left me. So I passing through the like dangers (through the great love of God, which caused me to glorifie his bleffed Name) I came (though in much weakness of body) unto Ramlah or Ramoth Gilead, and going through the Town I was known (having been there before) two men of the faid Town, Adherents to the Friars (which before had opposed me) arose and laid hold on me; and hurried me in a violent manner towards the place in the Town, in which before. I had been kept prisoner; but as they were abusing me, there came two Turks and threw them violently from me, and took me from them, one leading me by one arm, the other by the other arm, and in that manner brought me to one of their Houses of Worship or Mosco; and I being entered thereinto, many people gathered together therein, also the Priests of Maz homet, before whom I was called and caused to sit down; And then it was demanded of me, Whether I would turn unto the Turks Religion? I answered, I could not turn unto them: but they pressed me very much, and said they would give me great things, and I should not need fear what the Christians could do unto me. Never-

Nevertheless I answered, I could not turn into them for all the World: yet mightily did many strive with me with an ardent affection, and would have had me hold up. one finger, as a fign of owning them: and one bid me say, Christ is bad; I answered, I knew him to be good, and I was his Servant. Then some of the chief of them here displeased very much, and said, If I would not turn to their Religion, I should die. Ianswered, I should rather die than turn unto them. It was answered, I should then die. So they gave order to the Executioner (for, as I understand, they execute presently after Sentence) who haled me away to the place where it was expected Ishould have been burnt to death with Camels dung, and fo fate me down upon the ground, where the Lord preserved me over the fear of men, though I was as a Sheep prepared for the flaughter. And thus it came to pass, whilst some appeared very violent, the Lord raised up some others amongst them whom he made infirumental in his hand for the preservation of my life. And there came an antient tender man, a Turk, and of great reputation, unto me, and said, Whether I would turn from my Religion or not, I should

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not die. Then they brought me before them again, who asked me, will you turn? I and swered, Nay. They then recorded it in a Book, that I was no Roman Catholick, but of another Religion; for I had denied the Roman Catholicks unto them, yet owned I was a Christian.

After this they were much broken down in their spirits, as men whose strength fail led, and then the aforesaid Antient man took me, and ordered his fervants to conduct me to his house, where he friendly entertained me; but within about four or five dayes time there came a Guard of Horsemen, which I understood the Friars had hired to bring me before the Bashaw of Gaza; for, as it was told me, the Friars in Ferusalem had pre-informed the said Bashaw against me (whom they looked upon to be their chiefelt friend in all these parts) who defired me to be brought before him; and swore he would kill me in his own person; and with the aforesaid Guard of armed men I was brought in two dayes unto Gaza (where Sampson formerly dwelt) where I remained about five days; in which time it was faid I should go before the Bashaw, but it came not so to pass, for he being informed by some Turks of the

(209) wicked proceedings of the Friars towards me, whereupon he gave order that the Friars should pay an hundred Dollers unto those men which had informed him of their bad dealings towards me: and further, those men which brought me to Gaza, he ordered they should convey me back, and from thence the Friars should. cause me to be brought to Ferusalem, who were the great opposers of my coming thither. In this faid City I was in a friendly manner both visited and received by many both Turks, Greeks and Armenians: The Greeks and Armenians (being professed Christians) were raised unto much love to me, they understanding I owned my self Christian, and chused rather to die than to turn from my Religion : And the Turks were raised to a loving moderate enquiry, being I suffered and went through great things, yet differed from all others. The fews in them parts were moderate towards

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me likewise.

According to the afore-mentioned Order, I was brought to Jerusalem, but being come thither, the Friars laid wait for me, and by their appointment I was taken and brought to their Convent, where at first they seemingly shewed love unto me, and one

(290) one confessed, there was now an evident fire that I was a good Christian, for I was come through Persecution and Sufferings, and those things which had been spoken of me to the contrary were manifest to be untrue. I answered. It was he and his brethren which had perfecuted and caused me to suffer, and withstood my coming to Ferusalem. He said, The English (a Friar like himself) had informed them by writing against me, which caused them to do what they had done unto me, and defired I would now pass those things by, seeing I was come in such a miraculous manner; for it was the Lord's work (said he) to carry me through, and I might praise God I was preserved. The next morning there came a Friar unto me, and asked me, If I would become an obedient child, and go to visit the Holy Places (as he called them) according to their customs? I answered, Nay, I should not visit them. He said, Whereas others give great sums of money to see them, I should see them for nothing. I answered, Nay, I should not visit them in their manner, for in fo doing I should fin against, God. He said, they would honour me as much as ever they honoured any English-man that

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and as for their honor, I mattered not for it. Then he became wrath and faid. They would make me an example to all English-men hat should come thither. I said, I chose rather their dishonour than their honour. He then feeing he could not prevail over me with his temptations, he in anger passed from me, and in a short time came again, and called me to divers of his Brethren; the chief among them asked me, If I would visit their Church, and the holy Sepulchre, and Bethlehem, and the rest of the holy places, as wher Pilgrims did? I said, at the present Thad no business to visit them, and in their manner I should not visit them at all (that is to fay, worship them) Then one of them faid, How could I be a Servant of God, and would not go to visit the places where the holy men of God dwelt? I answered, That they, under pretence of doing service to God, in visiting the places where the holy men dwelt, they did oppose that Way, and resist that Life, which the holymen of God lived and walked in. One of them faid, What, did I preach unto them? I faid, I would have them turn from those evil practices they lived in, else the Wrath of the Almighty would break forth upon them, or words to that effect. They further said, If I would

not go to visit the places before mentioned, would I give the 25. Doller's, as is the manner of those that vifited them? for(faid they) the Turks must be paid whether I would visit them or not; but if I would visit them, then they would pay it for me. I said, I would not have them to pay it for me; but if the Turks had a Law to compel me to pay 25. Bollers when I visited not the places, as those did pay that did vifit them, I faid that Law was unequal; and I should chuse rather to suffer the penalty of the same. in breaking it, than to give 25. Dollers to fulfil it.

After this the Popilin Friars brought me before a Turk in Authority in that place, who asked me divers Questions, and soberly received Answers therunto; and foberly discoursed with me about the Worship of the Christians; and also asked me the ground of my coming to Jerusalem? 1 answered him, The Lord God of Heaven and Earth had appeared tinto me, and commanded me to come the ther, and in obedience unto him I was come; and further, in the power of the Lord I declared the great and tender love of God in vifiting them, and his great and compassionate mercies that he would gather them in this the Day of his gathering. And this was that which lay upon me from the Lord to declare unto them, whether they would hear or forbear.

And thus, my dear Friends, I cleared my Confeience, whether they would hear or forbear; wherin I found great peace with the Lord, who in my many tryals was not wanting unto me, but magnified his glorious Name in going along with me, and preferving me; to whom is all the glory due for ever-

more, Amen.

Geo. Robinson,